The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,280 New Series.

BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1888.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

VARIOUS improvements having been made for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers travelling in *the second saloon*, special attention is called to *the advantageous terms* on which *excellent accommodation* to and from Europe can now be obtained.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	Friday.
B. M. L. MASILIA ..	4938	1000	S. D. Shallard	..13th April
** SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	..13th „
B. L. GANGES	4196	800	E. Stewart	........20th „
B. M. L. SUTLEJ	4194	800	W. D. Worcester	.27th „
** ASSAM	3038	50	G. W. F. Browne	.27th „
B. L. PESHAWUR..	3900	600	W. A. Wheler	...4th May.
* SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	...11th May.
B. L. SHANNON.....	4189	800	C. R. Edwards	..18th „
				Tuesday
* ASSAM	3033	500	G. W. F. Browne	22nd Ma
B. L. THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	29th „
+ SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell..	5th June
B. L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	A. W. Adamson..	12th „

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi and thence to London, and those marked B. M. L. to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

The Brindisi steamers will call at Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London, and the Brindisi Marseilles steamers at Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

* Passengers by these vessels change at Aden to steamer for Brindisi and London.

** Extra, with cargo and passengers for Aden only.

+ These vessels proceed to Aden only, and passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Steamers will be despatched as above on (or about) the following dates:—April 21st and May 5th, and 19th.

And fortnightly thereafter.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, March 13, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES, and from GENOA on dates given below.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 160 for First, Second, and Third class respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE.

Steamer.	Tons.	H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE.......	5,000	800	........20th April	10th June.
MANILLA	5,000	800	.......10th May	1st July.
D. BALDUINO....	5,000	800	.... 1st June	20th July.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European servants and native ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100 respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.			To sail.
BISAGNO	...	„	21st April 1888.
STURA	..	„	12th May 1888.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Mar. 19, 1888

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS

BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
IMPERATOR.........	C. Bechtinger.	4,600	650	1st May.
POSEIDON	S. Mersa	4,600	650	7th May.
AMPHITRITE	L. Lemesich ..	4,600	650	1st June.
BERENICE...........	E. Perini......	3,500	550	7th June.

EXTRA STEAMERS TO TRIESTE.

ORION	G. Mattiazzi ..	3,380	550	25th April.
ELEKTRA	P. Mersa	4,200	600	25th May.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI.........	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th inst., BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail. 1888.
BERENICE........	E. Perini.......	3.500	550	14th April.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, Feb. 21, 1888.

BOMBAY TO LONDON DIRECT.

THE splendid steamship "AUSTRALASIAN," 3,700 tons, will sail from Bombay for London early in May. It is expected that the steamer will be ready to leave on the 10th May, but the exact date will be advertised later on.

She will be followed by her sister ship the "DAMASCUS," 3,700 tons, of the same line, which will leave Bombay on 24th May.

These steamers have excellent accommodation for first-class passengers, and passages can now be secured at moderate rates.

The voyage to London including all stoppages will, it is expected, be made in 22 days, the time taken by the Australasian on her last two voyages.

For particulars, apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Forbes Street, Bombay.

CLAN LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer	Tons	Commander	Sailing date on or about
"CLAN GRAHAM"	3,000	C. Alexanderson	25th Apl. 1888.

THESE STEAMERS are fitted with every requisite for the comfort of passengers. The Saloon and cabins are all on the Upper Deck.

Qualified Surgeon and Stewardess carried.

Passengers can be booked through to London (overland, from Marseilles) by these steamers, and passages are granted on favorable terms.

For particulars as to Cabins plans, passage money, &c., apply to

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Forbes Street, Bombay, 13th March, 1888.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

S. S. "BELGRAVIA," SAILING 19TH APRIL.

THIS well known and favourite passenger steamer of 5,000 tons will sail punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort for first-class passengers. Two and four berth cabins on deck. The refrigerating room ensures an unlimited supply of ice throughout the voyage.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 3rd April 1888.

OVERLND SUMMARY, published weekly, on the departure of English mail. 24 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year, including postage.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 13th April, 1888, at noon, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on MONDAY, 16th April, (on arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,880 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 12th April, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on or about MONDAY, the 16th April, at noon.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 13th April, at noon.

S. S. Kerbela 1978 „ ......on or about 9th May.

FOR MORMUGAO AND BACK TO BOMBAY, CALLING AT INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

THE S.S. BUSHEER, 792 tons, will leave Bombay for Marmugao every SATURDAY, at noon and MORMUGAO for Bombay every TUESDAY, at 7 p.m., or on arrival of the passenger train.

			Rs.	a.
BOMBAY to MORMUGAO	First Class	Rs.	15	0
Do.	Second Class	„	7	8
Do.	Deck without diet	„	1	0

Further particulars can be had on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, April 7, 1888.

STEAM.

CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, returning *via* Melbourne, Sydney, Brisbane, and Port Darwin, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
BANCOORA.... ...	1880.......	On or about 24th May 1888.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 19th March, 1888.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW PERFECT SEAMLESS

LAWN TENNIS BALL.

Made specially for Messrs. Treacher & Co., is by far the best wear-resisting Tennis Ball yet introduced.

Rs. 12 per doz., Cash.

COLONEL ——, Sec. Lawn Tennis Club B——, writes:—

We have given your perfect Seamless Lawn Tennis Balls a very careful trial, and have come to the unanimous conclusion that they are far the best Balls we have ever played with. They last from 2½ to 3 times longer than any kind we have used, and are therefore much cheaper.

Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency,

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY BYCULLA AND POONA.

CAMP KIT.

TREACHER & Co., Limited, have the largest and best Stock in India of every description of Camp Furniture and Necessaries.

All Orders executed with the utmost promptitude.

- CAMP FURNITURE.
- CAMP BEDS.
- WATERPROOF GROUND SHEETS.
- TRUNKS AND PORTMANTEAUX.
- UNIFORM CASES AND COURIER BAGS.
- ENAMELLED IRON WARE.
- WARREN'S COOKING POTS.
- CANTEENS.
- COOKING STOVES.
- DESPATCH BOXES.
- DRESSING CASES, TO ROLL UP.
- POCKET FILTERS.
- WATER BOTTLES.
- DRINKING CUPS.
- SPIRIT FLASKS.
- MILITARY HAND LANTERNS.
- DRESSING CASES, SOLID LEATHER.

WINES, SPIRITS, AND PRESERVED PROVISIONS, of the highest quality.

- MEDICINE CHESTS.
- CLINICAL AND POCKET THERMOMETERS.
- BRAND'S PREPARATIONS.
- CHOLERA TINCTURE.
- LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.
- SMOKED AND TINTED EYE-PRESERVERS.
- FIELD-GLASSES.
- QUININE.

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC KIT.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

EDWARDS' DESICCATED SOUP.

NOURISHING, APPETISING, PALATABLE. Consists of the finest Vegetables and Beef in a dry state. A delicious basin of Soup in a few minutes. Invaluable as a basis for ALL Brown Soups, and a capital addition to Irish Stew.

¼ lb. tin, as. 6 ; ½ lb. tin, as. 10.

EDWARDS' WHITE (Vegetable) SOUP.

To meet a very general and increasing demand for a purely Vegetable Soup, Messrs. KING now introduce an article made entirely without Beef or Extract of Beef, forming of itself a delicious Soup, a basis or ground-work for all White Soups, etc. To the table of the Vegetarian and all who do abstain or desire to do so from fleshmeats this Soup must form a welcome and valuable addition.

¼ lb. tin, as. 6 ; ½ lb. tin, as. 10.

EDWARDS' DESICCATED POTATOES.

A 1 lb. tin equals 6 lbs. of Raw Potatoes, and is ready for use in a few minutes, costing no more than the Common Potatoe and no waste.

1 lb. tin, as. 8.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR EDWARDS' FOODS.

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE* POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona or the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily
„ „ „ Overland Summary
„ „ „ Weekly Budget
„ „ „ Bi-weekly
The Indian Travellers' Guide
Maclean's Guide to Bombay

And for all other publications issuing from this Office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co.
Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.

WINES FOR THE HOT WEATHER.

CLARETS.

WE are the largest Importers in India, and our Brands have acquired an unequalled reputation.

	Cash per doz. Qts. Rs. a.		Pts. Rs. a.	
St. JULIEN MEDOC—Light, with good flavour	10	12	6	0
BORDEAUX—A favourite Wine.........	10	12	6	0
PETIT MEDOC—Possesses good body..	13	8	7	8
SUPERIOR MEDOC—Of high character and flavour..............................	17	0	10	0

	Cash per doz. Qts. Rs. a.		Pts. Rs. p.	
CHATEAU LAGRANGE—Soft, delicate	22	0	12	0
CHATEAU LAROSE—Extremely delicate	27	0	15	0
CHATEAU MARGAUX—Exceedingly choice	34	0	18	0

HOCKS & MOSELLES.

Are specially recommended for their fragrant bouquet and delicate softness to the palate.

STILL WINES.	Bot. Rs. a.		½ bottles. Rs. a.	
LAUBENHEIM—A light dinner Wine.	18	0	10	0
GEISENHEIM—Good flavour and body.	21	0	11	8
STEINWEIN (Glass Jugs)—Of great fragrance	27	0		
HOCKHEIM—A very agreeable dinner Wine	25	0	13	8
NIERSTEIN—Very soft.....................	28	0	15	0
LIEBFRUMILCH—Very fine and full bodied	34	0	18	0
JOHANNISBERG—The perfection of Hocks..	44	0	23	8

SPARKLING WINES.	Bot. Rs. a.		½ bottles Rs. a.	
SUPERIOR HOCK—Delicate flavour and bouquet	37	0	20	0
FINEST EHRENBREITSTEIN—The very finest Wine of its kind	45	0	24	0
FINE MOSELLE—Fine, full flavour ...	33	0	18	0
SUPERIOR MOSELLE—Very fragrant	37	0	21	0
FINEST NONPAREIL—Very rich, delicious bouquet..............................	45	0	24	0

BURGUNDIES AND SAUTERNES.

Thoroughly pure, exceptional good quality, and moderate in price.

BURGUNDIES.	Qts. Rs. A.		Pts. Rs. A.	
CHABLIS—A favourite white dinner Wine	19	0	10	8
BEAUNE—A fine red full-bodied Wine	19	0	10	8
MACON—Distinguished for flavour and aroma..	24	0	13	0
POMMARD—Of fine character...........	22	0	12	0
CHAMBERTIN—This is an exquisite Wine	32	0	17	0
SPARKLING RED BURGUNDY—Of the very finest character	40	0	22	0

SAUTERNES.	Qts. Rs. A.		Pts. Rs. A.	
BARSAC—A good, light, refreshing Wine	20	0	11	0
SAUTERNE, SUPERIOR—Fine mellow flavour with good aroma................	23	0	13	0
SAUTERNE, HAUT—Very rich and fine, old in bottle, renowned for its aroma and fine...body..................	32	0	17	0

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD.,

WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

HOT WEATHER HOSIERY.

SEASON 1888.

WE have OUR NEW SPECIAL PRODUCTIONS now to hand, comprising the following:—

VESTS.

	Rs.	a.	
India Gauze	15	0	per ½ doz.
Gauze Merino...............................from	24	0	„
Summer Merino.......................... „	27	0	„
Anglo-India Gauze, Silk and Wool (Luxurious Wear).................from	39	0	„
Pure Llama Wool, strongly recommended, and very cool..........from	45	0	„
Lace Balbriggan........................ „	24	0	„

PANTS AND DRAWERS.

	Rs.	a.	
India Gauze Pants....................from	16	8	„
Gauze Merino, spliced seats......from	36	0	„
Summer Merino spliced seats....from	39	0	per ½ doz.
Gauze Merino Trunk Drawers, double seats...............................from	42	0	„
Anglo-India Gauze (Silk and Wool), from	42	0	„
Pure Llama Wool .... „	48	0	„
Brown Dressed Cotton Pants, spliced seats...............................from	27	0	„

Also a splendid selection of Balbriggan and Merino ½ Hose in the most fashionable and approved designs specially made and adapted for the Indian climate from Rs. 18 per dozen.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

(STOCKS IN BOMBAY.)

MADEIRAS, 8 qualities, from the celebrated "Blandy" Stock. From Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 per doz. quarts.

PORTS 6 „ „ Hooper Brothers, Oporto. From Rs. 18 to Rs. 28 per doz. qts., Pints Rs. 2 extra per case.

SHERRIES 6 „ „ Manuel Gaztelu e Yriarte, Cadiz. From Rs. 18 to Rs. 27 per doz. quarts.

Pints of Hocks and Champagnes Rs. 2 Extra per Case.

The above Wines are all CAREFULLY and SPECIALLY SELECTED for the Indian Market.

SAMPLE BOTTLES FORWARDED ON APPLICATION.

Full particulars, prices, and terms from

R. RAMCHANDRA AND CO., Apollo House, Fort, Bombay,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

FINE OLD SCOTCH WHISKY

A BLEND of FINE OLD CAMPBELTON and ISLAY,
Is a Rich, Mellow, and Soft Spirit, Genuine and Wholesome.
One of the best Whiskies imported into this country.

Per dozen, Rs. 24 ; Single bottle, Rs. 2. Jars at Rs. 11 per Gallon. Jars extra.

SPECIAL TERMS GIVEN TO HOTELS, CLUBS, AND OTHER LARGE CONSUMERS.

THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
35, ESPLANADE-ROAD, BOMBAY.

REMOVAL NOTICE.

MESSRS. HAMILTON & CO.

BEG TO NOTIFY THAT THEY HAVE

REMOVED
FROM RAMPART ROW
TO
CORNER OF CHURCH GATE STREET,

The premises lately occupied by PELITI & Co.

HAMILTON AND CO.,
JEWELLERS AND SILVER-SMITHS, &C.
IN ORDINARY TO
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

BANKRUPT STOCK.

THROUGH THE FAILURE OF A LARGE WEST-END HOUSE.

MARCKS AND COMPANY LIMITED

HAVE RECEIVED FROM THEIR HOME AGENT A MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF

GEM JEWELLERY.

CONSISTING OF

- DIAMOND BROOCHES
- DIAMOND AND PEARL BROOCHES
- PEARL AND RUBY DEMI-SUITS
- DO. AND SAPPHIRE PENDANTS
- LOCKETS SET DIAMONDS
- DO. DO. RUBIES
- DO. DO. PEARLS
- EARRINGS SET EMERALDS, PEARLS.

A few Handsome 18-carat Guard Chains, Albert and Victoria. Also Neck Chains in great variety Scarf Pins, convertible to Solitaire, Studs of Diamonds, Pearls, Rubies, Sapphires, Corals, Turquoises Lapislazuli, &c., &c., &c., in a hundred fanciful designs.

Diamond Cluster Earrings and other articles of jewellery too numerous to particularize in detail.

TO BE SOLD AT

UNPRECEDENTEDLY LOW PRICES,

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LIMITED

BOMBAY.
43, Esplanade Road,
Opposite Clock Tower.

POONA.
1 East Street,
Opposite Napier Hotel.

OUR TEA MIXTURES

OF UTMOST PURITY AND OF UNSURPASSABLE QUALITY.

FROM COLONEL HAWES,

AND OTHER WELL-KNOWN TEA ESTATES.

In 1 lb. Zinc Boxes.

	Rs. as.
COMBINATION TEA..............................	1-6 per lb.
EUREKA TEA...	1-2 „
IMPERIAL FAMILY MIXTURE....................	1-0 „
BREAKFAST „	0-12 „
HOUSEHOLD „	0-10 „

LIBERAL DISCOUNT ALLOWED TO MESSES, CLUBS, COMMISSION AGENTS AND OTHER WHOLESALE BUYERS.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,
22, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIRTS "FOR ALL OCCASIONS."

"HOAR & CO.'S CELEBRATED" SHIRTS

EASE, COMFORT, & PRECISION.

WRITE FOR OUR SPECIAL SHIRT & COLLAR LIST.

HOAR & CO., { SHIRT-MAKERS. } BOMBAY.

THORPE & Co., MILITARY AND CIVIL TAILORS,

HAVE RECEIVED a CONSIGNMENT of NEW GOODS, of very thin texture, especially adapted for Coolness and Comfort in Wear during the hot season.

		Rs.	as.
ANGOLAS, a very thin and fine Material, large Pattern, in all Colours.	Lounge, Coat, Vest, and Trousers	52	0
DITTO, in Medium substance and Pattern, all Shades.	Lounge Coat, Vest, and Trousers	52	0
DITTO, in small and Plain Patterns, all Colours	Lounge Coat, Vest, and Treusers	45	0
Worsteds, in Stripes and Checks, a large Assortment ; Light and Dark Colours.	Lounge Coat, Vest, and Trousers 52 to	56	0
SHEPHERDS PLAID, in both large and small Patterns, a nice Selection.	Lounge Coat and Trousers...	40	0
CHEVIOTS, a thin and fine make, in Light Colours	Lounge Coat and Trousers...	37	0
DAY or OFFICE COATS, the New Lama Cloth ; beautifully cool and pleasant wear, in neat Plaids and Checks.	Lounge Coat........................	14	0
FANCY WAISTCOATINGS, in Spots and Checks.	Waistcoat	10	0
In plain Colours.	Ditto	8	8
LIGHT TROUSERS, in Newest Patterns, all Colours.	Trousers	15	8

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KEMP'S EXTRACTS OF MEAT.

WE have prepared these Extracts for many years, and always with increasing public approval, by the process described by the late Baron Liebig. Compared with the Extract which reaches this country bearing the name of the Liebig Company, as well as that manufactured in Australia, our preparation shows an unquestionable superiority; and we believe this to be owing (apart from the excellent quality of the meat used), to the following special features in our manufacture:—

1st.—By a process of our own, we subject the solution of meat to *perfect filtration*, rendering it thoroughly pellucid before its evaporation to an extract. This excludes all matter that can possibly impair its keeping qualities or purity of flavour.

2nd.—The process of manufacture is completed within thirty-six hours.

Whether or not it is attributable to these circumstances, the superiority of our extract to all others in the market cannot be questioned if a comparison is made.

LIEBIG'S NUTRITIVE EXTRACT.—A liquid Extract of Meat, made specially for medical purposes. It is not *superior* to our solid Extract, but it is more convenient for administration. It is *the* Extract habitually ordered by medical men for the sick-room. It is relished by Invalids and Children who cannot touch ordinary Beef Tea.—Per Phial, Re. 1, Rs. 2, and Rs. 3-8.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MUTTON.—A very superior preparation, much resembling the Extract of Beef, recommended by some physicians in preference.—Per ½-lb. Jar, Rs. 3.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF BEEF.—Of exquisite flavour and free from that musty taste which taints all imported Extracts of Meat.—Per 2-oz. Jar, Re. 1-4 ; 4-oz. Jar, Rs. 2-4.

EXTRACT OF CHICKEN.—Prepared from the flesh and bones of chicken by Liebig's process. Very superior in flavour, and more grateful to Invalids and Children than the "Extract of Meat." We have often observed a remarkable change produced, by the Extract of Chicken given daily, on infants who had commenced to lose flesh in hot weather.—Per Bot, Re. 1-12.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ESSENCE OF CAMOMILE AND GINGER.—Contains in a small bulk the admirable medicinal properties of the two medicines it represents. It is an excellent Tonic and Stomachic, and is given with great benefit in cases of Flatulence, Spasm, and Colic.—Per Phial, As. 6, Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

MR. HAY'S CORROBORATIVE DROPS.—Taken with soda water, form an agreeable and refreshing draught in oppressively hot weather, or as morning dose after arduous night-work, or late dining. With a little iced water they are very beneficial in Faintness, Headache, &c.—Per Bottle, Re. 1-4.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

PICK-ME-UP.—An agreeable stimulating and tonic morning dose, after exertion or excitement the preceding evening, or when suffering from want of rest or from lassitude.—Per Phial, Re. 1.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

WINTERGREEN OINTMENT.—Prepared from the products of *Gaultheria procumbens* or Wintergreen. It is an excellent application for all Eczematous eruptions and sores, especially in the Ears and other delicate parts. Much prescribed in Bombay practice.—Per Bottle, Re. 1.

KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

AUCKLAND HOUSE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, SIMLA.

THIS School, which is worked on the system of the English High Schools, is designed to give a THOROUGH ENGLISH EDUCATION, and offers special advantages in modern languages, music, and painting. The Head Mistress (Licentiate in Arts) is assisted by a competent Staff of Resident English teachers.

Next term begins February 15th.

For particulars address the HEAD MISTRESS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

ANDERSON'S
ENGLISH OPERA AND COMEDY Co.
TO-NIGHT.
BY SPECIAL REQUEST.
H. M. S. PINAFORE.
SATURDAY, 14TH APRIL,
BENEFIT.
MISS MINNIE HINSON.
COMEDIETTA
THAT DREADFUL DOCTOR.
AND BURLESQUE.
PRINCESS CHARMING.
NEW SONGS, LOCAL HITS, NEW DANCES.
Plan at SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

CHEAP PASSAGES ! !
HOMEWARD.

SAILING ABOUT 22nd inst. The splendid s.s. "AUGERTON," 2,500 tons, Capt. Morris, has superior accommodation for families.

FARES exceptionally low. Apply to

WM. WATSON & Co.
28 Apollo Street, Bombay. 12th April, 1888.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s.s. "CLAN GRAHAM" ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS from the Prince's Dock.

The Steamer's Surveyor, Captain CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.

After removal from the landing sheds the steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 12th April, 1888.

S.S. ASTON HALL, ARRIVED 12TH APRIL, 1888.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the PRINCE'S DOCK. Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in Boats at Steamer's option at their risk and expense.

Captain CLARK will attend every morning to survey Damages, &c., and all claims must be certified to by him, and sent in within a month of steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 12th April, 1888.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA Limited.
NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Bank will be CLOSED from the 20th to the 30th instant, both dates inclusive.

By order of the Board,
H. CHALMERS, Manager.
Bombay, 11th April, 1888.

THE ALBERT EDWARD MILLS COMPANY, Ld.
BROACH.

NOTICE is hereby given that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company in Broach, on April 19, 1888, at 5 p.m., Madras time, for the purpose of confirming the resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the shareholders held on the 29th March, 1888.

By order of the Directors,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.
Broach, 10th April, 1888.

ALFRED MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Ld.,
BROACH.

NOTICE is hereby given that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company in Broach, on April 19, 1888, at 5-15 p.m., Madras time, for the purpose of confirming the resolutions passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on the 29th March, 1888.

By order of the Directors,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.
Broach, 10th April, 1888.

NOW READY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy ....Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart-Row, Fort.

NOW READY

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.
Annual Subscription in advance.... Rs. 10
Single Copy ....Annas 4

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. KAIKHASHRO MUNCHERJEE HEERAMANECK, of Bombay, Parsee Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the hereditaments and premises particularly described at foot hereof.

All persons having any claims against or to the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, No. 29, Medows Street, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at Fergusson Road, area, Mungoot Mindly, without the Fort, in the City of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 3,000 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under the following numbers, that is to say old No. 695, new Nos. 12692, 12692 a, and 12692 b, and new survey Nos 2-2760 and 4-2760, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of the vendor, on or towards the South by the property of Dadajee Habajee, on or towards the east partly by the property of the said Dadajee Habajee, and partly by the Tulsi water-pipe road, and on or towards the West partly by the property of Jeewanjee Dadoljee, and partly by the property of Ramchander Dadajee, which said premises are at present vacant.—Dated this 11th day of April, 1888.

NANU & HORMASJEE,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

FEVERISH WEATHER

Will be sure to increase the demand
FOR
MADON'S
NEVER-FAILING
PULMONIC BALM.
THE GREAT INDIAN REMEDY.

For the cure of Cough, Cold, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma, and other diseases of the Lungs and Chest.

Ber Bottle, As. 8 and Re. 1.

A mild and safe combination of Purely Vegetable Drugs, possessing Expectorant, Demulcent, and Balsamic properties. As this Preparation is entirely free from opium and other injurious and objectionable drugs, it may be given, without any danger, even to children. It NEVER fails to cure the most obstinate forms of Cough, Cold, Whooping Cough, &c., in a few doses. In ordinary Cold, when attended with Feverishness and Headache, the medicine acts as a charm, giving speedy relief when properly administered and the directions given with each bottle are attended to.

By common consent this is the best preparation known for the THROAT, LUNGS, and CHEST—the most soothing, healing, and strengthening. As a COUGH BALSAM, it has no equal, and having been in popular use for over seven years, and largely recommended by the Medical Profession with the happiest results, it can, therefore, be relied upon with perfect confidence by the public.

It is very pleasant to the taste, and does not offend the most sensitive stomach. It is readily taken by children and delicate persons, and it is also used as a syrup for improving the voice of singers, public speakers, and clergymen.

TESTIMONIALS.

"Your Balm works wonders.
A few doses and the child was much better.
Found it most efficacious.
An invaluable remedy for affections of the Lungs.
Thanks; no repetition of attacks."
&c., &c., &c.

COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.,
OPERATIVE AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE office of the FRENCH CONSULATE has been REMOVED from TO-DAY, to No. 25, Medows Street, lately known as Taylor's Hotel.—Bombay, 13th April, 1888.

FOR SALE.

1. An English CANE LANDAU, by Hart, of Bond Street, very little used, and in perfect order, with pole and shafts, very light and comfortable..Rs. 1,700

2. A pair of Bay Stud Bred (Agra) MARES, about 15 hands high, 8 years old, very fast and powerful, and believed to be perfectly sound, broken to single and double harness. One of the fastest pairs in Bombay, and only driven for three months.......................................Rs. 1,300

3. A set of English silver plated black double HARNESS, in complete order with extra reins ..Rs. 280
or the TURN-OUT, for cash..................Rs. 3,000

4. An English circular (glass) fronted BROUGHAM, by Hart, of Bond Street, nearly new, in perfect order, with pole, shafts, drag, and wadded cover, very light and comfortable......Rs. 1,000

5. A Dapple-grey C.-B MARE, very fast and handsome, about 14·3 high, and 7 years old, believed to be quite sound, broken to harness, and both kinds of saddle..Rs. 650

6. A set of English silver plated black single HARNESS, in very good order.......................Rs. 15
or the whole TURN-OUT for cash...............Rs 1,700

Apply to A. COTTERELL TUPP, C. S., Mount Pleasant Road, Malabar Hill, where they can be seen.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI RUTTONBAI, widow of SORABJEE JEEJEEBHOY, administratrix of the estate and effects of the said Sorabjee Jeejeebhoy has CONTRACTED TO SELL all that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate, lying and being at Pedder Road, in the Island of Bombay, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under old No. 161, new No. 2861, containing by admeasurement about 891½ square yards, be the same little more or less, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the east by Pedder Road, on or towards the west by the property of the late Mr. Jairaz Peerbhoy, on or towards the north by another property of the said Bai Ruttonbai, widow, and on or towards the south by the property of the late Mr. Morarjee Gocuidas. All persons having any claims against or to the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 29, Medows Street, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.—Dated this 12th day of April, 1888.

NANU AND HORMASJEE,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

TO HOMEWARD BOUND PASSENGERS AND TRAVELLERS.

YELLOW BACK NOVELS.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE & Co.

	Rs.	a.
Aldersyde, a Border Story of Seventy Years Ago; by Annie S. Swan	1	4
Abbe Mourets Transgression, a realistic novel; by Emile Zola	1	12
"Assammoir" (The Prelude to Nana); by Emile Zola	1	12
Both in the Wrong; by Mrs John Kent Spender	1	4
Beneath the Wheels; by F. E. M. Notley	1	4
Broken Seal; by Dora Russell	1	4
Basilisk; by H. Pottinger Stephens and Warham St. Leger	1	4
Bride of a day, a story of Paris Life; by F. Du Boisgobey	1	4
Carlowrie, or among Lothian Folk; by Annie S. Swan	1	4
Cradock Nowell (a tale of the New Forest); by R. D. Blackmore	1	4
Cristowell; by R. D. Blackmore	1	4
Colonel Enderby's Wife; by Lucas Malet	1	4
Castle Warlock (a homely Romance); by George MacDonald	1	4
Country Luck; by John Habberton	1	4
Cripps, the Carrier; by R. D. Blackmore	1	4
Clara Vaughan; by R. D. Blackmore	1	4
Donald Grant; by George MacDonald	1	4
Daughter of Heth; by William Black	1	4
Death Ring; by E. S. Drewry	1	4
Derval Hampton; by James Grant	1	4
Expiation (a novel of England and our Canadian Dominion; by E. Phillips Oppenheim	1	4
Eyre's Acquittal; by Helen Mathers	1	4
Elinor Dryden; by R. S. Macquoid	1	4
Fortune's of Maurice O'Donnell (an Irish American story); by James Murphy	1	4
Garrison Gossip (gathered in Blackhampton); by John Strange Winter	1	4
Guild Court (a London story); by George MacDonald	1	4
Queen, a Wave on the Breton Coast; by Blanche Willis Howard	1	4
Golden Sorrow; by Mrs. Cashel Hoey	1	4
God's Providence House (a story of 1791); by Mrs. G. Linnœus Banks	1	4
Germinal, or Master and Man; by Emile Zola	1	12
His Heritage; by Lindi Gardiner	1	4
Home Again; by George MacDonald	1	4
In the Wrong Paradise, and other stories; by Andrew Lang	1	4
Innocent (a tale of modern life); by Mrs. Oliphant	1	4
Jack's Courtship; by W. Clark Russell	1	4
John Holdsworth, Chief Mate; by W. C. Russell.	1	4
Jobson's Enemies; by Edwards Jenkins	1	4
Jeanui Wilson, The Lily of Lammermoor	1	4
Jonathan, (a novel); by C. C. Fraser-Tytler	1	4
Little Miss Primrose	1	4
Late Mrs. Null; by Frank R. Stockton	1	4
Ladies Paradise; by Emile Zola	1	12
Lady Lovelace; by Mrs. C. L. Pirkis	1	4
Love the Debt; by Richard Ashe King	1	4
Malcolm; by George Macdonald	1	4
Marquis of Lossie; by George Macdonald	1	4
Mary Anerley; by R. D. Blackmore	1	4
Noble Queen; by Meadows Taylor	1	4
Pair of Blue Eyes; by Thomas Hardy	1	4
Phyllis of the Sirras; by Bret Harte	1	4
Pigskin and Willour, (a sporting story); by Byron Webber	1	4
Rush for the Spoil; by Emile Zola	1	12
Red Riding Hood; by Mrs. Notley	1	4
Recollections Country Doctor; by Mrs. John Kent Spender	1	4
Senior Partner; by Mrs. J. H. Riddell	1	4
Seith's Brother's Wife; by Harold Frederic	1	4
Seeta; by Meadows Taylor	1	4
Sebastian; by Katharine Sanders	1	4
Sarah de Beranger; by Jean Engelam	1	4
Twixt Love and Duty; by Tighe Hopkins	1	4
Trumpet-Major; by Thomas Hardy	1	4
Therese Raquin; by Emile Zola	1	12
Under Fourteen Flags; by Captain W. D. Lestrange	1	4
Virginia the American; by Charles Edwards	1	4
What's Mine's Mine; by George Mac Donald	1	4
Weird Sisters; by Richard Dowling	1	4
Woman's Revenge; by Lily Tinsley	1	4

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE & Co.,
26, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9. HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500, and upwards.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " 4 " "
" 12 " 5 " "

GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved cheques on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received.

BY APPOINTMENT.
HURJIMULL & Co.,
INDIAN JEWELLERS.

DEALERS in Indian and Fine Art Work, Gold and Silver Jewellery, Precious Stones and Brilliants, Indian Curios, &c., &c. Rich Cashmere Shawls, Persian Carpets, Foolkaries and other Indian stuffs for making purdahs and curtains. Prices below competition. Price lists free.

Address—
HURJIMULL & Co.,
RAMPART ROW & MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.
TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGL.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE Re. 1-8; postage, anna

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SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

ON VIEW, Mr. J. Janni's very valuable furniture, platedware, Billiard Table, Carriages, Horse, &c., at 178, Narayen Dabulker Road, Malabar Hill.

ON VIEW, Mr. J. B. Marzban's valuable furniture, platedware, carriages, &c., at "Grattan House," Cumballa Hill, opposite the Cumballa Hotel.

SPONGES, SPONGES.—Our new stock of Honeycomb and Bath Sponges just to hand. Small sponges from annas 7. Bath Sponges from Re. 1-14 —SHROFF BROTHERS.

WANTED, a SITUATION by European as Boiler Maker and Girder Bridge Builder. 25 years practical experience. Good references—Address "W. F.," care of this office.

ENGINEER WANTED, for the Reay Paper Mill. Engine 500 I. H. P.—Apply, stating terms, to the SECRETARIES, Poona.

WANTED, a Eurasian or a Hindoo CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, must be efficient in accounts. One having experience of the Import and Export business of a merchant's office will be preferred. Apply sharp to S. P., care of this paper, with copies of certificates, and stating salary required.

IF you are really in want of good servants apply at once to MOONSHY & Co., General Merchants, Commission Agent's, Estate and Loan Brokers, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 25.

BANDORA.—TO LET, from early in May, large, cool Bungalow near Point. Rent, Rs. 120, furnished.—Apply to A. HUSON, Mofussil Co.

TO BE LET, THIRD FLOOR of House No. 23, Church Gate Street. Monthly rent, Rs. 40.—Apply First Floor.

TO LET, a nice BUNGALOW on Doongersey Road, Malabar Hill, No. 25, with large stable of 5 Horses, and separate Coach-house and 6 servants' quarters. For rent and other particulars, apply to EDULJI BOMANJI MORRIS, Church Street, No. 21, Fort.

INVALIDS or CHILDREN PROCEEDING to ENGLAND, can obtain the services of a lady who is a trained nurse, in exchange for free passage.—Apply to Dr. EDITH PECHEY, Cama Hospital, Bombay.

£6,696,000 STG. Assets. The "STANDARD"—New and Reduced Rates for India founded on the latest and most reliable statistics

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. Soundy and Co., Rampart Row.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S HAIR-CUTTING SALOON.—FRANCIA AND FUCILE Court and Historical Hair-Dressers, Perfumers and Theatrical Wig-makers, Rampart Row, below Bombay Club Fort.

C. JOST & Co., SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT MAKERS.—Repairs to Theodolites, Sextants, Compasses, Barometers, &c., under Guarantee. First-class Testimonials from Princes, the Army, Railway and Steam Navigation Companies.

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S HOTEL, Oxford Street, Secunderabad.

VICTORIA HOTEL, 58, James Street, Secundrabad. The only Hotel in the Station. Rooms, available—Terms Moderate.

RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN, is the most Comfortable, Central, and Accommodative Hotel in Matheran. Rooms Bright and Airy. Terms moderate.

FOUNTAIN HOTEL, Mahableshwar, Replete with every comfort. Best view, Excellent Table, First-rate Wines. Terms moderate. Apply to C. COWASJEE SHAPOORJEE, Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS CLUB HOTEL for Parsee Gentlemen at "Langholm House," Mahableshwar. Entrance fee, Rs. 25 per annum. Board and Lodging Rs. 4 per day. Only 40 Members admitted. Apply to the Proprietors, Fountain Hotel, Mahableshwar.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!! Perfect Fit GUARANTEED. Coat and Trousers, from Rs. 15. JOHN MAHOMED and Co. 15, Meadow Street.

AIR-GUNS, complete with Case, Ammunition, Darts, Pinctures and Ramrod, at Rs. 40 L. STEFFENAUER, 8, Church Gate Street, Fort.

WHITE SUN UMBRELLAS.—A large stock to hand, lined green, strong frames, near natural handles, Rs. 6. BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.

MUSICAL CHAIRS, Musical DECANTERS, Musical INKSTANDS, Musical ALBUMS and Musical TOYS.—MORENAS & Co., Ice Confectioners.

JUST RECEIVED, a choice consignment of COOKING STOVES of various sizes. Adapted both for wood or coal.—GEYER and Co., Ld., Hornby Row, Bombay.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CAMERAS by Meagher, Marion, &c., all sizes, ¼ pl. to 15" by 12." Latest complete catalogue forwarded on application to J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

SUPERIOR GRUYERE Fresh Chestnuts, Sweet Limes, Walnuts, Hazelnuts, Milan Sausages, Cacio Cavallo Malaga Raisins.—P. CASSANELLO & Co., 40 Medows Street.

FEW cases of PERAMBULATORS and BASSINETTES, from the best London Manufacturers, are now on view at "The Europe Provision and General Store," 29, Apollo Street. Prices beyond competition.

DINING and BILLIARD TABLE combined, by George Wright and Co., a new patent, to be seen in working order at Wm. WATSON and Co., 28, Apollo Street, Bombay. Also, full-sized at exceptional rates.

COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price R [illegible] erleaved Rs.

WONDERLAND NATIVE ART POTTERY WORKS.—Native Designs—Medals:—Paris 1878, Amsterdam 1883, Calcutta 1884, Antwerp 1885, London 1886.—Address: The CLERK, Wonderland Art Pottery Works, Esplanade, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—DEMY EXPRESS LITHO. PRINTING MACHINE, (QUITE NEW) by Messrs. Furnival & Co., London, fitted with recent improvement and two sets of Rollers, complete. Steam or hand. For particulars, &c., apply to IMPORTER, care of *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PRESENTS.—Our magnificent and varied assortment of Useful and Fanciful Articles in Silver, Electro and Giltware, from Rs. 5 to Rs. 1,000 is now on view. Inspection Solicited. Latest Novelties in Artistic Gold and Silver Jewellery.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Tuesday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers with 8 pages Supplement of English news in addition to 24 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per year for Indian subscribers, post free; and Rs. 17 including postage for the United Kingdom

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BERIGNY & Co., CALCUTTA.

NO. 1—MAHOGANY ACCIDENT CASE, containing six Tinctures for External Use, in stoppered bottles; Plaster, and a Book of Directions. This case will be found most useful in all cases of Accident, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Scalds, Sprains, Abrasions of the Skin, Blisters from Rowing, Riding, or any violent exercises. Price Rs. 20.

No. 2—TINCTURE CASE, adapted to Dr. Laurie's "Guide for Family Use," as complete as possible, and well suited for beginners in Homœopathic practice. Price Rs. 35.

No. 15—VERTICAL MAHOGANY TINCTURE CASE, adapted to, and containing, Berjean's "Treatment of Syphilis, &c." Price Rs. 50.

No. 16—RIFLE VOLUNTEER'S ACCIDENT CASE, contains three Tinctures for External Treatment, six bottles of Pilules for Internal Use, Plaster and Lint, with a little Chart of Instructions how all are to be used, in a compact and portable form, very little larger than a purse, which can be carried without inconvenience in the breastpocket. Price complete Rs. 10.

No. 17—VETERINARY CHEST, a case of medicines adapted to Harry Gooday's "Text Book of Veterinary Practice" for the treatment of the Horse, Dog, &c., containing a selection of the principal remedies, twenty-four in number, in half ounce bottles. Price Rs. 20.

No. 18—VETERINARY CHEST. A great big oak case adapted to Dr. Moores' Veterinary Homœopathy for the treatment of Beasts, and containing all the medicines required, that is seventy-two pound and ounce bottles of Tinctures, nine half-ounce bottles of Triturations, a Graduated Drenching Glass, a pair of Scales and Weights, Scissors, Lint, Guttapercha, and all other requisites—suitable for gentlemen owners of horses, horse dealers, stable keepers, veterinary surgeons, particularly Mofussil Residents. Price Rs. 115.

The above are only a few among many others always in stock. Medicine chests to suit in taste and requirements of customers made on the shortest notice.

CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.
BERIGNY & Co.

Just Published. Post free for 12 one-anna stamps.

A NEW MEDICAL WORK ON MARRIAGE. By a Physician of many years practice. A practical guide to young men before entering the wedded state; with plain instructions for the speedy removal of all disqualifications and impediments which too often debar happiness therein; it also treats on the cause of premature decline, loss of manhood, nervous debility, lassitude, shyness, incapacity for study or business, distaste for society, and the numberless infirmities resulting from youthful errors or excesses of adult life, together with the highly successful and thoroughly safe mode of treatment, whereby sufferers may speedily be restored to health and happiness.—Lawes, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand Court, Holborn, London, W. C.

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
41, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 13th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, as follows:—
10 boxes B. Vergara Jerez dela Frontera, best sherry, Manzanilla, and Fino.
50 boxes frensac, Ch. Silliman, best claret.
25 cases each qts. and pts, Grubertoie Bock ale.
3 casks Jones and Co.'s enamelled ware, containing plates, flat dishes, pie dishes, cups, saucers, &c.

SORABJEE, COWASJEE & CO.
Bombay, 13th April, 1888.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 13th instant, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their Weekly Auction sale at their rooms of a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, twist, &c.

An invoice of superior and fragrant perfumery by the well-known Price & Co., just landed ex s.s. Huzara, consisting of lavendar water, aromatic eau de cologne, tea rose, blush rose, damask rose, white rose, jasmine (rose geranium, frangepanni rondeletia, jockey club, verbine bouquet, kiss-me-quick, stephanotis, millefleur, new mown hay, sweet briar, &c, in fancy gilt cut stopper bottles, hair brushes, tooth powder, rose water, and glycerine, pistachis nut oil, pomade, and 6 cases Australian cheese.

On account of the underwriters ex "Clan Mackenzie" R. E. X.—A-4 1 case S. W. D. Double and single harnesses.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE of household furniture, plated glass, and porcelain wares, carriage, horse, &c., &c.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2 p.m., at Grant Road, the household furniture, plated glass and porcelain wares carriage, horse, &c., &c., the property of E FREEBORN, Esq. Full particulars will be published hereafter.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 13th April, 1888.

THE CHEAPEST OF ALL CHEAP WATCHES.

WHY pay Rs. 8 and As. 8 for an American notion when you can get

A REAL KEYLESS WATCH
with white enamel dial at
Rs. 8—ONLY—Rs. 8.

This Watch is supplied in good case with spare Mainspring and spare Glass with
ONE YEAR'S GUARANTEE,
at
MESSRS. MARCKS & Co., LIMITED.
WATCH MANUFACTURERS,
BOMBAY, or POONA.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET.

JUST RECEIVED A FURTHER PARCEL
OF THE CELEBRATED
"FLOR DE JAVA" CIGARS,
FREE DRAUGHT, IMPROVED SHAPE, SPLENDID CONDITION.

Possessing the specially distinctive character of the HAVANNA, with its accompanying FLAVOUR and BOUQUET, they will recommend themselves to smokers desirous of a mild, free, and fragrant Cigar.

		Per 1,000	Box of 100.
FLOR DE JAVA,	"COQUETAS".	Rs. 30	Rs. 3 8
Do.	"TRABUCOS".	" 35	" 4 0
Do.	"ROYALS" ...	" 40	" 4 8

Not to be confounded with so-called Java Cigars obtaining elsewhere. These are the ONLY ORIGINAL "Flor de Javas."

Samples forwarded on application.

REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS.
By direct Importation.
J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NEW YEAR
PRESENTS FOR FRIENDS IN EUROPE.

INDIAN CONDIMENTS
OF THE SEASON,
UNRIVALLED FLAVOUR AND FRESHNESS,
AT THE DEPOT OF FRAMJEE NOWROJEE
SUPPLIER TO THE P. & O. COMPANY,
BOMBAY CLUB, ADMIRALTY & MESSES,
NO. 9, FORBES STREET, BOMBAY,
OPPOSITE TO MESSRS. FINLAY, MUIR & Co.

MANUFACTORY AT GIRGAUM.
Prize Medal
FOR
INDIAN CONDIMENTS AND PRESERVES,
1873.
Prize Medals Awarded at the London Exhibition of 1873, at the Amsterdam Exhibition of 1883, at the Melbourne Jubilee Exhibition of 1884-85, at the Antwerp Exhibition,
and at the London Exhibition of 1886.
Honorable Mention at the Vienna Exhibition.
Diploma Awarded at the Melbourne Exhibition.
Diploma and Medal awarded at the Exposition Universelle D'Anvres, 1885;
also Honourably Mentioned at the same Exhibition.
Established in 1845.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
Up-country Orders will be promptly Executed.
Cases of Rs. 50 and upwards will be sent free of Packing and Freight.
NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS SIGNED BY ME
FRAMJEE NOWROJEE, No. 9, Forbes Street.

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY.
FOR
1888.

Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1888 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the immense progress made by the city in recent years.

The new buildings, which have added in the course of the year just closed over sixteen lakhs to the value of the property on the books of the Municipal Corporation for assessment purposes, are in themselves striking evidence of the continuous growth of Bombay.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide now gives for the first time a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press.

To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

Agents for Maclean's Guide to Bombay
Messrs. COOPER, MADON AND Co.,
Branch Establishment, East Street, Poona.
DOSSABHOY CURSETJEE BHOWNUGREE,
Bhownugree Street, Surat.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I THE UNDERSIGNED, do hereby inform the public, that I have from THIS DAY DISCONTINUED KHOOSHROO SHAHJHAN of Shiraz, as one of my corresponding Firms, and I am not RESPONSIBLE for any transactions made by him on my behalf.

ARDESHIR MEHRBAN ERANEE.
Bombay, 7th April, 1888.

OIL MILLS.

FOR SALE, CHEAP, 24 of the best OIL MILLS ever constructed on Drewet's principle, made by Messrs. Rose, Downs, and Thompson, Hull, the oldest and largest Makers of Oil Mill Machinery in England. Applications to be made to Messrs. KING, KING & Co., Bombay, where one of the Mills can be seen.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the share and interest of Mr. RAMCHUNDER MAHADEO HARDIKAR, in our firm CEASED and DETERMINED on and from THIS DAY.—Dated 1st April 1888.

RAMCHUNDER MAHADEO & Co.

With reference to the above the undersigned who is now the SOLE OWNER of the said firm of RAMCHUNDER MAHADEO & Co., will, on and from the above date, continue to carry on the business thereof in the same name.

DADABHOY HORMUSJEE DOOBASH.

CEYLON.

NUWARA ELIYA, the Sanitarium of the East, 6,300 feet above sea level.

"CRITERION HOTEL"

situated in the prettiest part of Nuvara Eliya Gardens General aspect unrivalled. Contains every requisite necessary in a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The Hotel is under competent European Management. Terms per week, Rs. 40. Per month, Rs. 150. Other charges very moderate. Please refer to Madras People's Almanac.

W. JORDAN AND Co., Proprietors.

EUCALYPTUS BOILER FLUID.

CERTIFICATE.—We have been using your Eucalyptus Boiler Fluid for the last seven months with the greatest success. We are enabled now to entirely dispense with scaling our Boilers, as the Fluid keeps the interior quite clean and prevents corrosion by an inky coating on the Boiler Plates.

It is the best composition for the prevention of Scale in Boilers we know of after several trials with other fluids extending over a practice of twenty years.

J. MUNRO,
Engineer and Manager,
Bombay Saw Mills Co., Limited.

To
ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & Co., Ld.,
Sole Agents,
Downie's Eucalyptus Boiler Fluid.

THE MADRAS UNITED SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS Co., Ld.

ધી મધરાજ યુનાઈટેડ સ્પીનીંગ એન્ડ વીવીંગ મીલ્સ કંપની લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 14th ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on SATURDAY, the 21st April, 1888, at 3 p.m., at the Registered Office of the Company, No 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, for the purpose of transacting the following business, viz:—

1st.—To receive and adopt the Auditors' Accounts and Balance-sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1887.
2nd.—To Declare a Dividend.
3rd.—To appoint Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election, and to confirm the appointment of Mr. Gocooldass Narronjee as Director in the room of Mr. Vullubdass Wajee, deceased.
4th.—To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors,
મુળજી જેઠાની કુંo
i.e., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 3rd April, 1888.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the above Company will be CLOSED from 6th to 21st April, 1888, both days inclusive.

FANCY STATIONERY.

LATEST NOVELTIES FROM LONDON IN FANCY STATIONERY.
EVERY DAY NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES.
(THE DAY OF THE WEEK IN TWO COLOURS.)

YOKOHAMA NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES.
Curiously ornamented in artistic designs by a Japanese Artist.

Boxes containing 25 Sheets and Envelopes ....at Rs. 1 4 per box.
" " 50 " " " 2 6 "

ALEXANDRA NOTE AND ENVELOPES.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE.
ALBERT BUILDINGS, ESPLANADE, FORT.

DR. DE ROOS' CONCENTRATED GUTTÆ VITÆ OR VEGETABLE LIFE DROPS.

THE alchemists of old spent years in endeavouring to find out the means of transmuting the baser metals into gold, but in vain. It was, however, reserved for a physician of the 19th Century to make a far more valuable discovery in occult science—the result of deep research into the arcana of Nature's mysteries—which is here offered to the world; and the pleasing results of a quarter of a century, during which time this wonderful medicine has been tried in every quarter of the globe, all corroborate the most sanguine of the Inventor's hopes. Thousands of voluntary testimonials from grateful patients testify to the fact that from this remarkable tonic alone, new life has been imparted to numbers of debilitated individuals; and it is not too much to say that hundreds of persons are at the present day in full enjoyment of their mental and bodily powers—in thorough good health—who previously were confirmed hypochondriacs, had been given up by the faculty as incurable and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends.

This great life-reviving medicine gives vitality and strength to the most shattered constitutions. It not only strengthens the system but purifies the blood, and promotes a healthy circulation of the fluids, thus imparting strength and tone to the nerves, enlivening and invigorating both body and mind. It greatly improves the appetite and restores the digestive powers, whilst for dyspeptic persons it is unrivalled. Those who (from long residence in hot climates) suffer from langour and relaxation, as also all persons going to the East or West Indies should provide themselves with this important article on health.

Youth and age equally participate in the miraculous effects of this wondrous medicine, for whether the body be debilitated in early life, or sinking under the advance of years, a few doses will speedily afford assurance of returning health, by giving tone to the muscular and nervous systems, and through the organs of digestion renovating the whole constitution. To the young it affords health, strength, and spirits, in place of lassitude and debility; while to the aged and infirm it assuredly furnishes great relief and comfort, by gently and safely invigorating the whole corporeal frame; and although it is not put forward as imparting immortality, it will certainly gild the autumn of declining years, and in all cases, calmly and serenely protract the close of life. For females of all ages, as also for delicate children who cannot take cod-liver oil, the Guttæ Vitæ will be found a great boon—being far superior in its strengthening properties, and at the same time so pleasant to the palate that it can hardly be called a medicine. To married persons, especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity for exertion. Price, 11s. and 33s. per bottle. The large size contains sufficient for four weeks.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM, GOUT, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURES, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS

Are justly celebrated all over the world as the most safe and speedy remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges of any kind, Stone in the Bladder and diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary Organs generally.

These celebrated Pills are an infallible remedy in the most obstinate cases. By their use alone many thousands are annually restored to health and the agonies of gout and rheumatism may now be considered a voluntary affliction, as no one need suffer these excruciating torments if they will only have recourse to these Pills, which are confidently recommended by the proprietor as the only real specific; whilst for weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, promote the functions of the liver and kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages 1s., 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s.

DR. DE ROOS' PILULÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS

Are the most wonderful Pills in the World for all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. They do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harrassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on rising in the morning, sallowness, scurvy, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the Vegetable Kingdom, may be taken with the utmost safety by the most delicate of either sex.

Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them, and never leave home without them; an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two which, if allowed to run its course for a few days would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d. 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

Every package of Dr. De Roos' preparations bears the British Government Stamp with the words—"WALTER DE ROOS, London," in White Letters on a Red Ground, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners, without which none can possibly be genuine. DR. DE ROOS world-famed medicines may be obtained of all the principal Merchants in India.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL...£3,200,000
RESERVE FUND..................................£800,000

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—52 THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.
LETTERS OF CREDIT payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.
Rampart Row, W.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, (Ld)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no Interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank allows interest on Fixed Deposits for 12 months at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods can be ascertained on application.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon and Mandalay. It also grants Drafts on London and its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.

By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, Limited.

PAID-UP CAPITAL...... £ 548,900.
REST...... .... " 132,412.

LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—

FIXED, for 12 months ....5 per cent. per annum.
" 6 " ....4 per cent. "
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts daily balances not exceeding Rs. 25,000.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

CLAIMS on the Official Liquidator of the Oriental Bank Corporation are purchased for cash or exchanged for Fixed Deposits of the New Oriental Bank on terms to be learned on application.

A. F. SIMPSON, Manager,
Bombay Branch.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to
THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

SEA AND OCEAN
RAPID NAVIGATION CO., LD.
PROSPECTUS.

THE object of this Company is to purchase the British Patent No. 5635 of 1887 of George Alfred DePenning for "Improvements in Steam Vessels."

These vessels are designed for great speed, to go 42 miles and upwards per hour, so as to be able easily to do 1,000 miles in the 24 hours, or in fact the voyage from Bombay to London and *vice versa* in 7 days.

It is intended to construct one vessel *first* in some of the great building yards of Great Britain, under a binding contract to complete the vessel within a year.

The company is to be registered in London, with a Sterling capital equal to the contracted and incidental cost of the *first* vessel. The capital to be divided into £1 shares, without further liability.

The Subscribers in India, as the Promoters of the Company, will receive £1 Shares for every Rs. 10 paid up, and will not be liable to any further payment.

Owing to the disadvantage of remitting to London from loss in exchange, the number of Shares allotted to India is necessarily small; a few remaining shares, however, are still available.

The Inventor, George Alfred DePenning, being on his way to London now at the Fitzgerald Hotel, Byculla, where he may be interviewed, and he will gladly give every information. A copy of the specification and drawings may also be had from him on application.

KHUNDALA HOTEL.

A NEW HOTEL OPENED since 1st October by the PROPRIETORS of the EGUTPOORI HOTEL, in a large, commodious and comfortable Bungalow, situated on an elevated site and commanding a charming view all round. Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS.
Khundala, 8th Sept. 1887.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

TO SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs.
Half-yearly	" 25	Half-yearly	" 31
Quarterly	" 13	Quarterly	" 16
Monthly	" 5	Monthly	" 6

TO SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrears.*	
Per Annum..........	Rs. 52	Per Annum..........	Rs. 65
Half-yearly..........	" 29	Half-yearly..........	" 34
Quarterly..........	" 16	Quarterly..........	" 20
Monthly..........	" 6	Monthly..........	" 7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

SINGLE COPY..............................As. 4

Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time, between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—	
First insertion	Rs. 5
Second do.	3
Third do.	2
Fourth and succeeding insertions	2 As.

line but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion	3 As. per line
Second do.	4 " "
Third and succeeding	2½ " "

In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for considerable time special contracts may be made.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situation Wanted, or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings, to the Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ....Re. 1.
Each succeeding line ....As. 8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than rupee, and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY EDITION.

TO SUBSCRIBERS

IN BOMBAY.		UP-COUNTRY.	
Per Annum..........	Rs. 12	Per Annum..........	Rs. 15
Half-yearly..........	" 6	Half-yearly..........	" 7
Quarterly..........	" 3	Quarterly..........	" 3

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY

Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs 12
Half-yearly	" 6
Quarterly	" 3

BOMBAY GAZETTE WEEKLY BUDGET.

Post Free.

Per Annum	Rs. 12
Half-yearly	" 6
Quarterly	" 3

CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietors" of the *Bombay Gazette*.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Distribution of Prizes to Volunteers, Town Hall.
Gaiety Theatre, Anderson's Company, 9 p.m.
Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.

Vessels Arrived.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Bustleer (s), from Marmagoa; Canara (s), Calcutta; and Aston Hall (s), Liverpool.

Vessels Sailed.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Rajeen (s), and Mistley Hall (ship), for Dunkirk; and Bhownagar (s), Bhownagar.

The Sailors' Home.—Mr. F. Chambers will deliver a lecture at the Sailors' Home to-morrow evening on "Recent Advances in the Law of Storms." We are requested to say that seats can be secured on application to the Superintendent.

Reported Theft.—Anjanoo Gopal, a confectioner, reported to the police, on Wednesday, the theft of currency notes, and cash, and also a gold head ornament worth Rs. 365, from his shop in Duncan Road. A servant of the complainant, who has since absconded, is suspected of the theft.

Sudden Death.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday, at the morgue, touching the death of a Hindoo, 25 years old, who, on Wednesday evening, at about 5 o'clock, while passing along Bapty Road, suddenly fell down and died immediately. The verdict was that the death of the deceased was caused by heart disease.

The Queen Insurance Company.—Mr. Nesserwanjee Manockjee Petit has tendered his resignation of his seat on the Local Board of the Queen Insurance Company, on account of the recent death of his son Jamsedjee. The remaining directors have decided to recommend to the head office of the Company that Mr. Framjee Dinshaw Petit be appointed to fill the vacancy thus caused.

A Suspicious Character.—Balcrishna Babajee *alias* Balcrishna Rama was yesterday charged, before Mr. P. Ryan, with being found loitering by night at the Goozree Bazaar, Byculla, and failing to render a satisfactory account of himself, he being a reputed thief. The accused, being unable to furnish the bail for his future good conduct, was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

A Lunatic.—A Hindoo named Madowjee Kiraj 27 years old, a Bhattia by caste, was picked up on Wednesday forenoon in the harbour by a crew of the turret-ship Abyssinia. It appeared that the man was a passenger on board the s.s. Hindoo, bound for Cutch, and while the vessel was passing the turret-ship either jumped or fell overboard. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital and subsequently made over to his father, who stated that his son was not right in his mind for some time back and was on that account being taken to Cutch.

Death from Excessive Drinking.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday, at the morgue, touching the death of a Mahomedan who was found lying dead behind a stack of timber at Chinch Bunder owned by Abdool Raymon, at about 4 o'clock, on Wednesday afternoon. The body was apparently that of a Mahomedan about 30 years of age. There were no external marks of violence on the body. The verdict was, that the death of the deceased was caused by excessive drinking.

Grant College Medical Society.—The regular monthly meeting of the G. C. M. Society was held in the College Library on Tuesday, the 10 inst., Dr. J. C. Lisboa, President in the chair. Present:—Drs. Atmaram Pandurang, Dorabji Hormusji, E. C. Tookina, C. J. L. Rodrigues, A. Boccaro, D. B. Master, D. H. Katruck, Darashaw D. Writer, A. D. Mody, N. N. Katruck, B. H. Dantra, and Temulji Bhicaji Nariman, the honorary secretary. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. After some further discussion on Dr. Atmaram Pandurang's paper, Dr. N. N. Katruck read notes of a case of typho-remittent fever.

Parsee Charity.—At the performance of the third day's funeral ceremonies in connection with the death of Mr. Sorabjee Cowasjee Powalla, who died in the Fort, on the 9th instant, his friends and relations contributed a sum of Rs. 12,375 to various local charities, including Rs. 5,000 contributed out of the deceased's own moneys. Rs. 5,000 out of the above have been made over to the trustees of the Parsee Punchayet funds, who are to apply the interest in affording assistance to poor and disabled Zoroastrians. Rs. 2,000 are given to build a well in Ichhapore and for charity there; Rs. 1,000 to the fund for the Jamsetjee Nusserwanjee Petit Orphanage, &c.

Theft.—Narayen Wittoo, a vagrant, was yesterda charged, by Inspector Wilson, before Mr. P. Ryan, with stealing a coat, one key, a silver bead and one handkerchief worth Rs. 1-9-0, the property of Dhackoo Baboo, a gardener, living at Oomercarry on the 7th instant. The complainant, it seems, left his coat hanging on the branch of a tree in front of his house, and an hour later missing his coat reported the matter to the Police, who arrested the accused with the stolen property while endeavouring to dispose of them. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and admitted a previous conviction of theft. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

Old and Silly.—At the Fort Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Hamilton, an old goldsmith named Bhugwandass Pranjwandass, charged another goldsmith, named Balcristna Ragoonath, with assaulting him on the 28th ult. The complainant in stating the facts of the case, said that he was sitting at the shop of a castefellow, and because he asked accused about his brother the accused struck him. The brother owed the complainant money and that was the reason why he asked after him. In defence the accused said, that as he passed the shop the complainant called out to him and asked where his brother was, and when he desired to know why he asked, the complainant said "Is he not dead and gone to heaven?" On hearing this, the accused admitted that he lost his temper and slapped the complainant. The latter's witnesses bore out the accused's story, and also admitted that the complainant was old and silly, and that they would have been similarly annoyed if the complainant had spoken to them about their brothers in that way. Mr. Hamilton warned and discharged the accused, advising him not to take notice of what the complainant said, as he was a silly old chap.

The Hyderabad Minister's Dinner.—The dinner on Monday last, at Hyderabad, to Sir Charles Elliott, was a very large affair. The afternoon and early evening had been so very hot and close, that it was thought best to have chairs and seats outside the large balcony, instead of staying indoors before dinner, but after everything had been arranged, a dust storm came on, putting every light out, and upsetting everything, so at the last moment the drawing room had to be prepared. The dinner tables too were all disarranged by the sudden storm, the flowers on the tables scattered in all directions, and the candles and lamps blown out, for the dinner was as usual in the large verandah, open on three sides, and the full force of the storm was felt there. This course delayed matters a good deal, and so while everything was being put to rights, the guests amused themselves by admiring the handsome furniture and looking at the mechanical toys, of which there are a great number all round the rooms. The best of them are the birds in cages, which sing and move exactly as if they were alive, and are most exquisitely made. These works of art are of course all French. After dinner there were some capital fireworks, rockets and fire balloons, and looking at them made the time pass very quickly.

SIR A. P. DE ANDRADE, G. G. M. C.

His Holiness Pope Leo XIII. has conferred upon Dr. Andrade of Poona the honour of Knighthood. The following is a translation of the Papal letter:—"To our beloved son, Andrew Paul de Andrade, Doctor in Medicine, Poona, in the East Indies.

POPE LEO XIII.

To our Beloved Son, health and Apostolic Benediction.

Thy zeal for religion, thy experience in the medical art, thy devotedness to the Holy See, which is proved by deeds, lastly, other distinguished gifts of mind and character, by which thou art recommended, prompt Us willingly to confer upon thee an especial honour as token of Our favourable disposition towards thee. This being so, absolving thee from all ecclesiastical censures, &c, if thou shouldst have incurred any, holding these absolved for the future. We, by virtue of this letter, elect and create thee a Knight of the Order of Saint Gregory the Great of the civil class and receive thee into this most exalted company of Knights. For this reason, We grant thee Beloved Son to put on the proper vestment and likewise to wear the proper insignia of the Knights of this Order *viz*, a golden octagonal cross showing in the middle of its red surface the picture of Saint Gregory the Great, which is suspended by a red silk ribbon with yellow border on the left side of the breast after the fashion of the other Knights. Lest, however, any difference in wearing the vestment and cross should happen We have given orders that the annexed specimen be handed over to thee.

Given at Rome in St Peter's, under the Fisher ring, the 13th day of March 1888, in the eleventh year of Our Pontificate.

M. CARD, LEDOCHOWSKI.

L. S.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH.

At the meeting of the Bombay Town Council on Wednesday the Health Officer's report for the fourth quarter of 1887 was submitted. Dr. Weir says:—

Exclusive of still-born 5,077 deaths were registered, being 407 less than in the last quarter, but 287 more than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. The death-rate is 23·02 by allowing for enhancement of population since 1881. The health of the city was more favourable than in the preceding three months. The reduction of mortality is chiefly due to fewer deaths from cholera, diarrhœa, and affections of the nervous system. Examining the statistics according to place of birth, we find that 2,768 persons, including still-born, were born in Bombay, and 2,553 outside of Bombay, and that the place of birth of 42 persons could not be ascertained. The fever mortality is 30 less than in the last quarter, but 143 more than in the corresponding quarter of the past year, and 25 less than the average of the preceding five years; of the total deaths from fever 1,070 were referred to remittent fever, being 19 less than in the past quarter, but 129 more than in the corresponding quarter of the last year; 318 to simple continued fever, being 4 more than in the last quarter, but 7 less than in the corresponding quarter of the last year; 54 to ague, being 9 less than in the preceding quarter, but 20 more than in the corresponding months of the last year; and 2 to enteric fever. In all 1,444 deaths were ascribed to fevers. 20 deaths from small-pox were registered, being 2 more than in the last quarter and 20 more than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. This I consider as a serious indication. From measles 25 deaths were registered, being 17 less than in the last three months, at 41 less than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. The mortality from cholera is 138 less than in the last quarter and 54 more than in the corresponding months of the last year. There were 86 cases, of which 58 proved fatal. To diseases of the respiratory system 941 deaths were referred, 55 less than in the previous quarter and 48 less than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. Of these deaths 569 were ascribed to bronchitis, being 55 less than in the last quarter, and 63 less than in the corrresponding quarter of the last year; 195 to pneumonia, being 32 less than in the last quarter, and 25 less than in the corresponding months of the past year. From diseases of the nervous system 491 deaths were registered, being 105 less than in the last quarter, and 5 less than in the corresponding months of the last year. To diseases of the digestive system 487 deaths were ascribed, being 148 less than in the last quarter and 4 less than in the corresponding quarter of the last year; of the deaths from diseases of the digestive system 227 were referred to diarrhœa, being 118 less than in the past quarter, and 25 less than in the corresponding period of the last year; 116 to dysentery, being 26 less than in the last quarter and 2 less than in the corresponding quarter of the past year. To all other diseases of the digestive system 144 were referred. The mortality from phthisis is 69 more than in the last quarter, and 82 more than in the corresponding period of the past year. From diseases of the generative system 69 deaths were registered, being 16 more than in the last quarter, and 20 more than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. To diseases of the circulatory system 42 deaths were referred, being 3 more than in the preceding quarter, and 6 more than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. 20 deaths were registered under the head of diseases of the urinary system. To the general affection—dropsy—31 deaths were referred, being 2 more than in the last quarter, and 6 more than in the corresponding period of the last year. 21 deaths were registered under the head of leprosy.

From affections of the organs of locomotion and cellular tissue 19 deaths were registered, being 11 less than in the last quarter and 6 less than in the corresponding months of the last year. To diseases of the cutaneous system 5 deaths were ascribed, being 2 more than in the last quarter. 5 premature births were registered. The deaths from old age and debility were 44 less than in the last three months, but 32 more than in the corresponding period of the last year. The deaths from accidents and violence amounted to 89, being 1 more than in the last quarter, but 9 less than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. 17 deaths were ascribed to poisoning, being 3 less than in the last quarter, and 2 more than in the corresponding period of the last year; of the deaths from poisoning 10 were suicidal and 6 accidental, of the latter 2 were from snake-bite, one from mephitic gas and one from dog-bite. The deaths from drowning were 5 less than in the last quarter, and 4 less than in the corresponding period of the last year; 13 were suicidal and 6 accidental, and in three instances, the circumstances, under which death took place, were not known.

The rate of mortality of the chief races living in the city is shown below.

	Per 1,000 of population.
Hindoos	25·12
Hindus, low-caste	30·04
Mussalmans	31·96
Parsees	18·84
Europeans	16·07

The increase of population in each class has not been estimated; the mortality is, therefore, less than shown.

The infant mortality is 401 less than in the last quarter, and 57 less than in the corresponding quarter of the past year. 2,071 children, under 5 years of age, died. The increase in the births registered this quarter is very satisfactory, 4,225 living—2,170 males and 2,055 females—and 286 still-born births were registered, being 460 more than in the last quarter and 177 more than in the corresponding quarter of the last year. The birth rate is equal to 19·15 per 1,000, allowing for the increase of population since 1881 and 21·85 on the Census of 1881.

The report was recorded, and it was also resolved, on the motion of Dr. Waters, seconded by Dr. Cowasji, to ask for a return of the mortality for the last ten years, showing the death-rate of each district with special reference to the drainage system.

RESULT OF THE CEYLON PEARL FISHERY.

The following table has been made up showing, amounts realized by sale of Government share of oysters each day since the Fishery commenced:—

	Date.	No. of Boats.	Sold for Government.	Average per 1,000.	Revenue R.
February	20 ...	36	49,880	41	2,045·08
	21 ...	38	51,900	48 to 50	2,535·00
	22 ...	37	69,175	77 to 81	5,403·18
	23 ...	35	67,300	79 to 81	5,328·40
	24 ...	37	48,224	61	2,041·66
	25 ...	39	40,000	61 to 75	2,679·00
	26 ...	No Fishery.			
	27 ...	144	130,355	65 to 71	8,604·43
	28 ...	153	167,145	68 to 72	11,663·86
	29 ...	185	348,465	56 to 57	19,652·51
March	1 ...	191	427,930	50 to 53	21,512·50
	2 ...	196	400,200	40 to 44	16,873·80
	3 ...	203	650,958	71 to 109	65,176·99
	4 ...	204	2,430,260	35 to 60	97,284·00
	5 ...	189	690,955	46	32,018·93
	6 ...	199	684,860	46 to 50	33,631·15
	7 ...	203	285,500	67 to 73	19,804·00
	8 ...	No Returns.			
	9 ...	203	304,475	56	17,050·60
	10 ...	No Returns.			
	11 ...	206	866,915	40 to 41	34,726·60
	12 ...	204	786,440	40 to 46	33,871·24
	13 ...	205	289,470	52 to 56	15,454·38
	14 ...	204	366,785	18 to 57	20,203·18
	15 ...	204	306,835	54 to 55	16,640·09
	16 ...	162	253,650	61 to 63	15,831.95
	17 ...	No Returns.			
	18 ...	195	217,715	66	14,369·12
	19 ...	41	98,435	69	6,792·02
	20 ...	195	283,170	45 to 72	18,415·45
	21 ...	195	403,820	60 to 62	24,322·84
	22 ..	199	507,605	68 to 70	35,244·35
	23 ...	198	471,580	60 to 69	30,247·80
	24 ...	No Fishery.			
	25 ...	192	264,375	56 to 65	14,905·00
	26 ...	194	354,535	56	19,853·96
	27 ...	197	235,380	60 to 61	14,273·18
	Total ...		12,554,292		R678,456·25*

* The official total receipt up to date is given as R712,169·82; but the addition of the figures, taken from the official telegrams, works out as above.—*Times of Ceylon.*

PASSENGERS FOR ENGLAND.

The following is a list of passengers per. MacIver's s. s. China sailing for Plymouth to-day at 10 a.m.:—

Mr. J. Harvey.
Mrs. Harvey.
2 Masters Harvey.
Col. H. C. Hamilton.
Mrs. Hamilton.
Master Hamilton.
2 Infants.
Mrs. Simpson.
Master Simpson.
Miss Forster.
Capt. E. Nicolls, R. A.
Mr. C. Pottinger.
Mrs. Baker.
Miss Baker.
Mr. Rumsby.
2 Master Rumsby, and Infant.
Mrs. Faulding.
Miss Faulding.
Mrs. Wilkins.

"ROUGH ON RATS."

Clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs beetles, insects, jack-rabbits, sparrows, gophers. At chemists and druggists.

"BUCHU-PAIBA."

Quick, complete cure, for all annoying Kidney Diseases. At chemists and druggists.—Cooper, Madon & Co. (Limited), Sole Agents, Bombay.

THE LEPER HOME.

The following is a list of further subscriptions to the Allbless Leper Home:—

	Rs.
Mr. Chucken Lallroy	10
A. K.	50
Mr. H. Couldery	30
Mr. W. Crowder	10
H. H. the Maharajah of Kisergarh	25
Mr. Dadabhoy Dinsha	25
Surgeon-Major Jayker	20
Messrs. Cursetjee Nusserwanjee and Sons	25
Mr. M. N. Nanavati	10
Mr. Munchershaw Cawasjee Metha	10
Dr. P. F. Gomes	10
Mr. Jamsetjee A. Dalal	10
Mr. V. R. Ghollay	25
Mr. Manockjee Sorabjee Walchagandy	50
Mr. J. R. Fernandez	15
Mr. James Jardine	10
Mr. K. M. Heeramanek	25
A Catholic (L. M. V.)	10
Mr. D. N. Dady	5
Mr. H. H. Hormasjee	10
Messrs. Cawasjee Dinshaw and Brothers, Adenwalla	5
Messrs. Cowasjee Jamsetjee Jessawalla and Eduljee and Byramjee Cawasjee Jessawalla, Firm of Jamsetjee Cowasjee Cooverjee and Sons	10
P. T.	10
A Parsee	5
Mr. S. A. Dingan	5
Mr. T. E. Cochrane	5
A Parsee Lady	5
Mr. Ardeseer P. Setna	5
Mr. Dadabhoy Hormusjee Dubash	20
Mr. Burjorjee Muncherjee Oonwala	3
Messrs. Dadabhoy Framjee Dwachas' Sons	3
The Hon. Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Kt.	25
Mr. Ardaseer Dosabhoy Monshee	5
Mr. C. H. Dadyshet	5
Mr. Nanabhoy B. Jeejeebhoy	5
Messrs. Framjee Ruttonjee and Co.	5
Mr. C. P. Powvalla	10
Mr. Noormahomed Jairazbhoy	25
Mr. Rahimtoolabhoy Peerbhoy	5
Mr. P. S. Kapadia	5
Mr. Dorabjee Bomanjee Divacha	5
Mr. Bhickajee Naorojee Palonjee	10
Mr. Nansee Khairaz	5
Mr. Rahimtoola Khuyerz	5
Mr. F. York Smith	10
Mr. E. H. Elsworthey	5
Mr. G. Jacob, C. S.	10
Mr. C. Metasas	5
A Catholic (L. M. V.) monthly	5
Mr. Nanu N. Kothare do.	1
Mr. Hormasjee M. Chichgar	5
Total Rs...	617

THE ICHHAPUR FIRE RELIEF FUND.

The following is the list of further donations received in aid of the above Fund.

	Rs.
(Through the Bank of Bombay.)	
Mr. Hormusjee E. Cama, Charity Fund	100
Dr. Cawasjee Pestonjee	7
Mr. Shapoorjee Sorabjee Narelwalla	25
Mr. Odhowjee Jairam, Charity Fund	30
Mr. Rajaram Govindram	25
(Through the *Jam-e-Jamshed.*)	
Bunde Khoda	100
Mr. Sorabjee Cowasjee Powalla	50
A Parsee Lady	25
Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee Karaka	10
Mr. H. H. B.	10
Mr. Nusserwanjee Manockjee Petit	250
Messrs. Shapoorjee Rustomjee Sookhia and Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee Umrighur	25
Mr. Cursetjee Manockjee Sett	10
Mr. Ardeshir Dossabhoy Moonshy	5
Mr. A. J. Kh	5
Mr. F. B. L.	3
Mr. Toolcipatar	2
A Hindoo	1
A Zoroastrian	1
A Zoroastrian B.	25
Mr. Heerjeebhoy Dadabhoy Allblesh	10
Bai Nuvajbai daughter of Mr. Framjee	5
Mr. Eduljee Framjee Allblesh's Sons	100
Bai Goolbai Hormusjee Jall	5
Mr. Muncherjee Eduljee Marris	5
A Zoroastrian	1
A Zoroastrian	2
A Hindoo	5
Mr. P. Darashaw Sethna	5
Mr. Muncherjee Furdoonjee Karaka	5
A Parsee Lady from Chinchpogli	5
Two Parsee Ladies	10
	Rs. 867

THE BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

The following are the Bombay season reports or the week ending the 10th instant:—

Karachi.—River at Kotri on 8th, 3 feet 10 inches, against 4 feet 10 inches on corresponding date last year. Rabi harvesting in progress in 11 and preparations for kharif in 8 talukas. Standing rabi crops good. Agricultural stock in fair condition.

Shikarpur.—Harvesting of rabi crops in progress throughout district; cotton-sowing continues. Condition of agricultual stock good.

Hyderabad.—Rabi crops in good condition; rabi harvesting continues. Preparation for kharif cultivation commenced. Agricultural stock healthy, except in one taluka.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Wheat crops in the Kashmor Taluka splendid; harvest just beginning.

Ahmedabad.—Rabi harvesting and cotton-picking nearly completed. The condition of agricultural stock good.

Panch Mahals.—Weather sultry. Public health and agricultural condition good.

Kaira.—Cotton-picking in progress; hot-weather crops doing well. Agricultural stock in good condition.

Broach.—Cotton-picking nearly completed; preparations for next season's crops commenced.

Surat.—Cotton-picking and wheat-harvesting over, except in Olpad Taluka. Agricultural stock fair. Cholera in Olpad, Chorasi, Chikhli, and Pardi talukas and Surat City; 414 cases and 180 deaths.

Khandesh.—Thrashing of gram, wheat, and linseed in progress. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Nasik.—Ploughing for next year's kharif sowing continues; rab collection in Dangi parts of the district in progress; rabi crop thrashing nearly completed. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature 1 deg. warm from 4th to 6th, 2 deg. warm from 7th to 9th, and nil on 10th. Vapour in air excessive, except on 9th when it was normal. Wind normal.

Thana.—Outturn of rabi crops from 10 to 14 annas per rupee. Preparation for next season's rice crop commenced in two talukas. Cholera in Shahapur Taluka; cases 55, fatal 40. Condition of agricultural stock good. Second sort rice 22 pounds.

Kolaba.—(Report for the week ending 9th April 1888).—Public health good; cattle-disease in some villages of Roha, Mangaon, and Mahad Talukas. Reaping of rabi crops finished. Rice, second sort, 26½, and tur dal, second sort, 22½ pounds per rupee.

Ratnagiri.—Reaping of winter crops in progress throughout district; preparation of lands for next cultivation in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition; want of fodder felt in Rajapur and Sangameshwar Talukas.

Poona.—Harvesting of rabi crops still continues only in parts of Junnar and Bhimthadi Talukas and in Peta Mulshi; elsewhere it is completed; preparing land for cultivation in progress throughout the district. Agricultural stock good. Outturn of rabi crops estimated at 12 annas in the rupee. Public health good. Bajri 34 and jowari 45 pounds in the district, and bajri 30 and jowari 37 pounds per rupee in Poona City.

Ahmednagar.—Ploughing for next season continues. Cholera in one village of Akola; 14 attacks, 11 deaths. Bajri average 42 and jowari 51 pounds.

Sholapur.—Slight rain in Barsi. Lands being prepared for the next season. The condition of agricultural stock good.

Satara.—Preparing fields for monsoon. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Bijapur.—Ploughing operations continue; harvest nearly completed; cotton-picking in progress. Condition of agricultural stock good.

Belgaum.—Ploughing and manuring land and cotton-picking continues. Sugar-cane and other standing crops doing well. Condition of agricultural stock fair.

Dharwar.—Slight rain in Mugud Peta and Hubli Taluka; scarcity of drinking water in some villages of Gadag and Kod Talukas, and of fodder in Navalgund Taluka. Harvesting of wheat and picking of cotton nearly completed.

Kanara.—Field operations continue. Cattle-disease in Ankola.

Rajkot.—Planting of sugarcane in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition.

Wadhwan.—Weather warm. Cotton-ginning in progress. Land being prepared for monsoon sowing.

Baroda.—Public health fair; slight cholera in Gandevi and Moha Talukas of Navasri Division; fever in Baroda City. Harvesting of rabi crops over; sugarcane plantation finished; probable outturn of crops from 6 to 10 annas. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder sufficient, Bajri 25, wheat 20, and rice 23 pounds.

General Remarks.—Slight rain in parts of Dharwar and Sholapur. Standing crops in good condition. Cotton-picking continues in parts of Gujarat and Southern Maratha Country. Harvesting of late crops completed in Kolaba and Baroda, and in progress in other districts. Ploughing operations for next season's crops in progress in Karachi, Hyderabad, Broach, Nasik, Thana, Ratnagiri, Poona, Ahmednagar, Sholapur, Satara, Bijapur, Belgaum, Kanara, and Wadhwan. Probable outturn of late crops from 10 to 14 annas in Thana, 12 annas in Poona, and from 6 to 10 annas in Baroda.

BENGAL.

Sauce for the Goose &c.—A native of the sweeper caste was charged by the local Police (McLeod Street) with beating tom-toms or drums, for two nights consecutively, to the annoyance of the neighbours, who were much disturbed, and their rest broken thereby. It appeared that when the accused was spoken to by the Police, and asked to desist, he and others pertinently enquired why they should be interfered with when *Sahibs* played on or sounded musical instruments in their houses, and so saying continued the disturbance, in spite of the warnings given. His Worship convicted the accused, and fined him Rs. 10, thereby impressing him with the fact that he could not do as he liked, and in defiance of the law.—*Mirror.*

Troops from Burma.—The following officers and troops arrived from Rangoon on Monday in the Clive:—7th Bengal Cavalry—4 British and 8 Native officers, 100 men, 181 followers. No. 2 Co. Bengal Sappers and Miners—2 officers, 2 non-commissioned officers, 4 Native officers, 123 men, 53 followers. 13th Bengal Infantry—Lieutenant-Colonel Cumberlege, Captain Newham, Commissary-General-in-Chief, Colonel Badcock, C. B., Post Master General, Mr. James, Lieutenant Seagrim, R. A. The Detachment 7th Bengal Cavalry and No 2 Co., Sappers and Miners will remain at the Camp Maidan, until further orders.—*Ibid.*

The Bengal Council.—At the close of Saturday's meeting of the Bengal Council, his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor stated that it seemed to be the opinion of the majority of members that it would be better to sit twice a week than to sit the whole day on Saturday. Amendments on the remaining sections of the Municipal Consolidation Bill continue to pour in almost daily, and it is impossible even to judge how much longer the members will be occupied in discussing them. Some hundreds of amendments are still to be disposed of.—*Ibid.*

Obituary.—The Small Cause Court has lost a second Judge through the death of Mr. Rajkissen Sen, Barrister-at-law, which occurred at his residence in the Circular Road. The deceased was 42 years of age, and had been on the bench for five years.—*Englishman.*

The Calcutta Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.—The following are the returns of the operations of the above Society for the month of March last:—Number of prosecutions, 657. Number of horses wounded, lame or otherwise ill-conditioned, 183. Number glandered (destroyed) 1. Number of bullocks, wounded, &c., 534. Number of donkeys tortured, 1. Number of fowls cruelly carried, 4. Total amount of fines inflicted, Rs. 1,312.—*Ibid.*

MADRAS.

The S. I. Railway.—The following numerously signed petition was forwarded, some time ago, to Sir Macdonald Stephenson, the Chairman of the South Indian Railway Board of Directors, London:—"We, the undersigned passengers who frequently travel on the South Indian Railway, respectfully beg to forward for your kind perusal the Government order given rise to by the unnecessary and vexations prosecution of two unfortunate girls, together with the comments made through the public prints on the working, &c., of this line. It will be noticed that Mr. Staunton, the Traffic Manager, very unceremoniously offers a general insult by accusing the public of 'windling.' We ask the Honourble Directors of the Company to judge whether an officer of the Company holding a high and responsible position could be allowed to libel the public with impunity."—*Mail.*

Polo at Ootacamund.—The Polo season is now in full swing at Ooty, and really good polo is to be seen on the A.B.C. ground twice every week. The ponies are, on the whole, a very good lot; there are plenty of them, and the game is a decidedly fast one. On Friday, the 6th instant, 13 players turned up for the game, of whom 7 were officers of the Royal Fusiliers quartered at Wellington, and the remainder A.D.C's to the Governor and the Commander-in-Chief. All Ooty was present: the game lasted during six "quarter hours," and the band of the Royal Fusiliers played during the time. Some forty polo ponies were to be seen clustered down by the lake, giving it quite and animated appearance. In a match next week, the Fusiliers are to meet the Government House team, and there will undoubtedly be a good game. The players are—for Government House: Captain Wyndham-Quin, Lord Marsham, Mr. Rees and Surgeon Briggs. For the Fusiliers: Col. Mares, Capts. Dease and Herbert, and Mr. Maxse.—*Ibid.*

Assaulting Police Officers in the Execution of Their Duties.—A native, named Soobramoonyan, was placed before Colonel J. Mackdonald Smith, the Chief Magistrate of the Presidency Magistsates' Court, Egmore, charged with having, on the night of 24th ultimo, at Mylapore, used criminal force to Police Constable Cadaravaloo, No. 863 A, attached to the Madaas Reserve Police Force. The evidence of six witnesses established the fact that the accused struck the Constable while at a temple feast at Mylapore, on the night in question. His Worship, in convicting the accused, said: "I have gone very carefully through the evidence in this case, and am decidedly of opinion that the accused is guilty of assaulting the complainant, a Police Officer. The Inspector of the division comes forward and proves that the accused is a violent man of bad character. This is the third case before me in the last month of assaults on the Police, while in the execution of their duties. Their duty is onerous enough, and they must be protected. The accused is also known to have brought false charges of bribery against Police Officers, which were enquired into by the Commissioner of Police and dismissed. I convict the accused under Section 353 of the Indian Penal Code, and sentence him to suffer three months' imprisonment with hard labour."—*Times.*

Objections to the Erection of a Church.—A meeting of the inhabitants of Tirewallur was held on Monday, the 8th instant, at 8 a. m., in the hall of the Native High School, Tirewallur, to concert measures against the erection of a church-house in the northern Raja Street by the Wesleyan Missionaries. Mr. C. Thiruvenkata Chariar, agent to His Holiness Sriman Ahobelam Sri Runganatha Mahayathi Desigaswami, the famous Matathipathi of the place presided, Messrs. Gopala Chariar, B.A., and Runga Chariar, B.A., addressed the meeting in Tamil. After a discussion of an hour, the following resolutions were carried:—1. That a petition praying for an enquiry be forwarded to the District Collector and Magistrate. 2. That a memorial be forwarded to his Excellency the Governor in Council of Fort St. George. 3. That a Sub-Committee consisting of Messrs. Gopala Chariar, B. A., M. Narasimha Chariar, B.A., Runga Chariar, B.A., C. Thiruvenkata Chariar, Munisami Naickar, Veerasa Chettiar, Sarangapani Chettiar and Krishnama Charriar, be formed with power to add to their number, to draft the said petition and memorial that another public meeting be held on Sunday, the 15th instant, at 5 p. m., to consider the draft petition and memorial. The meeting closed with three cheers for her Majesty the Queen Empress.—*Mail.*

N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAB.

Marriage with a Deceased Wife's Sister.—The following petition is about to be filed in the N. W. P. High Court, Matrimonial Jurisdiction:—Ellen Prinn falsely called Ellen Hindhaugh *versus* William Hindhaugh. The petition of Ellen Prinn falsely called Ellen Hindhaugh sheweth: that on the 30th day of December, 1871, your petitioner, then a spinster of 19 years of age, was married in fact (but illegally) to William Jackson Hindhaugh, then a widower of 28 years of age, at St. James's Church, at Calcutta; that from the said 30th of December, 1871, until the month of March, 1888, your petitioner lived and cohabited with the said William Jackson Hindhaugh at diverse places in British India, and particularly, at Sutna; that at the time of the performance of the said ceremony of marriage, the said William Jackson Hindhaugh, was a widower, having previously on the 22nd day of December, 1868, married Mary Ann Prinn, who died previous to the performance of the said ceremony of marriage between your petitioner and the said respondent. That the said Mary Ann Prinn was the sister of your petitioner; that there is no collusion or connivance between your petitioner and the said William Jackson Hindhaugh with respect to the subject of this suit. Your petitioner, therefore, prays that this Hon. Court will be pleased to declare that the said marriage in fact (but illegally) executed, as aforesaid, between your petitioner and the said William Jackson Hindhaugh, is null and void, and to decree that the said William Jackson Hindhaugh pay the costs of, an incident to, this suit; and that your petitioner have such other and further relief in the premises as to this Hon. Court may seem meet. I, Ellen Prinn, falsely called Ellen Hindhaugh, the petitioner named in the above petition, do declare that what is stated therein is true to the best of my information and belief.—*Morning Post.*

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, April 12.)

Military Department.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for six months on medical certificate:—Depy Comsry and Hony Capt C Tyler, Unattached List.

The services of Surg H Adey, I M S, are placed at the disposal of Govt for employment in the Civil Dept.

The undermentioned officer of the S C is entitled to the Col's allowance from the date specified:—Lieut-Col (Brvt Col) H S Anderson, C B, 6th April 1888.

The undermentioned officer has been granted leave out of India on medical certificate for one hundred and eighty-two days:—Lieut Col M M Carpendale, C S.

The undermentioned officer has been granted leave out of India on medical certificate for one year:—Capt S M Schneider, S C, Wing Officer, 2nd Bombay Infy.

The undermentioned Assist Apothecary is permitted to resign the Service at his own request:—G Pires, Subordinate Medl Dept.

The undermentioned officer has been granted by the Secy of State for India an extension of leave for the period specified:—H D M Minchin, SC, three months, medical certificate.

The undermentioned officer has been allowed by the Secy of State for India to retire from the Service, subject to H M's approval, with effect from the date specified:—Surgn-Major H DeTatham, IMS, MD, 1st April 1888.

Marine Department.

Capt M Bean, Indian Marine, Assist Port Officer, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for thirty days from the 16th April 1888.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

Judicial Department.

Rao Saheb Thakurdas Mathuradas, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Broach, was in charge of the current duties of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Anklesvar, in addition to his own, from 1st Dec 1887 to 21st Feb 1888, both days inclusive.

Sir F H Souter, Kt, CSI, CIE, Commissioner of Police, Bombay, is allowed privilege leave for two months from such date in the current month as he may avail himself of it.

Mr G W Cotgrave, Actg Supt of Police, Southern Maratha Railway, is allowed privilege leave for two months and seven days from 20th inst.

The Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr Dhanjisha Dadabhai to act as Dist Supt of Police in the Thana Dist during the absence of Mr G W Cotgrave on privilege leave or till further orders.

Mr W L Souter to act as Dist Supt of Police in the Kolaba Dist from the date of Mr F D Goldsmid's departure on leave, or till further orders.

Mr H Batty, CS, Barrister-at-Law, is appointed to act as Chief Presidency Magistrate and Revenue Judge of Bombay during the absence of Mr Crowley-Boevey, or till further orders.

The Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments during the absence of Sir F Souter, Kt, CSI, CIE, or till further orders:—

Mr H G Gell to act as Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Mr J G Smith to act as Depy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Mr C E Coles, Dist Supt of Police, Kolaba (on special duty in Egypt), is allowed leave on private affairs for six months from such date in the current month as he may report his arrival in Bombay.

Surg-Maj S M Salaman, Supt of the Central Jail, Yeraoda, is allowed privilege leave for one month from such date in the current month as he may avail himself of it.

The undermentioned Magistrates of the Second Class in the Thar and Parkar Dist are invested with powers to try case under the Opium Act, 1878:—Rao Saheb Hasomal Rochiram, Rao Saheb Topandas Khushiram, and Khan Saheb Mahomed Azof Nurmahomed.

The Govr in Council is pleased to place Mr C B Winchester, Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Ahmednagar, in charge of the sub-division of that district comprising the talukas of Rahuri, Kopargaon, Sangamner, and Akola.

Mr. Purshotam Gopal Kelkar is appointed to be Assist Public Prosecutor for the Ahmednagar District for such cases as may be made over to him by the Dist Public Prosecutor of that district.

Mr Temuras Naoroji Sanjana and Rao Saheb Vithal Vaikunth Vagle respectively delivered over and received charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Chiplun in the Ratnagiri District on the 21st ultimo.

The Govr in Council is pleased to invest Rao Bahadur Narayan Krishna Thanedar, Huzur Depy Colr and Magistrate, third class, Satara, with the powers conferred by the said Act on a Magistrate of Police in Bombay.

The Governor in Council is pleased to authorize Azam Damodar Babji, Mahalkari of peta Edalabad, taluka Bhusaval in the Khandesh District, to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar under the Mamlatdars' Courts Act, 1876.

The Govr in Council is pleased to authorize Azam Trimbak Moreshwar Bhagwat, Mahalkari of peta Yaval, taluka Savda in the Khandesh Dist, to exercise the powers of a Mamlatdar under the Mamlatdars' Courts Act, 1876.

A'zam Balkrishna Shripad, Actg Head Karkun of taluka Karwar in the district of Kanara, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class in that district under Sec. 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Rao Saheb Vaman Narayan Rahurkur and Mr. Temuras Nowroji Sanjana respectively delivered over and received charge of the second class Subordinate Judge's Court at Sinnar in the Nasik District on the 26th ultimo.

Rao Saheb Vishnu Raghunath Kelkar, Magistrate of the first class in the district of Ahmednagar, is invested with additional power.

The Govr in Council is pleased to invest Mr H C Mules, Magte of the first class in the district of Shikarpur, with power to try summarily all the offences mentioned or referred to in Sec 260 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

The undermentioned officers passed examinations in Gujarati and Kanarese according to the Higher Standard on the 4th instant:—

In Gujarati.—Rao Saheb Bhau Yeshvant Gupte, second class Subordinate Judge of Vital and Rao Saheb Narayen Gopal Phatak, Second class Subordinate Judge of Akola.

In Kanarese—Rao Saheb Sakharam Mahadeo Karandikar, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Devgad; Messrs Vajeram Manibhai Mehta and Maneklal Gordhandas Gunderia passed an examination in Marathi according to the Higher Standard on the same date.

Revenue Department.

The following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

Broach District.—Mr. Jamnadas Harkisandas, Offig Sub-Registrar of Broach, on 19th Jan 1888; Mr Ganpatram Kalidas, Offig Sub-Registrar of Broach, from 4th to 7th Feb 1888; Mr Motiram Ganpatram, Offig Sub-Registrar of Vagra, from 3rd to 5th February 1888, Mr Ratanram Parasram, Offig Sub-Registrar of Vagra, from 1st to 6th March 1888; Mr Jaganath Balgovan, Offig Sub-Registrar of Anklesvar, on 21st Feb 1888; and Mr Bhukandas Tribuvandas, Offig Sub-Registrar of Hansot, from 19th to 27th Feb 1888.

Panch Mahals District.—Mr Bhogilal Mahasukhram, Offig Sub-Registrar of Godhra, from 4th to 10th Feb 1888; and Mr. Vaikunthrai A'nandrai, Offig Sub-Registrar of Godhra, from 19th to 25th Feb 1888.

Ratnagiri District—Mr. Vithal Yeshvant, Offig Sub-Registrar of Vengurla, from 5th to 11th March 1888.

Ahmednagar District—Mr Vinayak A'nandrao, Offig Sub-Registrar of Sangamner, from 7th to 13th March 1888.

Bijapur District—Mr Rango Timaji, Offig Sub-Registrar of Bagevadi, from 21st Feb to 1st March 1888.

Mr H R Cooke, C S, Actg Collr of Kaira, is allowed furlough for eight months from 13th April 1888 or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments during the absence of Mr T M Cotgrave or till further orders:—Mr M C Leckie to act as first class Assist Collr of Salt Revenue; Mr W H McCann to act as second class Assist Collr of Salt Revenue; Mr. F J A Hill to act as third class Assist Collr of Salt Revenue; Mr H G Bulkley to continue to act as fourth class Assist Collr of Salt Revenue; and Mr A R Maidment to act as fourth class Assist Collr of Salt Revenue till the return of Mr E H Aitken or till further orders.

Mr H D E Forbes, Assist Supt, Poona and Nasik and Southern Maratha Country Revenue Surveys, is allowed furlough for one year.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr H T Ommanney, CS, to be First Assist Collr vice Mr F S P Lely, C S, transferred to foreign service, and Mr R M Kennedy, C S, to be Second Assist Collr vice Mr H T Ommanney, C S, promoted.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr C E Frost, C S, to act as Collr and Magte of the district of Kaira, Dist Registrar, Kaira, and Political Agent, Cambay, and to be member and President of the Local Board established for the Kaira District, from the date of departure on leave of Mr H R Cooke, C S, till further orders.

Mr Haripad Mitra, LCE, Sub-Assist Conservr of Forests, Kolaba, passed an examination in Marathi according to the Higher Standard on the 4th inst.

Mr H Mainwaring, Depy Conservr of Forests, third grade, and Divisional Forest Officer, Ahmednagar, is allowed privilege leave of absence for three months from the 2nd May 1888 or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

The following appointments were made in the Registration Department:—

Ahmednagar District—Mr. Vishnu Ramkrishna, Offig Sub-Registrar of Karjat, from 9th to 15th March 1888.

Satara District—Mr Antaji Bhikaji, Offig Sub-Registrar of Wai, from 1st to 4th March 1888; and Mr Damodar Govind, Offig Sub-Registrar of Javli on 11th Feb 1888.

Mr Balvant Sakharam, Offig Sub-Registrar of Karad, from 4th to 12th Feb 1888.

Dharwar District—Mr Devji Mahadev, Offig Sub-Registrar of Navalgund, from 28th Jan to 13th March 1888.

Kanara District—Mr Venkatrao Shankar, Offig Sub-Registrar of Yellapur, from 26th Feb to 6th March 1888.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to extend for one year the tenure by Surgn-Major A Barry, M D, FRCS, of the office of Supt of Matheran.

General Department.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Surg C Monks to act as Health Officer of the Port of Bombay during the absence of Surgn F F MacCartie, BA, MB, BCh, or until further orders.

Assist Surgn Darabsha Eduljee Kothavala, L M & S, is appointed to the medical charge of the Civil Hospital, Dapoli, with effect from 27th March 1888.

Mr Sorabjee Fardunjee Ghandhy, LM and S, is appointed an Assist Surg of the third grade.

Miscellaneous Appointments, &c.

The Dist Judge of Poona granted Rao Saheb Ramchandra Ganesh Bakhle, Subordinate Judge of Talegaon and Sasvad, privilege leave on half pay for fifteen days, commencing from the 14th March 1888.

The Hon the Chief Justice and Judges of H M's High Court of Judicature have been pleased to sanction the adjournment of the Courts of Small Causes at Surat and at Broach from the 11th to the 31st May 1888, both days inclusive.

Azam Mulji Kalidas, Acting Head Karkun, taluka Amod in the Broach District, acted as Mamlatdar of that taluka from 2nd to 15th March 1888, pending the arrival of the permanent incumbent transferred to that taluka.

Mr. M. P. Kharegbat, C.S., delivered over and Khan Bahadur Edalji Dosabhai received charge of the office of the Assist Collr, Ahmedabad, on the 2nd inst.

A'zam Vinayek Ganesh Gadkari, Head Karkun, taluka Bassein in the Thana Dist, acted as Mamlatdar of that taluka during the absence of Rao Saheb Wasudev Shiwaji on privilege leave from 12th to 26th ultimo, both days inclusive.

A'zam Laxuman Narsinh, Aval Karkun of the Bhusaval Taluka, acted as Mamlatdar of the Nandurbar Taluka in the Khandesh Dist from 7th Dec 1887 to 10th Jan 1888, both days inclusive, during the absence on privilege leave for two months of Rao Saheb Balkrishna Ramchandra Tipnis.

Col F H Codrington delivered over and Mr J B Biddle received charge of the office of the Dist Supt of Police, Satara, on the 19th ultimo.

Messrs W Woodward and C E Frost respectively delivered over and received charge of the Nasik Collectorate on the 27th March 1888.

Mr. Ramchandra Krishna Pulsandikar, Depy Accountant, Sholapur Collector's Office, is appointed to act as Head Accountant in the same office during the absence of Rao Saheb Vishnu Bapuji Wadekar on leave on private affairs for three months from the 4th inst.

In consequence of the appointment of Rao Saheb R R Bhardi, as Actg Dist Depy Collr at Dharwar, and the return of Rao Bahadur Mulay from leave, the following appointments and reversions are ordered:—Rao Saheb Wasudeva R Patwardhan reverts to his appointment as Mamlatdar and first class Magistrate at Bhusaval; Rao Saheb Laxman Moreshwar Deshpande to continue to do duty as Mamlatdar and first class Magistrate at Satara during the absence of Rao Saheb Bhardi; Rao Saheb W P Late, LCE, on being relieved at Bhusaval, to do duty as Mamlatdar of Nasik; Rao Saheb B N Dabir, BA, to continue to act as Mamlatdar of Chopda; and Rao Saheb Y B Tambe, BA, now doing duty at Nasik, and Rao Saheb V W Phadke, now doing duty at Copargaon, to revert to their permanent posts at Kopargaon and Peint respectively.

Messrs J Fairlie Muir and C P B Wiltshire respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of Collr and Dist Magistrate, Belgaum, on the 30th ultimo.

Mr. Raghvendra Bhimrao, Head Clerk to the Collr of Dharwar, is appointed to act as Mamlatdar of Indi in the Bijapur Dist, vice Rao Saheb Gururao Ramchandra Mokasi, appointed to act as Dist Depy Collr of Belgaum.

Messrs W Doderet and W W Drew respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of the Assist Collr of Bombay on the 2nd inst.

Messrs M C Leckie and J H Dickinson respectively delivered over and received charge of the Assist Collr of Salt Revenue in charge Runn Salt-works, Kharaghoda, on the 23rd March last.

Under the authority delegated to him by Govt the Commissioner of A'bkari hereby invests Ranchod Shuklal, servant of the A'bkari Farmer of Godhra Kalol and Halol Talukas of the Panch Mahals, with powers under Sec 37 of the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878, to be exercised by him within the limits of the said farm during the farmer's tenure thereof, and during his employment by the said farmer.

The following promotions and transfers are made vice Jivansing Ramsing, first grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Ahmedabad Zilla, deceased:—Rewashanker Sukhram, second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Ahmedabad Zilla, is promoted to first grade, with effect from 16th Feb 1883; Dalpatram Bapuji, third grade Local Fund Vaccinatar, Panch Mahals, is promoted to second grade and transferred to Ahmedabad Zilla, from 13th March 1888, vice Rewashankar, Sukhram promoted; and Bhaishanker Keshoram, Candidate Vaccinator, Panch Mahals Zilla, is appointed third grade Local Fund Vaccinator in the same zilla, with effect from 6th March 1888, vice Dalpatram, promoted and transferred.

Narayan Bapurao, first grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kanara Zilla, was granted sick leave from 23rd Aug 1887 to 15th Jan 1888 inclusive; and Gopal Appajee was appointed to act for him.

Mr Govind Appajee, third grade Inspr of Sanitation and Vaccination, Belgaum Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 22nd Jan to 4th March 1888 inclusive.

Ramchunder Pandurang third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Bijapur Zilla, is suspended from duty, with effect from 5th March to 4th June 1888 inclusive, the period of suspension to count towards service for pension.

Rango Gurnath, Candidate Vaccinator, is appointed sub *pro tem* third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Bijapur Zilla, from 5th March to 4th June 1888 inclusive, vice Ramchunder Pandurang, suspended.

Shioram Apaji, third grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Kolaba Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 28th Jan to 27th March 1888 inclusive, and Gunesh Purshotum Datar, sub *pro tem.* Candidate Vaccinator, was appointed to act for him.

Shitaram Sadashive, second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Khandesh Zilla, was granted leave without pay from 9th to 31st March 1888 inclusive, and is transferred to Nasik Zilla, with effect from 1st April 1888.

Krishna Dagduset acted as second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Khandesh Zilla, from 21st to 31st March 1888 inclusive, during the absence of Shitaram Sadashive on leave without pay.

Ganesh Narayan, second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Nasik Zilla, is transferred to Khandesh Zilla, with effect from 26th March 1888.

Balkrishna Venkaji, second grade Local Fund Vaccinator, Bijapur Zilla, was granted privilege leave from 26th Dec 1887 to 24th Feb 1888 inclusive, and Candidate Vaccinator Venkaji Tatyaji was appointed to act for him.

A'zam Waman Balkrishna Deshpande is appointed to be Mahalkari of Nawpur, taluka Nandurbar, vice A'zam Damodar Babjee, whose appointment is hereby cancelled.

Surg D C Davidson and Assist Surgn Bhickaji Edalji Ghaswala respectively delivered over and received charge of the Kaira Dist Jail on the 3rd April 1888.

Under the authority delegated to him in Govt Notification No. 2213, dated 15th April 1887, the Dist Magistrate of Sholapur has appointed Rao Saheb Ramchandra Govind Mangrulkar, Magistrate second class, Taluka Sholapur, to be a Visitor of the Sub-Jail at Sholapur.

Under the heading, "Mr. Chamberlain and Eighteen Pretty Girls," the *New York Herald* says:—Trust the breezy West for startling social revolutions and developments. Just before the British Commissioners left Washington, Mrs. Hitt, wife of an Illinois representative, gave Mr. Joseph Chamberlain a luncheon, at which he was the only man among eighteen beautiful girls. The luncheon was superb, the girls were charming, and the Member for Birmingham was at his best.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 12.

BUSINESS during the past week has been of a somewhat intermittent character, lacking the sustained animation which is natural to this, our busiest season of the year. There has been a good deal doing in Cotton on some days, however, and the market for that staple has latterly been firm at an advance of Re. 1 to Rs. 4 upon our quotations of a week ago. There has been rather more passing in Wheat and Seeds, supplies of which, from the new crop, are increasing daily; but business in these exports is still on a limited scale, restricted by the state of the consuming markets, and the comparatively high range of prices here. The course of Exchange has been upward during the greater part of the week, and 1s. 4 15-16d. was touched at one time for demand Bank Bills, and 1s. 4⅝d. for there months' sight Credits; but latterly a weaker tone has again prevailed, and rates at closing are only 1-16d. to 3-32d. above last Thursday's quotations. Government Paper has been active and advancing, and Four per cents. have moved up 1¼ per cent. in a strong market. A fair business has been passing in shares, and higher rates have been paid for favourite Mill Scrip. Freights have been quiet, but quotations have hardly changed. Business in Imports continues on the same dull level as before, and without indication of returning animation either in the ready or arrival branch of the trade at present.

MONEY.—The circumstances of this market were pretty clearly indicated when the Presidency Bank reduced its rates by one per cent. last week, as mentioned in our last report. The statement which the Bank issued on Monday showed a decrease in the Cash Balance of nearly eleven lakhs and a net increase in trade requirements to the extent of about 16⅝ lakhs, brought about by withdrawals of private Deposits, and an expansion of Discounts; but this is only what might be looked for, now that new produce of all kinds is arriving freely, and as the directors have separated this afternoon, leaving their minimum rate at 6 per cent. per annum, we may conclude that no signs of stringency are apparent, asindeed is confirmed by the appearances in the open market.

EXCHANGE.—Notwithstanding news of a further decline in the price of Silver in London, a steadier feeling set in here on last mail day, and rates generally advanced 1-16d. A fair business was done in 3 months' sight Credits at 1s. 4 13-32d. for April-May delivery, and at 1s. 4⅜d. for June. Bank Paper was not in much request by remitters; but transactions for future delivery were reported between banks. The market remained steady to the close of the week, but with not much business passing on any line. Three months' sight Credits were quoted at 1s. 4 7-16d. for May-June delivery; and Bank Wire Transfers at 1s. 4 5-16d. up to the 30th June. Transactions continued on a very limited scale when the market re-opened on Monday; but a firmer tone prevailed on that day, leading to an advance of 1-32d. to 1-16d. in rates on Saturday's final quotations, forward business having been practicable on about the same terms as ready transactions. The market continued firm on the following day, and rates further advanced 1-32d. for demand Bank Bills, and 3-32d. for three months' sight Credits, Wire Transfers being also quoted 3-32d. higher. Few Bills were making, and the chief business was in private Wire Transfers at 1s. 4 7-16d. Bank Telegraphic was quoted at 1s. 4⅝d. for delivery to the end of the year, and business between Banks was reported at that rate. The market opened steady yesterday in sympathy with the news from London of an advance in Silver, and of extra Council allotments at improved rates, and at one time an advance of 1-16d. in demand Bank Bills, and of 1-32d. in 3 months' sight Credits was quoted. Rates, however, almost entirely lacked the test of actual business, and, as the day advanced, the feeling became weaker, and the improvement was in the case of Bank Bills partially, and in that of Credits wholly, lost, the market closing quiet pending the receipt of news regarding the regular Council allotments. On that news coming to hand this morning reporting sales of Bills at 1-32d. to 1-16d. below Tuesday's rates (though 1-32d. above the price obtained at last week's regular sales) our market became weaker, and rates fell 1-16d. for demand Bank Bills, and 3-32d. for 3 months' sight Credits. At closing Bank Wire Transfer was obtainable forward at 1s. 4 11-32d., and we quote ready rates as follows:—

Bank Bills on demand			1s. 4½d.	per rupee.
Do.	Telegraphic Transfer		1s. 4½d.	,,
Do.	3 months' sight		1s. 4 7-16d.	,,
Do.	4	,,	1s. 4 15-32d.	,,
Do.	6	,,	1s. 4 17-32d.	,,
Credits	3	,,	1s. 4⅜d.	,,
Do.	6	,,	1s. 4 11-32d.	,,
Documents	3	,,	1s. 4 13-32d.	,,
Do.	6	,,	1s. 4⅜d.	,,
Francs	3	,,	1·74½	,,
Do.	6	,,	1·74¾	,,

The usual Official Statement regarding Silver in the Mint gives the following figures:—

	Rs.
Value of Silver in the Mint on 4th April, 1888....	85,55,832
Silver received during the week..................	22,12,803
	1,07,68,635
New coin paid during the week	13,00,000
	94,68,635
Silver belonging to private individuals	57,96,844
	1,52,65,479
Last week................................	1,55,26,865

GOVERNMENT PAPER was firm when our last mail left at a further advance in rates. The cash price for Four per cents. during the greater part of the day was 99½, while for the next account 99⅝ was quoted, and 98⅞ for the end of May; but before the market closed a further rise of ⅛ per cent. was established. Thereafter the upward movement continued, 99⅝ having been the general quotation for Fours for cash on Saturday. For the coming account 99 11-16 was touched; but the rate afterwards receded to 99 9-16, the quotation for May having been 99¼d. A strong feeling was manifested at the beginning of this week, and Fours were soon quoted at an advance of ⅜ per cent. for Cash, the rate standing at par during the greater part of the day, but moving up another 1-16d. per cent. towards the close, 99¾ being quoted for the May account. The market continued strong and active during the greater part of the next day at 100 3-16 for Four per cents. for cash and for the nearer account, the quotation for the 31st proximo (for which a large proportion of the business was done) having remained steady at par. The feeling became a little weaker afterwards, and the rate for money and the 30th instant drooped to 100⅛. A quieter feeling prevailed in the market yesterday; but Fours were steady throughout the day at 100⅛ for money and the next account, and 99 15-16 to par for the 31st proximo. To-day, in a strong and active market the cash and near account rate has further advanced to 100 7-16, at which we close, 100¼ being quoted for the 31st proximo. 4½ per cent Paper which, however, has not been upon the market to any extent, has been put up in sympathy with the other denomination, and is quoted this evening at 107¼.

Municipal 5 per cent. Bonds have advanced one per cent, being now quoted at 106. Port Trust Bonds, also, are higher to the same extent, at 95.

SHARES.—A pretty good business has been passing on some days in this market, and as far as Mill Scrip (on which the bulk has been booked), is concerned, a considerable advance, compared with our quotations by last mail, has been established. Present rates show a rise of Rs. 60 per share in Queen; of Rs. 30 in Hindustan; of Rs. 25 in Manockjee Petit, and Ripon; of Rs. 22 in Oriental; of Rs. 20 in Luckmidas Khimji, and Western India; of Rs. 15 in Jevraj Balloo, Khatao Macconji, and New Great Eastern; of Rs. 7½ in David and Jamshed Manufacturing; of Rs. 5 each in Empress, Howard, and Bullough, and City of Bombay Manufacturing. The declines have been Madras United, Rs. 25; Bombay United and Hyderabad Deccan, Rs. 10 each; and Alliance Rs. 2½. Fort Press shares have advanced Rs. 25; and New Berar Press Rs. 10. Mofussil Press are Rs. 2½ down. Prince of Wales Fire Insurance have moved up Rs. 25. Bombay-Burma Trading, second issue have declined Rs. 2½. Treacher and Co. are Rs. 20 higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—*Grey Shirtings*, 6 lb., 7 lb, and 10 lb, of 40 and 45 inch widths, have been more in demand than other *Greys*, and prices for these are half-an-anna higher. Demand from up-country has in no wise improved since the date of our last report; but dealers are averse to sell without an advance, because they cannot replace their stocks on the present level of rates. *Madapollams* and *Jaconets* are also in good demand. *Bleached Goods* are firmly held, but without any improvement in rates. Other descriptions are quite unaltered in position and value. The week's off-take is estimated at 2,700 packages. In *Local Goods* there has been rather more doing, and the week's sales are put down at 3,200 bales, the increase being chiefly due, however, to the sale by a mill of some 900 bales of *Domestics* under preparation, at 7 to 7 1-16 annas per lb. The market is quiet, but steady.

YARNS.—A moderate business at previous quotations is reported in imported *Yarns*, and the market for these is steady. The sales of *Local Spinnings* at Hongkong for the fortnight have been 9,200 bales, with an upward tendency in the price of 20s. In response to this, an advance of 1-16 anna per lb. has taken place here, sales of this count having been effected at 7 annas per lb. The sales for the week have aggregated some 7,000 bales, and the market closes active and advancing at the following official quotations:—

Twist.........No.	6s	Mule,	Ans.	4½	per lb.
,, ...,,	8s	,,	,,	4⅞ to 5	,,
,, ...,,	10s	,,	,,	5¼ to 5⅝	,,
,, ...,,	12s	,,	,,	5⅜ to 5¾	,,
,, ...,,	16s	,,	,,	6¼ to 6 5-16	,,
,, ...,,	20s	,,	,,	6½ to 7	,,
,, ...,,	24s	,,	,,	7¼ to 7½	,,
,, ...,,	30s	,,	,,	8⅛	,,

Below we give a comparative statement, from which it will be seen that in all the items of Cotton goods the shipments from the other side to our Port were heavier for last month than for February, and heavier also than the shipments for the corresponding month last year, while the quantity of Yarn shipped is only slightly lighter. Taking the first three months of the year, however, we find a material decrease in Plain Cottons, and some falling off in Coloured Cottons, but an increase both in Printed Cottons and Twist, as against the corresponding three months of last year.

	March 1888.	Feb. 1888.	March 1887.
Bombay—			
Plain Cottons .....yds.	45,800,000	41,750,000	44,900,000
Colored Cottons.. ,,	4,750,000	3,150,000	4,400,000
Printed Cottons.. ,,	11,000,000	8,350,000	5,850,000
Twist ....lbs.	1,400,000	1,450,000	1,450,000
Calcutta—			
Plain Cottons ......yds.	73,250,000	68,850,000	76,450,000
Colored Cottons... ,,	7,500,000	5,150,000	5,550,000
Printed Cottons... ,,	2,800,000	2,200,000	3,250,000
Twist ....lbs.	1,750,000	1,400,000	1,300,000
Madras—			
Plain Cottons..... yds.	7,400,000	7,250,000	8,100,000
Colored Cottons.. ,,	800,000	1,250,000	1,800,000
Printed Cottons.. ,,	1,450,000	1,750,000	1,750,000
Twist ....lbs.	900,000	1,050,000	1,150,000
Bombay only—	Three months 1888.		Three months 1887.
Plain Cottons....yds.	132,550,0 0		141,800,000
Coloured Cottons ,,	11,550,000		11,900,000
Printed Cottons ,,	28,450,000		18,300,000
Twist lbs.	5,100,000		4,900,000

METALS.—Little has been doing in *Copper* during the past week, and the market is quiet at a decline of 8 annas per cwt. *Yellow Metal* has been steady at previous rates, but with only a limited demand. A small business is reported in *Iron*, but prices are steady at the former level.

COALS are very firm, and prices are advancing. Large sales have been reported during the week of Powell's Duffryn Cardiff, March-April sailing, at Rs. 21½ to Rs. 22; of Davison's West Hartley, at Rs. 20; and Dalton's Welsh Hartley, at Rs. 19½ per ton; and sellers are now asking 8 annas more than these rates.

EXPORTS.

COTTON was still active when our last mail left, and a further advance of Re. 1 per candy was established in Bhownuggur, for which growth there has been more forward enquiry from exporters than for other kinds, while dealers have been unwilling sellers. The market quieted down a good deal at the close of the week, and little business transpired either on Saturday or on Monday, though on the latter day a demand for the best quality of Broach led to an advance of Re. 1 per candy in that growth and quality. On Tuesday the market became active again, and a further rise took place in Broach and Bhownuggur, prices of other growths being steadily maintained. A good demand, principally for ready stuff, and largely on account of local buyers, continued to be felll thereafter, and rates again moved up Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy for best Broach, for Bhownuggur, and for Dharwar. The reported purchases of ready cotton during the week comprise some 5,000 bales of Bengals, at prices ranging fom Rs. 168 to Rs. 184, according to quality. In ready Oomra kinds the principal lots taken have been of Julgaum, at Rs. 191-206½ and Nuggur, at Rs. 199-209. Smaller parcels have also changed hands of Khangaum, at Rs. 210; Dhulia, at Rs. 186-8; Karanja, at Rs. 209; and Barsee at Rs. 219½. In Dholleras Wadwan has attracted most attention, and has been largely bought at Rs. 190-208. A good deal of Veraval has also been taken at Rs. 180-95, the other purchases under the head of Dhollera descriptions having been in Bhownuggur, at Rs. 203-8; Mowa, at Rs. 214½; Veerumgaum, at Rs. at 193; and Kutch, at Rs. 191½. A fair quantity of Broach has been done at Rs. 226-34; and a few hundred bales of Compta of the new crop, just arrived, found local buyers at Rs. 170-75 per candy.

The following are to-day's quotations for full pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, *via* Canal, without commission:—

			Per Candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal, Fine,		Ready	Rs. 183	= 3 27-32d.
Do. Fully Good		do.	,, 177	= 3 23-32d.
Do. Good.		do.	,, 172	= 3¾d.
Oomra Fully Good		do. (Good Staple)	,, 215	= 4⅛d.
Do. Good		do. do.	,, 209	= 4⅛d.
Do.	F.G.F.	do. do.	,, 200	= 4 3-16d.
Khandeish, Good,		do.	,, 197	= 4⅛d.
Do.	F.G.F.	do.	,, 190	= 4d.
Belatee, Fully Good,		do.	,, 198	= 4 5-32d.
Do. Good		do.	,, 191	= 4d.
Do.	F.G.F.	do.	,, 185	= 3 29-32d.
Broach, Fine,		April	,, 243	= 5 1-16d.
Do. Good		do.	,, 230	= 4 13-16d.
Dhollera, Fine,			,, 220	= 4 19-32d.
Do. Fully Good		do.	,, 212	= 4 7-16d.
Do. Good		do.	,, 200	= 4 3-16d.
S. G. Dharwar, Good,		May	,, 206	= 4 5-16d.
Westerns, Good,		June	,, 192	= 4 1-32d.

The arrivals of New Cotton into Bombay this Season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season. 1887-88. Bales.	Season. 1886-87. Bales.
Bengals........................	166,000	204,000
Oomras—		
Berar	134,500	276,500
Khandeish....................	158,000	173,500
Barsi and Nugger	46,000	56,500
Hingunghaut	675	19,400
Broach	81,000	57,000
Dhollera	151,000	90,500
Persian & Sind...............	33,500	18,500
	770,675	895,900

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the two previous years:—

	Bales. 1888	Bales. 1887	Bales. 1886
Receipts.			
For the week..........	69,307	77,131	57,408
From 1st Jan. to 11th April ..	724,497	734,708	650,338
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week..........	47,519	35,964	55,879
From 1st Jan. to 11th April ..	403,546	430,546	415,885
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week..........	381	451	2,917
From 1st Jan. to 11th April ..	10,894	11,416	22,595

WHEAT.—Free arrivals of the new crop have been coming to hand daily; but prices are quoted on about the previous level. There has been a good deal doing at intervals, chiefly in Pessy (91 per cent.) at Rs. 4-3-6, and (85 per cent.) at Rs. 4-2-6 per cwt, and Hard Yellow at Rs. 4-7-0 per cwt; but there is nothing like general activity in the market yet.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* of the new crop is also arriving freely, and there has been a moderate demand which has been met to some extent; but business is checked by the higher rates demanded by dealers. We quote Rs. 5-15-0 and Rs. 6-2-0 for small and bold Brown respectively. Supplies of new Rapeseed are increasing daily, and a fair business has been reported, chiefly in Yellow Cawnpore, at Rs. 5-10-6, and Yellow and Red Delhi at Rs. 5-2-3 per cwt. Yellow Guzerat is quoted at Rs. 6-3-0 per cwt. Poppy Seed is quiet at Rs. 6-8-0 per cwt., ready and forward.

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Wheat—For the week.........	396,060	382,173	321,682
,, From 1st Jan. to 11th April	1,859,368	2,371,475	2,219,338
Linseed—For the week.........	128,130	136,039	162,056
,, From 1st Jan. to 11th April	866,651	900,784	1,318,307
Rapeseed—For the week	57,467	33,420	59,884
,, From 1st Jan. to 11th April	173,700	149,043	328,453
Gingelly Seed—For the week.	16,847	25,591	25,872
,, From 1st Jan. to 11th April	561,921	650,810	657,845

The clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
Wheat—For the week	213,190	118,600	126,512
,, From 1st Jan. to 11th April	1,116,644	1,924,928	1,905,185
Linseed—For the week	130,324	86,493	141,709
,, From 1st Jan. to 11th April	702,298	486,530	1,915,831
Rapeseed—For the week	23,332	6,639	86,198
,, From 1st Jan. to 11th April	124,519	122,352	280,586
Gingelly Seed—For the week.	9,106	4,215	43,460
,, From 1st Jan. to 11th April	586,718	587,971	627,950

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	100 7-16
Four-and-a-half per cent.	107¼
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	106
Six per cent. Municipal Loan House Rate........	
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872.....................	
Paris Municipal Loan	215
Port Trust Bonds...................................	95

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price.—As. 4 per Copy.

CONTENTS.

PAGE
1-2 HOMEWARD MAILS FROM BOMBAY—OUTWARD MAILS FROM EUROPE—LATEST TELEGRAMS—HEADS OF INTELLIGENCE—GENERAL SUMMARY.
2-3 GENERAL SUMMARY.
4 The Fall of Zil-i-Sultan—Notes from Persia—Attack on Colonel Bullock by a Budmash—Fire at a Jute Mill—Disastrous Fire at Ichhapur.
5 TELEGRAMS—Horse and Agricultural Show at Wankaner.
6 The Guzerat Cup, 1888.
7 The Fatal Polo Accident at Neemuch—MILITARY.
8 Death of the Dewan of Dharampore—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY—H. M. S. Humber—Lady Reay's Fancy Fair—The Pilgrim Traffic.
9 Seeing Ourselves as Others See Us—Government Scholarships in High Schools—Proposed New Municipal Offices for Bombay.
10 The Income Tax in the Bombay Presidency—A Suit against the Municipality.
11 Bombay Municipal Corporation—Alleged Corruption in the Public Works Department.
12 The Refraction of Wheat—Life Assurance in India—The Poona Assault Case—Cholera at Atgaum.
13 Bombay Town Council—Second Criminal Sessions—The Beer Poisoning Case at Agra.
14 CORRESPONDENCE: Discrepancies in the Budget—The Town Council and Mr. J. Cowasjee Jehanghier—The Late Mr. Stormont—Leper Asylum for Bombay—The Regulation of the Mill Industry of Bombay.
15 The Policeman and the Bhattis—The Recent Tragedy at Rajkote.
16 Lord Dufferin and the Talukdars of Oudh.
17 LEADING ARTICLES: The Viceroy at Lucknow—Steel and Statistics.
18 LEADING ARTICLE: Hyderabad and its Railways.
19 LEADING ARTICLES: New Municipal Buildings—Dram Drinking and Frontier Defence.
20 LEADING ARTICLES: Saving Rs. 3 90,000—Opinions about Silver.
21 Execution of an Elephant—Mr. O'Conor and the Calcutta Merchants.
22 Litigation in the North-West—Tiger Shooting in the Terai—The Viceroy's Last Tiger—Adulterated Ghee for the Sikkim Expedition—Military Reform in Gwalior—Presentation to a Railway Manager—What is to become of Ayub Khan?—The Humours of the Sikkim Expedition—The Kidderpore Docks.
23 Hospital Quarters for Native Gentlemen—The Duc D'Orleans' Shooting Adventures—Official Plurality in India—BENGAL—MADRAS—N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH AND PUNJAB—BURMA.
24 OFFICIAL GAZETTES: Bombay Government Orders.
25 Government of India Orders—Punjab Government Orders.
22-23-24 COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE. SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE—BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS—ADVERTISEMENTS.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

TOTHILL—NEWELL—April 11, at the Scottish Church, J. B. Tothill, 3rd son of the late R. W. Tothill, Esq., of Bramford Speke Devon, to Mary J. Newell, second daughter of Captain Newell, P. & O. S. N. Co., Bombay.

DEATH.

McLAGGAN—April 10, at Matheran, Charles Forbes, infant son of A. McLaggan, aged 4 months and 20 days.

OTHER PRESIDENCY.

MARRIAGE.

BLEES—CALDWELL—April 4, at Christ Church, Jubbulpore, by Rev M Lambert, John Blees, Photographer, to Mrs M A Caldwell.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, APRIL 13, 1888.

THE case for the transfer of Sind to the Punjab does not, in any of its aspects, grow stronger on closer investigation. The argument from authority has been put forward with unreserved confidence, and we have been asked to believe that whatever reasons might be urged against the change the balance of weighty opinion was against us. Lord Dalhousie and Sir J. P. Grant have been cited as authoritative witnesses for the transfer, without much regard for the fact that Lord Dalhousie was consciously over-weighted by the burdens of administration which in his day rested upon the Supreme Government, and that any change which would help forward the transformation of the Punjab Government from a Chief Commissionership to a Lieutenant-Governorship would naturally have strong *prima facie* claims upon his favour. When, four years later, the Punjab was put under a Lieutenant-Governor, the Secretary of State expressly declared against the expediency of incorporating Sind with the newly constituted Lieutenant-Governorship, albeit that in every other direction its limits were left for the Government of India to define. There were many reasons, the Secretary of State wrote, why Sind, "the affairs of which were so admirably administered by Mr. Bartle Frere under the Government of Bombay, should remain attached to that Presidency." Lord Canning, in a Minute on this despatch, observed that the decision seemed to be a right one. Ten years later, a despatch from the Home Government having raised in an incidental and somewhat indefinite way the question whether Sind and other provinces, should be placed directly under the Supreme Government, or should remain under the subordinate Governments, Lord Lawrence, then Governor-General, despite his affection for the Punjab, was silent as to the claims of that Government to have Sind in its charge. "I would say that in my opinion Sind should remain under Bombay" wrote the statesman who made the Punjab, and who was never reluctant to do anything that might advance its interests. So too Sir William Mansfield, the Commander-in-Chief, "thought it would be a mistake to alienate Sind from Bombay," and this with a full regard to the larger questions of frontier policy which might be involved. For, as he said, "The Political Agents, as Superintendents of the Sind Frontier, have in truth nothing to do with Afghan politics, our relation to which can alone be directed by the Viceroy himself." And further:—"I can see no advantage, but on the contrary, great harm, in making a disposition of Sind different from that which has been attended with marked success. This province has, under the Bombay Government, been administered separately, as it were, by a succession of able men from the time of Sir Charles Napier to the present day." Now it is not pretended that the opinion of Lord Lawrence, of Lord Canning, of Sir William Mansfield, and of the contemporary Secretaries of State, and, we may add, of Sir Richard Temple, against the transfer of Sind necessarily outweigh those in favour of it which have been put on record by Lord Dalhousie, Sir Henry Durand, Lord Lytton and Lord Salisbury. The question is not to be settled by a balance of authority, though if it were we are not sure the verdict would be given for a transfer. It is enough at present to say that far from the authorities being, as we have been so confidently told they are, unanimously against the present arrangement, there is a very strong body of opinion worthy of the highest respect in favour of leaving things as they have been for forty-five years.

The truth is that the advocates for this change have been either very reckless or very ill-instructed in the numerous and confident appeals that they have made to their authorities. Lord Northbrook has been often appealed to, for he has spoken very dogmatically on the subject. But Lord Northbrook is anything but a safe guide. Take for example the confidence with which he came to the conclusion in the last year of his Viceroyalty that the Sind Frontier District, comprising the talukas of Jacobabad, Thool, and Kushmore, must be at once annexed to the Punjab. The matter would not bear delaying. It was of immediate necessity, and by telegraph he asked for telegraphic sanction to a proclamation declaring its annexation. Lord Salisbury, more deliberate than his Viceroy, asked to see the proclamation before sanctioning it, and the result was that a few months after the Secretary of State wrote out to India that the reasons which had seemed to make the transfer of the district urgently necessary had passed away. The Sind Frontier District, which twelve years ago would have been transferred *instanter* to the Punjab if Lord Northbrook had had his way, is still part of the Bombay Presidency. But if Lord Northbrook's authority in regard to this matter should be cautiously appealed to, what shall be said of Lord Lytton's? Our neighbours at Karachi, who fancy that the dashing Viceroy is a powerful witness on their side, would do well never again to appeal to his testimony—at least until they have informed themselves as to what he has put on record. He would have freed Sind from the yoke of Bombay, it is true, but he would not have led the province to liberty under Lahore. Had Lord Lytton had his way the interests of Sind would have been watched over—with a very long telescope—from Peshawar. Sir Henry Durand's famous phrase "one policy, one administration, one command, from the sea to Peshawar," which has been so freely used in this discussion, commended itself to Lord Lytton, as it commends itself to those who to-day appeal to his authority in justification of a rash and unnecessary change. But he would have applied Sir Henry Durand's principle in a daring fashion. The "one policy and the one administration" to which he wanted all frontier matters to be committed was the policy and the administration of the Government of India, to be exercised not through the Punjab Government, who were to have nothing to do with it, but through a Frontier Chief Commissioner, exercising power over the whole frontier from Peshawar to within a short distance of Karachi. Whether or not Karachi could, under such an arrangement, have been brought under the administration of the Punjab, or whether Lord Lytton intended that it should be so brought, is not clear. What is now of importance in view of the many demonstrations we are getting of the ease with which the Punjab Government can undertake all the work that can be imposed upon it, is the testimony that is borne in Lord Lytton's despatches to the incapacity of that Government to take upon itself any new burdens.

One Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab at least has expressly declared the inability of his administration to bear the new burden which the transfer of Sind to the Punjab would entail, and Sir Robert Egerton's misgivings upon that point were quite in harmony with what Lord Lytton's Government has left on record. "We consider," they wrote in May, 1877, "that to add the distant province of Sind, with its rising seaport and important frontier relations, to the Lieutenant-Governorship of the Punjab, without affording the latter any corresponding relief, would unduly increase the administrative charges and responsibilities of that Government, which, owing to the extent of its jurisdiction, its long and troublesome frontier line, and the variety of the interests it has to deal with, is already, perhaps, the most difficult and onerous of all the local Governments." This only confirmed what Lord Canning had written nearly twenty years before. "Whatever apportionment of territory," he wrote, "may hereafter be made on our western frontier, I am satisfied that at present and for some time to come the task of closely watching the Punjab, and of administering its government in all details, will be enough to occupy the time of the ablest administrator . . . To have added to the duties of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab the charge of 400 miles of our western frontier, far removed from the seat of his government, would have been too burdensome an increase." The conditions have changed since Lord Canning's time, but Lord Lytton's evidence is fresh, and in the opinion of the advocates of the transfer it is convincing. It is convincing, only in the wrong direction for them. But Lord Lytton is by no means the only eminent authority who has contemplated a solution of the problem without the aid of the Punjab. Sir Robert Davies who was Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab at the same time, taking the concentration of political affairs on the frontier to be the main purpose of the change proposed, pointed out that the transfer of the frontier districts to the Punjab was not essential to the attainment of that object. However, as we have said, the question is not one to be settled by a count of heads amongst ex-Viceroys, ex-Lieutenant-Governors, and eminent politicians. It is quite enough for the present to show that the authorities are very much divided on the main question as to whether Sind should be severed from Bombay or not, and that on the further question as to what should be done with it in the event of it being severed there is much divergence of opinion.

THE Report of the Committee of the Corporation on the vexed site question came up before that body yesterday on a motion of Dr. Blaney and Major Selby to appoint a Committee of three experts to carry out the views indicated in the Report. The Report has been published in our columns. It recommends the Corporation not to build the Municipal offices and hall on the site of the Cathedral High Schools, though admitting that the site in question is the finest in Bombay if the whole space were available. The Committee assumed rightly enough that the five or six lakhs which it was proposed to expend would not suffice for suitable offices and hall on this or for that matter on any other site. But, going beyond the scope of the "sole question" to which its attention was directed, the Committee proceeded to recommend that sufficient money should be provided to build a really fine building on another "magnificent site" where it would be surrounded by a public garden and a pleasure ground, kept up by the Municipality. Mr. Geary pointed out that the greater part of the Report was devoted to a subject which was not included in the instructions to the Committee, and that it would be a bad precedent to accept recommendations on a subject which the Committee was not authorised to consider. The Committee of experts, appointed from the members of the Committee, would infallibly recommend the outlay of a sum double that which had been sanctioned by the Corporation, for the Report pronounced that sum to be wholly inadequate, and affirmed that it would be mere waste to build an insufficient and unsatisfactory building with it. He strongly recommended that the best architect available should be selected to give his opinion on the question of site, and to make designs for the Municipal Offices, postponing the building of a hall to a future time. Sir Henry Morland challenged contradiction to the statement that the Committee had come to an opinion that fifteen lakhs would be the cost of buildings on the crescent. He added that when the scheme was originally conceived the then Municipal Commissioner caused the estimates to be worked out, and finding that they came to twenty-two lakhs and a half, he abandoned the idea. Sir Henry read a letter from Mr. Stevens stating in answer to a question that Municipal offices and a hall worthy of the Corporation of the city could be erected on the Cathedral High School site if he were allowed to remove portions of the present building and utilise the materials in another form. The cost would be from seven and a half to eight lakhs. Mr. Shroff and Mr. Kapadia spoke against the extravagance of the proposals in the report for costly buildings on a site so remote as the crescent. A more central situation and more moderate cost would best meet the views of the rate-payers. This was the general opinion; at all events nothing to the contrary was said by Dr. Blaney, who moved the acceptance of the Report, and Major Selby, who seconded the motion, has reserved his remarks. The discussion has been adjourned.

As the cyclone season is approaching we would draw the attention of those of our readers who are interested in storms to the lecture which will be given in the Royal Alfred Sailors' Home to-morrow afternoon by Mr. Frederick Chambers, Meteorological Reporter for Western India. The subject is "Recent advances in our knowledge of the Law of Storms." Mr. Chambers completed, some months ago, a very exhaustive investigation of the great cyclone of May and June 1881, which has resulted in certain discoveries of practical importance to navigators. It appears that the method of finding the centre of a cyclone, as laid down by Piddington's Sailors' Horn-book, is correct as regards some parts of a cyclone, but as much as four points in error in others. It seems, too, that the usual assumption that a cyclone is circular, and that the wind is always of the same strength at the same distance from the centre, also erroneous. Mr. Chambers intends to show how, by means of a simple construction, allowance may be made for these irregularities of form and strength, so that the direction of the centre may be determined with considerable accuracy.

A VERNACULAR paper announces that Dr. Peterson is to undertake the editorship of a daily newspaper which is to be brought out in Bombay under the auspices of a company promoted by native gentlemen. Although Dr. Peterson has just resigned his seat in the Corporation, announcements of this kind are not always to be taken seriously. Another journal of the same character, which, after having become small by degrees and beautifully less, now daily advertises itself as in the market, recently endeavoured, in the course of an unsuccessful attempt to get up a limited liability company, to persuade the public that Mr. A. P. Sinnett would become its editor. Experiments of this kind are, in themselves, of no great public concern, and the native community of Bombay are quite shrewd enough to understand that Babu journalism, which has done more than anything else to hinder native progress on the other side of India, can be of no service here. The only reason for referring to the matter at all is that in another and an unsuccessful venture of this kind, free use was made of the name of a gentleman who had a reputation to lose, and as Dr. Peterson is a public servant the public may wish to know whether or not he is about to sever his connection with the Education Department.

THE Bombay Municipal Corporation, at its sitting yesterday afternoon, discussed at length the report of the committee appointed to consider whether the site of the Cathedral High School might be adapted to the requirements of a suitable Municipal hall and offices. Dr. Blaney proposed that the report be recorded, and that a committee consisting of Khan Bahadoor M. C. Murzban, Col. Merewether, and Major Selby be appointed to revise the printed requirements issued at the last competition, as well as the general terms of the competition. The motion was seconded by Major Selby. Mr. Geary condemned the report as going beyond the mandate of the Corporation, and urged that the Corporation should not encourage the bad example set by the committee in that respect. The committee recommended a palatial building and hall, with parks and pleasure grounds, to be erected on the oval opposite the Sailors' Home. Mr. Geary strenuously opposed this project as launching the Municipality into reckless extravagance, and he suggested that if, for the sum which the Corporation was prepared to spend, it were not possible to have both a public hall and offices worthy of the city, they should for the present build the offices alone, and defer the construction of a hall to a future date. Sir Henry Morland also strongly opposed the proposals of the committee, and expressed himself in favour of the Cathedral High School site. The other speakers, who took part in the debate, were Mr. K. M. Shroff and Mr. Jamsetji Kapadia, both of whom agreed with the previous speakers in condemning the committee's report. The discussion was not concluded, when the Corporation adjourned at 5 p.m.

CAPTAIN M. BEAN, I. M., Assistant Port Officer, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for thirty days from the 16th instant.

IT is notified in the *Government Gazette* that Sir Frank Souter has been allowed privilege leave for two months. Mr. H. G. Gell will act as Commissioner of Police during his absence, and Mr. J. G. Smith as Deputy Commissioner.

THE appointment of Mr. H. Batty to act as Chief Presidency Magistrate during the absence of Mr. Crawley-Boevey is notified.

DURING the absence of Mr. J. M. Cotgrave, Mr. M. C. Leckie, Mr. W. H. McCann, and Mr. F. J. A. Hill, will act as Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, in the first, second, and third class; Mr. H. G. Bulkley will continue to act as fourth class Assistant Collector and Mr. A. R. Maidment will act as fourth class Assistant Collector till the return of Mr. E. H. Aitken.

MR. H. D. E. FORBES, Assistant Superintendent, Poona and Nasik and Southern Mahratta Country Revenue Survey, has been allowed a year's furlough.

MR. C. E. FROST has been appointed to act as Collector and Magistrate of Kaira and Political Agent, Cambay, from the date of the departure on leave of Mr. H. R. Cooke.

MR. H. MAINWARING, Deputy Conservator of Forests, has been allowed three months' privilege leave.

SURGEON-MAJOR A. BARRY has received a year's extension of the tenure of his office as Superintendent of Matheran.

SURGEON C. MONKS has been appointed to act as Health Officer of Bombay during the absence of Surgeon MacCartie.

MR. C. E. COLES, District Superintendent of Police, Kolaba, on special duty in Egypt, has been allowed leave on private affairs for six months from such date as he may report his arrival in Bombay.

MR. C. B. WINCHESTER has been placed in magisterial charge of the sub-Division of the Ahmednagar District, comprising the talukas of Rahuri, Kopargaon, Vangammer, and Akola.

MR. H. T. OMMANEY has been appointed to be First Assistant Collector, *vice* Mr. F. G. P. Lely, transferred to foreign service, and Mr. R. M. Kennedy to be Second Assistant Collector.

MR. G. W. COTGRAVE, Acting Superintendent of Police, Southern Mahratta Railway, has been allowed privilege leave for two months and seven days from the 20th instant. Mr. Dhanjisha Dadabhai will act as Superintendent of Police in the Thana District during the absence of Mr. Cotgrave and Mr. W. L. Souter as Superintendent in the Kolaba District during the absence of Mr. F. L. Goldsmid.

IT will be gratifying to the many friends of Dr. A. P. de Andrade, Poona, to learn that His Holiness the Pope has graciously conferred on him the order of Knighthood of St. Gregory the Great in recognition of his devotion to the Holy See and of his services in the cause of religion and medicine.

THE Duc d'Orleans' shooting party have bagged their twenty-first tiger; making the largest bag for five guns known for the last ten years. The Marquise de Mores shot one of them, and the Duc d'Orleans six.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MARRIAGE DIFFICULTY IN GERMANY.

BERLIN, APRIL 11.

Prince Bismarck had a long conference with Empress Victoria at Charlottenburg to-day.

It is asserted that the difficulty relative to the be-othal of Prince Alexander with Princess Victoria has been smoothed down.

MR. BALFOUR ON IRELAND.

LONDON, APRIL 12.

Mr. Balfour was banqueted last night at St. James' Hall.

In the course of his reply to the toast of his health, Mr. Balfour dwelt upon the improvement which was taking place in Ireland and refuted the idea which prevailed in some quarters regarding the tyranny of the landlords.

THE KOLHAPORE INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KOLHAPORE, APRIL 12.

To-day the Industrial Exhibition was brought to a close with the ceremony of presenting prizes to the successful exhibitors. Colonel Hunter, C.B., C. S. I., presided. An interesting report, drawn up by the honorary secretaries, Messrs. Candy and Shannon, was read by the latter gentleman. The exhibition was visited by over 22,000 persons. Public interest was largely aroused in the subject of technical instruction and the improvement of local industries. Colonel Hunter expressed pleasure at the gratifying result of the first experiment of the kind here.

DR. POLLEN ON THE PRESS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SUKKUR, APRIL 12.

Dr. Pollen lectured on Tuesday night at the Town Hall, Sukkur, on the Indian Press. He spoke eulogistically of a large section of the Press and attributed much of the hostile attitude of the Native Press to the perpetual sneer or the stony stare of the *Pioneer*, etc. He condemned the withholding of information from the Press and deprecated in all aspects Government by surprise. He advised sincerity, moderation and earnestness.

NEWS FROM SIKKIM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 12.

The delimitation escort has returned to Quetta All is well. Colonel Graham has commenced the fortified post at Guatong, where a force is to be left to prevent the Tibetans from returning to Lingtu. The garrison for this fort will be 400 men with probably two mounted guns. Small parties of Tibetans are still seen in the direction of the Jalep Pass, but no large force has ventured to cross into Sikkim from the Chumbi Valley.

THE CITY AND SUBURBAN CUP.

A London telegram state that Fullerton won the City and Suburban Cup with Oliver Teviot second and Abuklia third.

THE BENGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, APRIL 12.

TAXATION ON PETROLEUM.

At the Bengal Legislative Council to-day, the Hon. Macaulay moved that the sections empowering the levy of Municipal taxation on petroleum stored in Calcutta be omitted in the new Bill on the ground of octroi duty being unsuited for Bengal, which could not be levied without oppression, bribery, and harassment.

The Hon. Harrison replied that the case for the levy of import duty was so strong that they could persuade the Imperial Government to permit it before long. There was a similar provision in the Bombay Bill just passed. Objection to octroi did not apply to petroleum and the octroi committee was in favour of it.

The Honorables Moore and Pratt supported Mr. Macaulay's amendment.

The President said the interest attached to the petroleum sections was more academical than practical. He thought no objection could be entertained had not the Imperial Government taken the wind out of their sails by taxing petroleum already. As the sections were permissive he would retain them.

Mr. Macaulay's amendment was lost by eight against five.

THE FALLING IN OF AN HOUSE.

A fearful catastrophe occurred at one o'clock to-day. The premises, No. 11. in Kyd Street, belonging to Mr. Sassoon, collapsed. It was undergoing repairs. The bolts securing the iron rod which extended throughout the third floor of the building were removed and the house came down with a crash. Mrs. Sassoon, who was living on the premises, was recovered from the debris severely injured and her maid servant killed. The Deputy Commissioner with the police were promptly on the spot, and by half-past seven counted seven corpse. The work of exhuming was still going on. Four persons were severly injured and sent to hospital. More bodies are expected to be recovered.

OFFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, APRIL 12.

Major Stewart Mackenzie, Military Secretary to the Governor, goes home immediately in consequence of ill-health. Captain Wyndham Quin will probably act, Lieutenant Mullins acting for Captain Quin as aide-de-camp.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

ADEN, APRIL 12.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Clyde, with the homeward Indian mails of 6th instant, arrived here at 7 p.m. yesterday.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PLYMOUTH, APRIL 11.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer Nepaul arrived here this afternoon.

PORT SAID, APRIL 11.

The Hall Line steamer Merton Hall left here to-day.

SUEZ, APRIL 11.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Henzada, homeward bound from Bombay and Kurrachee, left here this afternoon.

HONGKONG, APRIL 11.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Deccan left here for Bombay at 7 a.m. to-day.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Surat arrived here from Bombay at 10 a.m. yesterday.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s s. s. Poseidon left here for Bombay this afternoon.

COLOMBO, APRIL 12.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Ganges with the China and Australian mails left here for Bombay at 7 p.m. yesterday.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 11.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm, Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera 4 1-16

The Manchester Market has been quiet but steady.

3 per cent. Consols for account (New)	100⅞
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	108
4 per cent. Rupee Paper..................	68¼
4½ per cent. do.	73¼
4½ per cent. French Rentes	106⅞
Bar Silver	prices quite nominal

MILITARY NEWS.

DEPUTY COMMISSARY AND HONORARY CAPTAIN TYLER has been granted furlough to Europe for six months.

THE services of Surgeon H. Adey, Indian Medical Service, has been placed at the disposal of the Government for employment in the Civil Department.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL HORACE SEARLE ANDERSON, C.B., has become entitled to the colonel's allowance.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL M. M. CARPENDALE, S.C., has been granted leave out of India on medical certificate for 182 days; and Captain G. M. Schneider, S.C., Wing Officer, 2nd Bombay Infantry, for one year.

SURGEON-MAJOR H. DE TATHAM, I.M.S., has retired from the service from the 1st instant. De Tatham went home in April last for a year's leave preparatory to retirement. He served with the Abyssinian Field Force in the expedition of 1867-8, first with the 18th N. I. at Zoola and afterwards on general duty up-country as far as Dildee, and he received the commendations of Government for his exertions in attending the sick during the cholera epidemic in Ahmednagar in June and July 1883.

SURGEON H. CARR, M.S., is reattached to the Allahabad Station Hospital for duty, from date of being relieved of the charge of the Allahabad Fort Station Hospital by Surgeon E. O. Reynolds, Medical Staff.

PRIVILEGE leave of absence is granted to the following officers:—Lieutenant G. W. B. Brett, 2nd Battalion Norfolk Regiment, from 15th April to 13th June, 1888. Lieutenant the Honorable C. G. Fortescue, 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade, from 15th April to 13th June, 1888. Lieutenant V. A. Couper, 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade, from 15th April to 13th June, 1888. Lieutenant A. C. O'Donnel, 40th Bengal Infantry, from 16th April to 14th June, 1888.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. & O. Co.'s s.s. Massilia, Capt. S. D. Shallard, will sail to-day for London with the Europe mails and the following passengers:—

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mrs Mitchell & two Misses Mitchell
Mr H E Fox
Mrs R H Baker and infant
Mr and Mrs H E Meakin
Mr Barttelot
Mr J W Chisholm
Mr A G Dunlop
Mr and Mrs G L Kemp
Surg-Major and Mrs Harvey
Capt Dewar
Mr F Gordon
Mr H F Lennard
Capt F C Palmer
Capt Lowe
Mr H Davies
Major Sir G Larpent
Mr Trevithick
Mrs East
Sir Samuel and Lady Baker
Mr Blennerhasset
Mr Stanes
Mr J Harris
Major-Genl Sir G White
Mr H A Anderson
Mr G Foster
Col Gatacre
Mrs Benson
Mr R R Ash
The Misses Spencer
Capt Spragge
Lieut Rich
Mr and Mrs J G Smith
Mr and Mrs J B Laventhorp
Dr J J Durrant
Col Hon M G Talbot
Miss Watkins
Lieut Scales
Mr Prescott
Mr Younghusband
Miss E S Spencer
Lieut Cooper
Col R E Gowan
Mr Hannah
Mr J O Miller
Col Prinsep

FOR LONDON.

Mrs L S Porter and child
Mr R H Elliott
Mr and Mrs E Lee, child and infant
Mr Dyson and family
Mr and Mrs Haddon and two children
Mrs H P Peacock
Miss Peacock
Mrs Rodgers and two children
Mr and Mrs J Summer
Mr J Oates
Capt and Mrs Ravenshaw and two children
Miss Gordon
Mr F Hume
Mrs Fitzpatrick
Mr Allardice
Mr and Mrs Williams and two children
Mr B Thorn
Mr A H Middleton
Mrs Warren
Comdr Needham, R N
Mr Rodgers
Mr Payter
Mrs Jacob
Mrs Taggart
Mrs Waller
Dr Charlotte Ellaby
Revd and Mrs Poole
Mr C W Wilkins

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr J M Horsfall
Mr Proy
Mr A P Patterson
Mr G L Chambers
Mr H R Finlay
Mr and Mrs Horsfall and child
Mr H L Monk
Mr C E Wilkinson
Mrs Marshall
Mr Schmidt
Lieut-Col Hall
W A Baker
Surg-Major Wilkins
Mr Syall

FOR PORT SAID.

Mr Lieberoth
H S H Duke of Schleswig-Holstein
Baron Leipziger
Professor Friedrichs
Mr J Horsfall

FOR GIBRALTAR.—Mr F H Holiway.

Extra s.s. Siam to Aden.

FOR ADEN.

Capt H T Weighell
Monsieur M de Juilly
Comdt Hugot Derville
Capt Picguart

The following passengers have been engaged:—

The s.s. Ganges, Captain E. Stewart, 20th April, 1888.

FOR LONDON—Mr and Mrs W Harvey, Col and Mrs A C Campbell, Mrs Harington and infant, Mr R Johnson-Miss Boosey, Col F W Grant, Mrs Rose, Rear Admiral W F Richards KCB, Mr. J Carlisle, Lieut R B S Wrey Mr W C Gillies, Mr E F E Gipps, Dr and Mrs Murray Thompson, and two children, Mrs Fry and two children, Mr Mitchell, Lady Low and two children, Mrs Stend, Mrs A Neville Hayne, Mrs H Sawage and two children, Mrs Maxwell Gordon, Col F J Tod, Mrs Warren, Mr Stakes, Mr F Chamberlain, Mr Bailey's children, Mrs Craven and children, Col Boddam, Miss Boddam, and Mrs Lawrie, Mrs Steward and two children, Mr H E Wright, Mr J Luke, Mr E Dyers, Col and Miss A W Phillips and Mr A D Uloth.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr J H Barry, Mr and Mrs Wilmording, Mr A Ewbank, Mr C E Fox, Col Hon A B de Mont Morency, Mr J C Dwyer, Mrs Anderson and child, Miss Donald, Mr Donald and child, Mr Kirby, Mr G A Tomkinson, Lieut McC Bruce, Dr King, Mr Leormouth McKenzie, Mr and Mrs Brown, and Mr A Durst.

FOR SUEZ—Mr and Mrs G B Reid.

The ss Sutlej, Captain W D Worcester, 27th April, 1880.

FOR LONDON—Mrs Jackson, Mrs Scaramanga, Mr F L Goldsmid, Mr Denham, Mr J A B Norman, Mr Bernard Franks, Mr and Mrs Heller, four children and infant, Mr and Mrs Phillips and four children, Mr Holmes, Mrs Hyde Edwards and two children, Capt Beely, Mr A F Mainwaring, Mr H C Fenwick, Mrs Burton, Mr A W Galloway, Mr R Fisher, Mrs Foulkes and child, Genl and Mrs Blowers, and Mr E A Bulkley, Miss Blowers and Mr J F Hothornthwaite.

FOR BRINDISI—Surg-Major E B Palmer, Col T M Sym, Comte de Breteuil, Comte de Saultz, Lieut-Col J C Manderson, Sir A Collins, Q C, Mr J L Tickell, Mr Jessop, Mr L L Down, Maj E H Fitz Gerald, and Mr W A Beneon.

FOR MARSEILLES—Mrs A P Howell, Mr W Gaye, Capt Good, Mr E Solano, Mr W Barton Wright, Mr E Gilbert, Capt Oliver, Capt Jessei, Col F Lance, Mrs. and Miss Orr, Mr W I le Breton, Mr and Mrs. Higham, Mrs R Giles, Miss E Giles, Mrs Arthur Forde and Mrs F B Mulock.

FOR SUEZ—Mr Field.

The s.s. Peshawur, Captain W. A. Wheler, 4th May, 1888.

FOR LONDON—Mrs Colvin, Mr and Mrs F W Porter, Mrs Laing and child, Miss Brooke and governess, Mr Motherall, Mr and Mrs Smith, Mrs Merewether and child, Mr Hughes' child, Mr and Mrs Spitta, Major and Mrs W H C Wyllie, and Mrs Doggett and five children.

FOR BRINDISI—Col E M Norie, Mr Blyth, Mr R Miller, Mr E L Hamilton, Mr H W Jones, Mr W R S Jones, Mr G P Clark, Mr R Acklom, Mr H Hudson, Mr B B Clegg, Mr H Maude, Capt Woon, Capt Fenton, Mrs Mackie and child, Miss Hatch, Rev M Lamert, Lieut-Col W Cook, Capt Muir, Mr and Mrs Oddie, Mr Sherres, Mr J Fachiri, Rev A Samert, Mr Adais and Mr E S McGowan.

The s.s. Siam, Captain 11th May, 1888.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr W B Gray, Mrs S B Trittan, Capt A Moore, Mr McLintock and Mr Charles Moore.

The s.s. Shannons, Captain C. R. Edwards, 18th May 1888.

FOR LONDON—Rev and Mrs Goldwyer Lewis, Mr and Mrs Parr and two children, General C B Knowles, Miss Carpenter, Master Hearn and Dr Hewlett.

FOR BRINDISI—Capt H R Webb, Mr Motherall, Mr Rich, Mr A Huson, Mr and Mrs Duukerley, Mr and Mrs T F Bradbury, Mr and Mrs G H Bayley, Miss Taylor Mrs Hargrave, Maj Firebrace, Col T A Corballes, Capt H H Barnet, Rev J Abott, Rt Rev the Bishop of Bombay, Col Prideaux and Major G W Sawyer

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AT his Excellency's special request, the Old Bailey Guard survivors were invited to meet him at the Lucknow Residency on his visit there. About twenty-four of them turned out, of whom eleven were natives. Their Excellencies had a few words to say to each, and asked many questions regarding the incidents of the Mutiny.

THE first of the series of crop maps has just been published by the Surveyor-General's Department. It shows the area under sugarcane cultivation in India.

THE cultivation of tobacco is about to be undertaken at Quetta by the civil authorities, who believe that it could be made to grow successfully there.

THE weather at Ootacamund, it is stated, is at present very trying. The days are close and sultry, and the nights cold. Much rain is also needed to keep down the dust.

A SUB-BRANCH of the Bank of Madras will be opened at Mysore on the 12th instant, under the management of Mr. W. J. Evans.

MR. H. A. D. PHILLIPS, Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, has been appointed to officiate as Magistrate of Rajshahye, his place in the Secretariat being taken by Mr. R. W. Carlyle, now in charge of the Sewan Sub-division of Sarun.

REFORMS IN GWALIOR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

GWALIOR, APRIL 6.

AN account in brief of the reforms inaugurated in Gwalior after the death of the late Maharaja will be of interest to your readers. Since the appointment of Sir Ganpat Rao as President of the Regency Council, constituted under the authority of the Government of India, a great many reforms have been made with the object of promoting the welfare of the people and the good of the State, and to make the whole administration keep pace with the progress of the times. During the last twenty months there has been marked administrative activity with the result that important reforms have been introduced in the Judicial Department. Sir Ganpat Rao has, in order to dispense speedy justice, strengthened the tribunals and improved the arrangements for the management of the jails. The whole territory has been divided into three judicial districts, namely, Gwalior Prant, Malwah and the Esagudh Prant. The result of this is that appeals can be preferred in the Prant instead of at Gwalior, which means an enormous saving. Measures have been recently taken to give effect to the long-cherished determination of the Gwalior Durbar to promote irrigation work on a larger scale than has hitherto been found practicable owing to the conservative views of the late Maharaja. The whole scheme is based on the principle of encouraging the cultivators to do the work themselves, in consideration of which they are granted assessment advantages. After full consideration of the measures discussed in the Council Sir Ganpat Rao has set aside two lakhs for the work in each Prant. The grading of the officials has been modified and the pay of all departments has been raised according to the nature of their duties. The Educational Department has been organised in a most satisfactory manner; but the machinery requires strict supervision for it to work satisfactorily. Sir Ganpat Rao has framed rules for the guidance of inspectors regarding the supervision of [illegible] and teaching. The Lashkeer school has been strengthened by the appointments of extra teachers. Sir Ganpat Rao has alloted 20 lakhs of rupees annually for the construction of roads and other public buildings, and the work has been taken in hand energetically. For many years Soindia's regular troops were massed at Gwalior; but the President has now distributed the army throughout the zilla for the maintenance of peace and tranquillity. The education of the young Raja receives special attention from the President, and he has made most favourable progress in his studies within the last year and half.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION IN RUTNAGHERRY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RUTNAGHERRY, APRIL 10.

THE prize-distribution ceremony of the Rutnagherry High School took place on Monday, the 9th instant, at 5 p.m. It was a grand day for the school. The spacious hall was artistically decorated with evergreens and flowers, and the variegated bunting tastefully displayed in the front of the building gave it a very imposing appearance. There was a large representative gathering, and the Collector of the District, Mr. R. E. Candy, presided. Amongst those present were:—Mr. Whitworth, the District Judge; Mrs. Candy, wife of the Principal of Rajaram College; Miss Little, Lady Superintendent of the Girls' School, Kolhapore; Mr. Phadke, President of the Local Municipality; Mr. Tilak, Executive Engineer; and Messrs. Lewis, Vaidya, Nadkarni, Kulkarni, and many other leading inhabitants of the town.

The proceedings were opened by the headmaster, Mr. D. G. Kelkar, M.A., who read an interesting report of the year's work. He dwelt on the popularity and the almost uninterrupted efficiency and prosperity of the high school. In giving the results of instruction, he observed:—"21 boys were sent up for the matriculation examination; of these 15 were successful, 13 with Sanscrit and 2 with Marathi for their second language. The general percentage of the total result was 27·3, while the percentage secured by this school was 71·4. Of the successful candidates one stood third and 3 others were within the first 60 in the general ranks of the result. Besides 12 were first year's students and the rest were old students. I am also glad to observe that one boy secured the first Jagannath Sankarset Scholarship. With respect to the other standards, the Educational Inspector, S. D., visited and examined the school in the month of November 1887. I have not yet been able to receive from him the result lists and cannot, therefore, give here any details of the result. I may, however, add that he was, on the whole, satisfied with the working of the School." He then dwelt on the sound moral training imparted to the pupils of the Institution by the strict discipline maintained in the school. Care was also taken to make all the boys daily devote some time to gymnastic work. He finally dwelt on the good work done by the drawing class attached to the school, from which 7 boys were enabled to appear at the last Second Grade Art Examination. Some of the boys then entertained the gathering with some interesting recitations in English, Sanscrit and Marathi with great success.

The Collector, Mr. Candy, after distributing the prizes, delivered an eloquent and impressive address, in which he dwelt on the hard-working, peace-abiding and intellectual capacities of the youths of the district, and warmly eulogised the head-master and his hard-working staff on satisfactory work done in the school.

Pan-supari, uttar and gulab were then distributed, and after thanking the President, the gathering dispersed.

TOMMY DODD AT THE FANCY FAIR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Now that the accounts of the Fancy Fair are finally before the public, I ask permission to say my say about one item of them. The money which appears under one name was taken, we all know, at a gaming table.

Had I been in Bombay at the time I should have remonstrated while the table was in full swing. My reason for still protesting after the fact is that other such occasions may arise, and I should not wish people to be able to say then that there were obvious social reasons why I had held my peace on the present occasion.

I will not trouble you with my sentiments about gambling, for they have been before the public already. I only wish to be allowed to say now that what is wrong does not become right because it is done in a good cause. The stakes I know were small, and the area of the play was limited. But this does not alter the principle, and surely principles are everything in these matters, especially upon occasions like this, when public opinion is sure to be largely influenced. Can poor people be expected to draw distinctions if their own little gaming tables are interfered with in "slums" where the police reign supreme while a table is openly kept in a place where all "society" is present?

And if not then what ought to be the title under which certain moneys should be entered? Surely this—by demoralising public opinion about gambling.....Rs. 3,030

LIBERAVI ANIMAM MEAM.

THE "MESSIAH" AT THE TOWN HALL.

THE performance of the "Messiah" by the Bombay Philharmonic Society came off last evening in the Town Hall, and must be pronounced a success. We hold over a detailed account.

THE settlement of the King of Oudh's estate has not yet been quite completed, but the Government of India have sanctioned the allotment of pensions aggregating nearly three lakhs yearly to certain members of the late King's family and his dependents.

DETAILS are still wanting of the skirmishes between the Kashmir troops and the tribesmen beyond the Gilgit border; but no apprehensions are entertained at Srinagar of extensive operations being necessary. The affair has arisen out of one of the periodical trivial combinations against Chakrot and Gilgit, and these generally break up after a few score tribesmen have been killed. The Kashmir soldiers generally take some months to do this, but they are invariably successful in the long run.

THE unfortunate Captain Temple, says a Mandalay correspondent, is again martyred. They are going to tack a small Debts Court on to him. *Il faut souffir pour etre beau*; but if the indefatigable bazaar master doesn't have his head put in an icebag, and blisters applied to the nape of his neck before the hot weather is over, we shall look upon him as the Man for Mandalay.

PRESENTATION OF A HUMANE SOCIETY'S MEDAL TO A NATIVE.

SIR FRANK SOUTER last evening presented a young Bania lad, named Lilladur Dharsi, with the bronze medal of the Royal Humane Society, for saving the life of a Bania boy, named Curson Purshotum. The circumstances under which the lad rescued the boy, and the fact that this is the first occasion that a native has been presented with the Society's medal, lent peculiar charm to the ceremony. On the 14th of August last year, about 7-30 in the evening, the boy Curson Purshotum jumped into a well on the Mint Road with the intention of committing suicide. Several people heard the splash and rushed to the spot, and among them was Lilladur Dharsi who, without a moment's hesitation jumped in and supported the drowning boy till they were both drawn out. The action was a brave one, considering the narrow confined space of the well, and the fact that there was over 18ft. of water in it. These circumstances coming to the notice of Mr. C.H. Byrne, himself a recipient of the Society's medal, he moved in the matter and brought it to the notice of the Society at home. The necessary certificates verifying Mr Byrne's statement of the case were supplied by Mr. H. Gell, who was then acting for Sir Frank Souter. The matter subsequently came before the Secretary of State, and with a despatch to the Government of India, the Earl of Kimberly forwarded the medal and certificate of the Society, and these were sent on eventually to the Commissioner of Police.

A large number of natives attended at the office of the Commissioner of Police to witness the presentation to Lilladhur Dharsi, and there were also present a number of European ladies and gentlemen. Sir Frank addressed the natives in Hindustani and explained to them the merit attached to the possession of the Society's medal. He hoped the example set by young Lilladhur, who risked his own life to save that of another, would have a great and good moral effect on his caste-fellows as well as on the members of other castes. Sir Frank paid a compliment to Mr. Byrne, himself the possessor of a similar order of merit, saying that it was due to his exertions that Lilladhur's case was brought before the notice of the proper authorities. Mrs. Byrne then pinned the medal on Lilladhur Dharsi amidst the applause of the natives. The lad, who is 18 years of age, and very intelligent, thanked Sir Frank in a few words. He was then adorned with flowers by his father, and the pleasant ceremony, the first of its kind, concluded.

AMENDING THE SALT ACT.

THE Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to salt and the salt revenue throughout the Presidency of Bombay is published in the *Government Gazette*. The following is a statement of objects and reasons:—

The law for the regulation and control of the manufacture of, and traffic in salt in the province of Sind has hitherto been distinct from that in force in the rest of the Bombay presidency. The Indian Salt Act, 1882, is the enactment at present in operation in that province, but its provisions are found to be in some respects ill-adapted to local requirements, and it is thought that it will tend to administrative convenience if the same law which is in force in the presidency proper is extended to Sind.

2. Accordingly it has been enacted by the Governor-General in Council in Act XX. of 1884 that from such day as the Governor of Bombay in Council, by notification in the official *Gazette*, fixes in this behalf, the Indian Salt Act, 1882, shall cease to be in force in Sind.

3. It would have been possible for the Governor of Bombay in Council to extend the existing Bombay salt law to Sind, without resorting to legislation; but the Bombay system required a few modifications to make it suitable for that province, and it has been deemed desirable, therefore, to repeal the Bombay Salt Acts and to invite the Legislature to pass one new consolidated Act for the entire presidency. This present Bill has been prepared for this purpose.

4. The opportunity has been taken of thoroughly revising and re-arranging the provisions of the Bombay Salt Act, 1873, and of amending them by the light of the experience gained in the working of that Act.

5. The Bill contains some new provisions on the subject of salt earth. Salt earth (called in Sind "kalar") is earth impregnated with or mixed with salt. Salt may be obtained from it, but it has been held by the Sadar Court of Sind that it is not a natural saline deposit or efflorescence within the meaning of the Indian Salt Act, 1882, and that nothing in that Act affects it. But salt earth is obtainable in large quantities and without trouble in Sind and in other parts of the presidency also, and as there is very little difference in the saline properties of it and of natural salt, it is necessary, for the protection of the salt revenue, to bring the collection of it under control. In sections 10-12 of the Bill, therefore, the excavation, collection and removal of salt earth, except under and subject to the terms and conditions of a license, are prohibited in the same way in which the excavation, collection and removal of natural salt are prohibited. But in order that this prohibition may not inflict unnecessary hardship, power is taken by section 13 to dispense in any local area or place with the necessity for obtaining a license for the excavation, collection or removal of salt-earth. The effect of this will be that in localities where there is no serious risk of loss to the salt revenue, the excavation, collection or removal of salt-earth for certain prescribed purposes will be permitted subject only to such limitations and regulations as Government think it necessary to lay down in rules framed by them for this purpose.

6. In Chapter VIII. of the Bill some changes have been made for the purpose of assimilating the scale of punishments under the Bombay law to that laid down in the Indian Salt Act, 1882. With this object:—

(1) the fine of Rs. 1,000 which may be imposed under section 49 of Bombay Act VII. of 1873 has been reduced in section 46 (*a*) of the Bill to Rs. 500, in conformity with section 9 of the Indian Salt Act;

(2) the punishment of imprisonment for two years and fine of an unlimited amount which may be imposed under sections 54 and 55 of Bombay Act VII. of 1873 has been altered in section 47 of the Bill to a fine not exceeding Rs. 500, in conformity with section 25 of the Indian Salt Act;

(3) the same punishment has been provided in section 47 of the Bill for wilfully and maliciously giving false information as is laid down in the last paragraph of section 25 of the Indian Salt Act.

7 The other changes which the Bill proposes to make in the existing Bombay salt-law are designed for the purpose either of facilitating the introduction of the Bombay system into Sind or of improving the administration of the Salt Department in this presidency generally.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Apl. 13.—Departure of M. S. Rosetta.
" 14.—Khandesh S. & W. Co., 3 p.m.
Distribution, of prize, Elphhiston Cricket Club 5 p.m.
Lecture at Sailors' Home by Mr. F. Chambers on "Recent Advances in the Law of Storms."
" 16.—Viceroy leaves Murree.
" 18.—Town Council Meeting, 3 p.m.
" 20.—Departure of M. S. Ganges.
" 21.—Viceroy arrives at Srinugger, halting for two-and-a-half days.
" 25.—Karachi Spring Meeting.
" 28.—Karachi Spring Meeting.
Viceroy returns to Srinugger.
May. 1.—Viceroy arrives at Rampore.
" 9.—Quetta Spring Meeting.
" 7.—Departure of the Parsee Cricket Club for England.
" 10.—Viceroy arrives at Simla.
" 12.—Quetta Spring Meeting.
" 24.—The Queen-Empress' Birthday.
Sept. 20.—Poona Races.
" 22.—Poona Races.
" 25.—Poona Races.
" 27.—Poona Races.
" 29.—Poona Races.

SERGEANT WOMBWELL, who was lately arrested at Delhi under Section 498, I. C. P., was brought up this morning before Mr. Clifford, the District Judge, who is also a Magistrate of the 1st class and a Justice of the Peace; but the accused was so far advanced in intoxication as to be quite unable to realise his position, or to understand and reply intelligently to the first question put by the Court, as to whether he claimed the right of being tried as a European British subject. Mr. Clifford was therefore unable to proceed with the trial; and the accused's surety having applied to withdraw from the bail furnished by him, Wombwell was remanded to the lock-up till he could himself deposit the sum of Rs. 200, as security for his future appearance, or furnish reliable bail to that amount.

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE third and last case in the calendar of the present Criminal Sessions of the High Court was heard yesterday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Jardine and a common jury.

BEATING A MAN TO DEATH.

Boodia Tatia, Mahadeo Raghu, Luxmon Wittoo, and Mahadeo Govind, all mill hands, were charged with culpable homicide not amounting to murder, in causing the death of a Purdesee, named Ramdeen Sittaram; and with voluntarily causing grievous hurt and simple hurt. Mr. Anderson, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution; and Mr. Basil Scott for the defence.

Mr. Anderson, in addressing the jury, stated the facts of the case to be these. On the evening of the 20th February last, just outside a chawl in Currey Road, occupied by some two hundred people, Ramdeen Sittaram came by his death, and it was alleged that the four prisoners were the cause of it. The object of the present enquiry was to ascertain how far the prisoners were responsible for the death. They had returned to the chawl about 5 p.m., and somehow or another a quarrel arose between them and the deceased at a water pipe in the chawl. The second and third prisoners joined in the quarrel; and after a time the deceased, who complained of having been struck a blow on his leg, retired to his room. After a few minutes, the first prisoner went up into his room, followed by the second and third prisoners, who were armed with sticks. The fourth prisoner, who was also armed with a stick, joined them. They all four then dragged the deceased out of his room into the verandah, where they struck him with sticks. The fourth prisoner in a few minutes threw away his stick and caught the deceased by the throat, while the first prisoner caught him by his beard and the second and third pummelled him with their fists. In a few minutes the deceased sank down and died. The learned counsel told the jury that the law was that, if one of the prisoners delivered the blows, in consequence of which the deceased died, the other prisoners who were assisting him were also guilty of the offence. It was clear that but for the assault, the man would not have died; and in committing the assault upon him, the prisoners did an act which, they must have known, was likely to cause death. It seemed that the deceased was not a strong man, and it might, in fairness to the prisoners, be remarked that a more robust man might not have died under the circumstances.

Ganesh Dyal, a Purdesee, said the deceased was a fairly well-built young man of about twenty years of age, and lived with witness in a chawl in Currey Road. He occupied a room in the chawl with two other men. On the 20th February last, he and witness returned to the chawl about 5 p.m., and went into their respective rooms. Deceased prepared his bread, and while he was eating it, witness went into his room and was invited to eat with him. Witness declined, and went into his own room. Deceased went after eating his bread to the water pipe, which is fixed opposite the room of the first prisoner; and a quarrel arose between them. In the scuffle, the first prisoner struck deceased with a stick on his leg. Witness went and induced deceased to return to his room. The first prisoner afterwards came to the room with a piece of firewood, about a yard long, and struck deceased a blow on the head. The latter caught the firewood, which did not strike him. They then struggled to wrench off the firewood each from the other. The second prisoner came to the assistance of the first, and was followed by the third prisoner, who came armed with a bamboo, and struck witness a blow with it. Gopalsing, the chawl sepoy, then came up and tried to pacify the assailants, remarking that the Purdesees were a bad set of people, and that a murder might be committed. By Purdesees, Gopalsing meant the witness, the deceased, and others who lived in the chawl. The rest of the occupants of the chawl were about five hundred Malwanees, caste-people of the prisoners. Gopalsing dispersed the people who had collected, and the prisoners went away. When the second prisoner came up to the assistance of the first, he struck the deceased one or two blows with a stick. While Gopalsing and the witness were standing at a short distance from the deceased's room, the first prisoner came up again armed with a piece of firewood, followed by the other three prisoners. The second prisoner had a piece of firewood in his hand; and the third and fourth prisoners had bamboo sticks with them. All the four prisoners rushed into the deceased's room. Two or four other men, who came with the prisoners, remained outside the room. The first and second prisoners dragged the deceased out of his room, and all the prisoners and other four men struck him on all sides, and dragged him to some distance from his room. The first prisoner then caught deceased by his beard. The fourth prisoner threw away the stick he had in his hand, and caught hold of the deceased by his throat with one hand, and by the waist with the other. In about six or seven minutes the deceased sank down to the ground. The fourth prisoner abused him, and they all then ran away to their respective rooms. Deceased ceased to breathe and died soon after.

The cross-examination of the witness showed that the cause of the quarrel was that the first prisoner alleged that the deceased's father had left the pipe open. Deceased said: "If my father left the pipe open, tell your own father to go and shut it." These were words of native abuse and led to the quarrel.

Several other witnesses were examined for the prosecution.

Dr. Sidney Smith, who had made a *post mortem* examination, was of opinion that the cause of death was syncope, that is fainting, or a cessation of the heart's action. Deceased had an enlarged heart, and he was liable to syncope from anxiety or excitement. A beating with a stick might bring it on. There was no mark on the deceased's throat, and witness did not think that suffocation was the cause of death. Had suffocation been the cause of death without leaving an external mark, witness would have expected to find appearances of suffocation of the lungs, which he did not find in this instance. There was one bruise on the deceased's chest and a wound on the chin. If considerable pressure had been made on the deceased's throat, witness should have expected to find rings on the larynx, which he did not find.

To the Judge: The very fact of excitement with the deceased's condition of heart might have caused his death. His heart was in such a very diseased state that at any time he might have dropped down dead. The state of his heart could not have been known to other people, who might have supposed him to be quite healthy.

At the close of the case for the prosecution, the first prisoner, in answer to the judge, said: I was not at the spot, and I was not concerned in the assault.

The judge: Have you had any quarrel with the deceased about the water pipe?

Prisoner: No. I have gone to the chawl only since the past two months; and I have been sick during these two months.

The judge: Have you anything to say with regard to the deceased being dragged out of his room?

Prisoner: I was not there at all. I had gone to Gorupdeo to fetch medicine, and arrived at the chawl at 8 p.m. I have had a dispute with Gopalsing about rent; and he took away my pots. I don't know any of the other Purdesees there. The constable came at 8-30 p.m., and I was arrested in my room, where I was lying down.

The second prisoner said: I left my work at 6 p.m., and thence I went to buy rice, and reached home at 7-30 or 7-45 p.m. I had words with Gopalsing about rent; and he falsely implicated me in this matter.

The judge: Did you see any part of the quarrel?

Prisoner: No.

The judge: Have you anything to say about the witness Ganesh Dyal?

Prisoner: I have nothing to say about him.

The third prisoner said: I am employed in washing bottles at Messrs. Treacher and Company's. I left my work at 6-30 and reached the chawl at 7-30 p. m. I then went and sat down in the room of a friend of mine in another chawl. I saw nothing of the quarrel with the deceased.

The judge: Have you anything to say about Gopalsing or Ganesh Dyal, who gave evidence against you?

Prisoner: I have had a quarrel with Gopalsing. He threatened to look up my room if I did not pay him rent that evening.

The fourth prisoner said: I returned home at 6-30 p. m. from my work. I did not go out anywhere. At 7-30 p. m. I washed my hands and feet and sat down to my meals with another man. There were two other men sitting there. We were upstairs, and I heard words passing downstairs. The other two men got up and went to the railing to see what was going on. I asked them what the quarrel was about; and they said the quarrel was between Purdesees, that there were 100 or 200 people, but that they were dispersing.

The Judge: Did you see any of the fighting?

Prisoner: No.

Mr. Scott said he proposed to call evidence on behalf of the prisoner Mahudeo Govind, the fourth prisoner.

Govind Ramjee, a tenant in the same shawl as the prisoners, said that on the day of Ramdeen's death, he and the fourth prisoner were sitting down to their meals about 6-45 p. m. Two other men were in the room. While they were eating, a quarrel was going on downstairs. The other two men went to see what the matter was, and they reported that Purdesees quarrelling. Three persons soon after came upstairs. Gopalsing said to fourth prisoner—"Boy, have you come to take your meals after assaulting"? He then left. Mahadeo was not arrested. After they had gone to bed, a sepoy came to the room and asked where Mahadoo was. Witness said he must be sleeping. The sepoy asked not more questions.

Cross-examined: I don't know the second and third prisoners. I could hear the quarrel that was going on from the biganing. I had not the curiosity to go up to the railing to see what the quarrel was about.

Mr. Anderson: When did you first come to know that man had died in the compound?

Witness: People said so about 8 or 8-30 p. m. that evening.

At this stage the court adjourned until this (Friday) morning.

SIR MONIER WILLIAMS ON BUDDHISM.

IN Queen Street Hall, Edinburgh, Sir Monier Williams delivered the last of the present course of Duff lectures on Buddhism. There was a good attendance, despite the inclemency of the weather. Professor Thomas Smith presided. Having for his subject "Buddhism in its Mystical Doctrines and its Contrasts with Christianity," the lecturer remarked that evidently Buddhism, as originally taught by its founder, was opposed to all mystical teaching, if by such teaching was meant an occult and esoteric system leading to no practical and intelligible results. Nor did true Buddhism at first concern itself with any form of mystical or transcendental teaching which it did not consider helpful for the attainment of its own kind of knowledge. Admitting, however, that it had no mysteries reserved for a privileged circle, we could not shut our eyes to the fact that the great importance attached by early Buddhism to abstract meditation could not fail in the end to encourage the growth of mystical ideas; and such ideas were in process of time carried to extravagant extremes. Proceeding, the lecturer directed attention to the methods of bodily mortification and abstract meditation adopted by Buddhists to attain mystic union with the divine being or essence; and while enlarging on the subject of bodily mortification he remarked in effect that the most severe European ascetic would regard with hopelessness what was attained by Buddhist devotees whose extraordinary powers of abstinence might be witnessed in every part of India. Early Buddhism, he went on, was anything rather than either spiritual Pantheism or Spiritualism in any sense. What the Buddhist's enlightenment was supposed to reveal to him was the true nature of life, the existence of an invisible force, the source of all creation generated only by what was called in Sanskrit "act." Most certainly the Buddha persistently affirmed of himself that he was only a man created by the force of his own acts. There was no evidence that the Buddha himself ever claimed the power of working physical miracles, but by degrees miraculous powers were ascribed to him. In then drawing his lecture to a close Sir Monier William addressed himself to the question—Has Buddhism any claim to be called a religion? Tried by the requirements' the criteria of any system of religion, Buddhism, he affirmed, could not claim to be any religion at all. It refused to admit the existence of a creator, or man's sense of dependence on any higher power; it denied any eternal spirit or soul in man; it acknowledged no external supernatural revelation; it had no clergy, no prayer, no worship, no true idea of sin or of the nature of pardon; and it condemned man to suffer the consequences of his own sinful acts without hope of help from any higher being than himself. Even after every possible concession had been made, when they contrasted Buddhism with Christianity they saw at once that it was quite impossible to bridge over the gulf that separated the mere system of morality based on a form of pessimistic philosophy from the true religion. Let it be freely admitted that the law of Buddha and the law of Christ had self-sacrifice as their key-note; but let them mark the vital distinction involved in the fact that Christianity demanded the suppression of selfishness, whereas Buddhism demanded the supression of self. Then let them note the grand distinction between the Bible of the Buddhists and the Bible of the Christians. Although the Christians' Bible claimed to be a supernatural revelation, it told him to look for guidance to the spirit breathing through the whole, rather than the letter or the mere sound of the words; whereas the characteristic of the Bible of the Buddhist was that although it repudiated any supernatural element, yet the very sound of its words was believed to possess a meritorious efficacy capable of elevating the man who heard it to heavenly abodes and future existences. When we considered the particulars of the life of the Buddha, we at once saw that they were mere fables and figments, unworthy of comparison with the historical facts of the life of Christ. In the death of each the contras reached its climax. Christ died in agony at the age of thirty-three; the Buddha died peacefully amongst his friends, suffering from an attack of indigestion at the age of eighty. Having instituted numerous other contrasts between the Christian and the Buddhist systems, the lecturer went on to say that he had been told that a new form of Buddhism was spreading everywhere—in Europe, in England, even in Scotland. That seemed incredible. (Applause.) It seemed a monstrous libel upon the advancing intelligence and knowledge of the nineteenth century. (Applause.) It seemed a mere absurdity to have to ask, in concluding these lectures, which system they should choose as their hope, as their salvation—Buddhism or Christianity. It seemed a mere mockery to put this final question to rational and thoughtful men in that centre of education and true enlightenment, which book should they clasp to their hearts in their hour of death—the book that told them of the extinct man Buddha, or the Bible that revealed to them the living Christ, the redeemer of the world. (Applause.) On the motion of Principal Cairns, Sir Monier Williams was cordially thanked for his course of lectures.

ENGLISHWOMEN IN INDIA.

POLITICIANS, when they talk of the losing or the keeping of India, seem never to think of the number of Englishwomen in the country, or what is implied in their being obliged to leave it or prevented from going to that land. Ever since the date of Gilray's suggestive sketch, in which he depicted the scene that followed the arrival of an East Indiaman in the Hoogley, the number of Englishwomen in India has steadily increased, till now it reaches a total between 32, 000 and 33, 000 of pure Europeans, belonging mostly to a class whose womankind depend for their maintenance on fathers, brothers and husbands. The question has a real importance at the present time, because certain statesmen seem enamoured of a policy which, if carried out, will make India unhabitable for our wives and daughters.

As things go now, the fairer part of the population of Anglo-India are in many respects to be envied by their stay-at-home sisters. Landed in Bombay, a young English girl, if she is fairly lucky, has an uninterrupted round of pleasures to look forward to. Of course as regards that particular comfort in life which, according to one story, women, like cats, enjoy above all things—namely, to feel warm—she may find that blessings become a punishment when they are bestowed with too free a hand. Yet the climates of India are infinite in their variety. Take proper advantage of the fact, and you get the most perfect succession of seasons possible. An Algerian winter followed by a summer in the Swiss Alps should satisfy the most *exigeant* constitution; and there should be nothing to prevent English ladies spending one-half of the year amid "the refreshing greenness and easy paths of the plains" and the other half in full view and enjoyment of "the astounding majesty of mountain scenery." Therefore, from the very beginning, one all-important maxim should be impressed on each new arrival. Let her have nothing to say to a man, as a possible partner for life, unless he is able and willing to send her to the hills for six months out of every twelve: whether as fathers, brothers, or husbands, the men who cannot or will not are to be avoided. Life for an Englishwoman under any other conditions is not worth living, even though there are a number of good ladies who still cling to the exploded fallacy that they ought never to leave their husbands, and that what their grandmothers did when a journey to the hills was exceedingly difficult, and often impossible must be right and proper for themselves now that railways touch the skirts of the Himalayas, and in some cases run up the hill side. As a matter of fact, the Englishman whose duty keeps him in the plains in the hot weather is better off with his womankind at a distance; though he does not tell them so, and will not always admit it to himself. However, with a proper understanding as to the absolute necessity of spending her summer in the hills, the young Englishwoman may count on pleasant times. She reaches India, as a rule, at the beginning of the cold weather. The first thing that strikes her is the superfluity of men, and the almost unlimited amount of admiration a "nice girl" has to draw upon. In all large stations, too, there is a military element; and although our soldiers now-a-days find the profession of arms more exacting than it used to be, they still have leisure for the amenities of life. Nor are opportunities wanting for the practice and pursuit of what the rigid call frivolity and what philosophers know is requisite to the full development of feminine graces. In any moderately sized place, a young lady in India can always find from one to half a dozen attendant cavaliers for an early morning ride. It is the same at afternoon garden-parties; and at the dances, which succeed each other in rapid succession it is the men who are supernumeraries. Then comes the flight to the delectable mountains; where, six or seven thousand feet above the sea, she finds life even more replete than it was in the plains with every thing that made it enjoyable for her. For in the hills there are more idle men to assist her in passing the time. To be a success, whether in the hills or the plains, she need only have three accomplishments—riding, dancing, and amiability. Possessed of these, she will find India charming.

The one doubt that seems ever to occur to the Miss Sahib in India is whether serious occupations are not lacking to make the round of distractions more enjoyable still. One would not dare to say it in Simla or to whisper it in Calcutta, but Anglo-Indian society is wanting in intellectual elevation. Compared with English society of the cultured sort, it is for the most part illiterate, except in such studies as turn on Oriental matters, nor is the average Anglo-Indian dangerously overladen with culture even in this respect. And the Englishwoman, who lives with few exceptions almost entirely apart from natives, would find in Orientalism little to divert her. The young lady, therefore, who desires to gratify a taste for the higher pleasures of life, is to be pitied. The golden youth of Anglo-Indian knows more about polo-ponies than high art; while the elders, when they talk seriously, usually discuss their prospects of promotion or the rate of exchange. Something is done in the way of music and sketching, but it is very amateurish. It may be, however, that a most benevolent scheme which Lady Dufferin has started for giving medical aid to the women of India will also give her own countrywomen there something to think about. Already, indeed, there are a few English ladies besides missionaries who have penetrated the woman's quarters in native houses; and they have been richly rewarded for their enterprise in the grateful reception that has awaited them. But, speaking generally, the environment of Englishwomen in India is essentially English, save for a deficiency of the more serious diversions to which ladies in England give up so much of their time.

But so far we have only looked at the bright side of the picture. The worst is to come. To know what it is ask the "grass widow" who is living solitary in England, her husband at his post; she having come home to look after the education of the children. Or ask the mother who stays in India and has left her children to the care of strangers. The romance of life in Anglo-India too often ends most sadly. "And they married and had children, and were unhappy ever afterwards." *Sunt lacrymæ rerum.* Yet there might be a remedy. The truth is, that the social life of the English in India has not yet taken full advantage of the facilities afforded by the extension of railways. What is wanted are really good schools established in the hills, where the sons and daughters of Anglo-Indians might get all the advantages they would enjoy in England. The schools that have been started hitherto are not quite of the proper type and are unfavourably situated. What is wanted is a hill colony of which the motive shall be mainly scholastic. A company might be formed with the object of acquiring a site, of starting boys' and girls' schools, preparatory and advanced, and of building hotels, boarding-houses, and cottages where English people could live as far as possible without the assistance of native service. English pensioners would settle there, and amidst such surroundings English children would thrive and prosper. The establishment of such colonies would entirely alter the conditions of Anglo-Indian life, and would remove the greatest grievance which the women of Anglo-India have to complain of.—*St James's Gazette.*

STORIES OF DIAMOND DIGGERS.

A very interesting book, entitled "Incwadi Yami; or Twenty Years' Personal Experience in South Africa," has just been published by Messrs. Sampson, Low & Co. It is written by Dr. T. W. Matthews, late vice-president of the Legislative Council of South Africa, and for some time senior member for Kimberley in the Cape House of Assembly. Here are some stories about the diamond fields and the diggers:—

A DISAPPOINTED DIGGER.

Early diggers often made mistakes as to the nature of the stones they unearthed. A large crystal, showing all the angularity of the diamond and otherwise closely resembling it, often raised false hopes. Dr. Matthews mentions the following instance for the truth of which he vouches:—"A Boer arriving with his waggon, in which rode his wife and children, acquired a claim, and, shouldering his pick, with shovel in hand, he started to work, and *mirabile dictu*, in an hour he discovered a huge stone. Delighted beyond measure at his glorious find, he yet deemed it prudent to conceal it from every one. Packing up his goods and inspanning his oxen, he started for Port Elizabeth, where he had heard, that the highest prices were paid for diamonds. A six weeks' trek' found him safely arrived at the bay, and with his gem in his pocket he sallied forth to the office of a well-known firm of buyers. He explained how he had become possessed of the priceless brilliant, how he had not shown it to a living soul, and so forth; but when he produced the marvel of beauty, the merchant mercilessly shattered all his six weeks' dream by telling him that it was a 'crystal,' and of no value whatever save as a curio."

DIAMOND SMUGGLING.

Astonishing ingenuity is sometimes displayed to "run" illicit diamonds. Here is a case in point:—"One man named Phillips had the heels of his boots made hollow and filled up with rough diamonds sealing them down with wax. The handles of his travelling trunk were also made to remove, empty spaces behind being constructed for the same purpose. In fact, the man thought himself safe enough. The detective department, however, suspecting him, and failing in all its efforts to trap, engaged a man to form a *pseudo* friendship with him, or, in other words to play the part of a Judas. To keep up the deception and disarm suspicion, this secret agent was rushed and searched by a well-known detective, thus creating an apparent reason for a fellow-feeling between the two. The result can easily be guessed. Convict No.—for ten long years to come has now seclusion and opportunity enough afforded him by the Government to ponder over the folly of confiding too much in his fellow-creatures." Again—"Kaffirs were employed as runners at night; in the day white horsemen, nicknamed troopers, were paid to, face the risks, the diamonds they carried being wrapped in lead, so that they could be dropped in the grass if danger loomed in the distance and then recovered again at leisure. Others of this ilk, again, having swallowed the precious stones, ran the gauntlet safely, in open defiance of the detectives with the diamonds in their stomachs. Horses were fed with balls of meal containing diamonds, driven across the border before the very eyes of the detectives, were in course of nature, the diamonds were restored to the hands of their keepers. Dogs, too, were starved until they bolted lumps of meat in which diamonds were imbedded. The tails of oxen and wings of fowls were often utilised passing the border unsuspected and unexamined; while carrier-pigeons instead of carrying valuable information, were used to transport valuable diamonds to Free Town, in the Orange Free State, and Christiana, in the Transvaal." As an instance of what risks natives employed at the diggings will run in order to conceal diamonds, it is mentioned that on a *post-mortem* examination being made on a native who died under suspicious circumstances a sixty-carat rough diamond was found in his stomach.

CURIOUS NAMES.

Kaffirs working on the diamond fields often adopt strikingly curious names. "Natives are by no means destitute of a sense of humour, and very often when they have been working for an employer of passionate disposition, and have been addressed by him in no complimentary terms, they voluntarily retain as their appellation some abusive title or strong objuration of which he has made use in the course of his remonstrances. I have not infrequently known a magistrate, on asking a native prisoner his name, to receive the reply, 'G—d d—mn' or 'Bl—dy Fool; while one unfortunate fellow, when asked the same question in the charge office, promptly answered, 'Go to H—l,' and it was not until he had been twice or three times knocked down for his apparent insolence, that the sergeant discovered that the native had simply given a truthful if startling answer to the question put to him. Such names as 'Cape Smoke' (*i. e.*, Colonial Brandy), 'Pontac,' and other alcoholic terms are not uncommon, while 'Sixpence' is one of the most favourite names of the natives."

The coffee trade has been sorely deranged ever since the wild speculation in September last. Since the opening of the year there have been hopes that prices would rise, but instead of doing so they have kept on a downward course. The following table shows the drop that has taken place from the highest points:—

Kinds.		Present price	Highest price.	Full.
Ceylon plantation...	per cwt	68s to 80s..	96s to 102s..	28s to 22s
Costa Rica	„	61s to 70s...	90s to 97s..	29s to 27s
Brazil	„	44s to 66s..	83s to 90s..	39s to 24s

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Colds, Coughs, Shortness of Breath.—These maladies require early and unremitting attention, for if neglected they often end in asthma, bronchitis, or consumption. The Ointment well rubbed upon the chest and back, penetrating the skin, is absorbed and carried directly to the lungs, whence it expels all impurities. All the blood in the body is perpetually passing through the lungs, and there all noxious particles tending to disease can be quickly, thoroughly, and permanently neutralized, rendered harmless, or ejected from the system. Holloway's Ointment and Pills perfectly accomplish this purification; and through the blood thus cleansed, the influence of these wonderful medicaments reaches the remotest part of the human body, and thus cures all diseased action, whether internal or external.

BALLET GIRLS' SMILES.

Funny goings-on were witnessed at a "rehearsal for smiles." That was what the stage manager called it, and such, in fact, it proved to be. The pantomime was in its seventh week, and the managers observed that many of the performers were becoming stereotyped in their manner. This was specially true of their smiling. The ballet girls' smile is of a cold, graven, crockery character at its best, and it could'nt stand any deterioration. There is really nothing for her to smile at, when you come to think of it, and she does it only as a part of her business. She may see her own dancing as others view it, by means of downward glances, but she cannot get a look at her own mouth. All the dancers were summoned to this peculiar rehearsal. Being assembled on the stage, the footlights were turned at full head, and the stage manager took his seat in front. "When I say three, grin," he said. "One, two, three." It was a ludicrous scene. The girls were in their street attire, and they were a prepossessing lot. At the word of command the long row of faces instantly became smiling. Some of the smiles were dimpled, pretty, and natural. Others were grimaces. The assortment of smiles was steadily maintained for about a minute, and then the boss shouted, "Stop." He told them what he wanted to get rid of was the "set smile," by which he meant that contortion of the mouth which looks as much like pain as mirth. "We'll try it once more, ladies, if you please," he said, "and all of you who smile right will be relieved Now, again—one, two, three." There was considerable improvemet. The expert fixed his eye on the girl at the right of the front line and said.—Yours will do. Drop out. The second will remain. Three and four can go. Five and six must do a great deal better. And so he passed his comments along from one to another until the end was reached. Fourteen unsatisfactory smilers remained. And there the show ended, for the man marshalled these imperfect girls into a separate room were there where large mirrors, and where he spent the ensuing hour training them how to smile in a manner bewitching to a theatrical assemblage.

MARCHIONESSES AT LOGGERHEADS.

The presentation of the tiara to the Princess of Wales on the 10th inst. was, writes the London correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian*, the occasion of tragic wrath in some celestial souls. The Marchioness of Salisbury thought that, as wife of the Prime Minister she had a kind of ex-officio right to make the presentation and read the address. However, Maria Marchioness of Ailesbury, who had originally planned the gift and collected the subscriptions, insisted on her right to officiate; and as she is one of the most popular ladies in London, and an intimate friend of the Prince and Princess of Wales, it was generally felt that she was right in her contention. Lady Ailesbury is not only a leading figure in society, but is also a keen politician and a devoted admirer of her friend and contemporary Mr. Gladstone. She is a Whig by antecedents and marriage, and an enthusiastic Home Ruler by conviction.

HIGH COURT.—April 13.

(Before the Hon. Chief Justice and the Hon. Mr. Justice Scott.)

For Judgment.

580—Crawford and B—E C K Ollivant vs Rahimtoola Noor Mahomed and another—Payne G and Ss

583—Winter, B and B—The B and Persia S N Co v the Secretary of State for India in Council—F A Little.

593—Re petition of Cowasji Wookerji, an insolvent—Ardaser H and D—Cowasji Wookerji vs C A Turner.

585—Hore C and B—Bai Mancooverbai vs Bai Chatoorbai and others—Little S F and N.

586—Macfarlane E and H—Koreji Kessowji and others vs Nathu Lally and others—Little S F and N.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley.)

Admiralty suits for re-hearing.

5-86—Chalk, W and S—J A Shepherd and another vs. The steamship Celerity—Little, S, F & N—Part heard.

6-86—Little, S, F and N—Hajibhoy Lallji and others vs. The steamship Shastri and another—Chalk, W and S—Part heard.

Testamentary and Intestate Jurisdiction.

16-87—Pestonji and R—Mulji Geoga and others vs Pootlibai and another—Mulji, B B.

17-87—Payne, G and S—Devibai, widow vs Jaǧ Hegady Narron—Little, S F and N.

An affray between the Suburban and the Bengal Provincial Police at Mattiabrooj is occupying the attention of the Courts at Calcutta.

A Lucknow telegram states that the Viceroy on Tuesday morning visited the Vernacular School at Allygunge, the Jubilee School and Canning College. In the afternoon he was to receive addresses at Government House from various Mahomedan societies in Oudh.

Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Simpson proceeds home on leave almost immediately. Dr. William Walker, late of the North-West Provinces, will officiate for him.

There are various changes taking place just now among the doctors of Calcutta. Dr. Harvey, Professor of Midwifery in the Medical College Hospital, goes home on leave immediately, and is succeeded by Dr. Joubert, who has several times before officiated in the appointment. This leaves vacant the Civil Surgeoncy of the 24-Pergunnahs which will be taken up by Dr. Russell. Other changes are, the transfer of Dr. Murray from the General Hospital to Champarun; Dr. Comins, from Mymensingh, succeeding him in Calcutta. Dr. Boville, from Champarun, goes to Cuttack to relieve Dr. Stewart, who is about to take leave.

Mr. H. Farrer, Post Master General, returned to Madras on Monday morning, the 9th instant., from Mysore and Bangalore, having completed his tour in connection with the amalgamation of the Mysore Post with the Imperial post. The arrangements for the working of the New Post have already been made, pending the sanction of the Supreme Government. The scale of salaries is also being thoroughly revised, and this will, it is stated, effect great economy in the Mysore exchequer.

Over 18,000 barrels of whisky are reported to have been received at Baltimore during the past year, a new article to be added to the list of imports. It is explained, however, to the consumer that this whisky is not distilled by the under-paid pauper labour of Europe, but is of genuine American manufacture. It is stated that the whisky is sent to Europe, when its period of warehousing has expired, in order to evade the payment of internal revenue charges. As *retour de l'Inde* gave prestige and character to Bordeaux and Madeira, so American whisky, no doubt, on its "return from Europe," finds a readier sale, and at a price which is sufficient to cover cost and freight and leave a margin of profit as well.

The coast of Ceylon is rapidly being strewn with wrecks, and of late one has followed another in quick succession. It is notable that the Justitia, the Ascalon, the Shamrock, and the Sikh, all went ashore in the north-east monsoon, the first named in February, 1885, the second in October, 1887, the third in January, 1888, and the last in March, 1888.

The claim of the Provincial Bank for Rs. 4,000, against Maharaja Sir Partab Singh, of Jodhpore, will be finally disposed of at Delhi on the 10th of next month, when judgment will be delivered. In his examination, Mr. Phillips, the late manager of the Bank, stated that the Bank's shares were not quoted at 25 per cent. premium as represented to the Maharaja at the time by Mr. Collins, who appears from Mr. Phillips' evidence to have been not only one of the directors, but the sole director at the time, and that Mr. Phillips experienced no difficulty whatever in allotting the number of shares which forms the basis of the present claim, although such a statement was made to the Maharaja in writing, with the evident object of inducing him to take the shares. Mr. Phillips further stated that the Bank paid Mr. Collins' expenses to and from Jodhpore when he paid the Maharaja a visit, in order to induce him to purchase shares.

Advice to Mothers.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The barque Queen of England, Captain E. G. Spencer, arrived in Bombay on Wednesday, with a cargo of timber and rice from Bankok (February 14).

The B. I. S. N. Co's Steamer Busheer, Captain J. Skinner, arrived yesterday from Marmagoa, laden with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Messrs Medcalfe, Smith, Alexander, Hill, and 164 deck.

The Hall line steamer Aston Hall 2,332 tons, Captain J. A. Hill, from Liverpool, arrived yesterday afternoon with a general cargo and Mr. W. Marriot, as passenger.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Canara, 1,229 tons, Captain J. M. Simpson, arrived yesterday afternoon, laden with a general cargo and Lieut.-Col. J. W. Heavyside, a passenger.

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Huzara, 1,344 tons, Captain D. Campbell, will sail to-day for London via Karachi, laden with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Captain and Mrs. Lewis, for Karachi; and Mr. and Mrs. Penny and child, for Plymouth.

The McIver line steamer China, 1,394 tons, Captain B. Fletcher, for Dunkirk, cleared yesterday, laden with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Colonel Nicols, Colonel and Mrs. Wilkins, Colonel. and Mrs. Hamilton and three children, Miss Forster, Mr. and Mrs Harvey and two children, Mrs. Baker, Mr. Pottinger, Mr. Simpson, Mrs. Faulding and daughter, two ladies, one gentleman, and three children.

VESSELS IN DOCK.—April 12.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Sutlej	2143	Worcester	A	P. & O. Co.
„ Mandalay ..	1243	J. S. Corgie	B	W. & A. Graham & Co
„ C. Graham..	1911	C. Alexanderson	C	F. Muir & Co.
„ Belgravia	3274	G. C. Boothby...	D	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Hajeen	1542	Newey...........	E	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Clan Macdonald	1717	W. J. Rule.......	F	F. Muir & Co.
„ Lepanto	1500	W. S. Morgan..	G	F. Muir & Co.
„ Besagno	1499	A. Dagnino	H	J. F. Bozzoni.
„ Waverly	2022	Calvert	K	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Inishowen Head	1986	T. McCalmont...	L	M. Mackenzie & Co.
„ Kirby Hall..	1757	G. D. Pearse......	M	E. Bates & Co.
„ Vulcan	1441	W. Skinner	N	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ China	1394	B. Fletcher	O	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Recta	1912	Grate	P	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Athens	1493	Robertson	Q	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Dora..........	1538	Mills...............	Off side.	K. Nixon & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
„ Lancaster ..	1147	J. T. Leggett ...	..	Captain.
„ Foyle	1584	H. Gasson	..	R. Bomonji.
„ Kt. of St. John	2296	Bevis	..	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Twickenham	1603	Cox	..	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Glenmorven	1826	Wright	..	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Angerton	1823	Morris	..	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Dunbar	1172	R. Weighell	..	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Etna	1478	Pope	..	K. Nixon & Co.
„ P. Henderick	2011	Collin	..	Visram Ebram.
„ Inchulwa	1453	G. Hough	..	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Akaba.........	2472	J. C. Main	..	K. Nixon & Co.

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessel.	Commander	From.
12	Busheer (s) .... Canara (s) .... Aston Hall (s)	Skinner ..... Simpson ..... Hill	Marmagoa, April 11 Calcutta, March 17. Liverpool, March 24

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
12	Hajeen (s) .... Bhownagar (s) .... Mistley Hall (ship)	Newey .... Nakoda .... Neilson	Dunkirk. Bhownagar. Dunkirk.

The steamer Busheer was entered yesterday for Marmagoa.

The following vessels will sail to-day:—
Steamer China, Fletcher, for Dunkirk.
„ Huzara, Campbell, for London via Karachi.
„ Nuddea, Cave, for Rangoon.
„ Siam, Weighell, for Aden.

CALCUTTA.

DEPARTURES.

April 8.—Steamers Simla and Nowshera.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

April.			
9	Tanais s	....	Calcutta.
10	Goalpara s..........	....	Negapatam.
	Clan Lamond s	....	Galle.

DEPARTURES.

April.			
9	Pelican s............	....	Calcutta.
	Dacca s	....	Calcutta.
	Tanais s	....	Colombo.

DAILY EXPORTS.—April 11.

For Liverpool.

Kirby Hall (s) 550 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 250 bales cotton, K Nixon and Co; 86 bales wool, K Khooshal.

Belgravia (s) 70 bales hemp, W Gangji; 100 bales cotton, Thos H Moore; 100 bales cotton, Finlay Muir and Co; 21 bales wool, &c., B Nursee.

For New York.

Belgravia (s) 14 bales goat skins, D Merwanji and Co.

For London.

Massilia (s) 7 cases woolen piece goods, D Sassoon and Co; 21 cases woolen piece goods, R Gayanchand; 12 bales skins, Ahmed Bros and Co.

Huzara (s), 150 cwts gum Arabic, and 65 cwts alibanum, D Ramji.

For Hamburg.

Massilia (s), 4 cwts ivory, A Blascheck and Co.

Lepanto (s) 110 bales cotton, The Bo Co Ld.

For Hull.

Lepanto (s) 8,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co.

Inchulva (s), 12,000 cwts wheat and 6,024 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

For Dunkirk.

Hajeen s—1,000 cwts rapeseed, K Khooshal; 2,001 cwts linseed, Finlay Muir and Co; 1,000 cwts wheat, The Bo Co Ld.

China s—4,000 cwts rapeseed, W Bell and Co; 2,001 cwts linseed, D Sassoon and Co; 2,001 cwts rapeseed, and 8,001 cwts linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co; 1,000 cwts wheat, The Bo Co. Ld.

Recta s—2,001 cwts poppyseed, A Blascheck and Co; 145 cwts sandal wood, &c, F Hurst.

For Antwerp.

Inishowen Head s—10 bales cotton, R Steuart and Co; 100 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 100 bales cotton, Killick, Nixon and Co.

Strathern s—10,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

Angerton s—330 bales cotton and 4,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co.

For Havre.

Etna s—2,000 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Brothers.

For Marseilles.

Kirby Hall s—500 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

Clan Macdonald s—10,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir & Co.

Athens s—4,000 cwts. wheat, Lang Moir & Co.; 6,000 cwts. wheat, J. Fachiri; 1,906 cwts. Zanzibar copra, R. Caderbhai.

For Genoa.

Kt. of St. John s—8,000 cwts. wheat, Lyon & Co.; 3,356 cwts. wheat, J. C. Bushby & Co.; 3,000 cwts. teelseed, Ralli Brothers.

Singapore s—300 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co.; 500 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

For Messina.

Singapore s—2,200 cwts. wheat, Lang Moir & Co.

For Palermo.

Dora s—18,000 cwts. wheat, Louis Dreyfus & Co.

For Barcelona.

Singapore s—100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 500 bales cotton, The Bo Co Ld.

For Naples.

Singapore s—4,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co.

For Leghorn.

Singapore s—25 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 250 bales cotton, G Lockhart and Co; 12,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co.

For Torre del Anunziata.

Boskenna Bay s—10,000 cwts wheat, E Spinner and Co; 8,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

Dunbar s—2,000 cwts wheat, Volkart Brothers.

For Trieste.

Waverley (s) 330 bales cotton, Thos H Moor and Co; 496 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 110 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 110 bales cotton, D Sassoon and Co.

For Kobe.

Bisagno s—25 bales twist, long cloth, &c., M. Gocaldas S. and W. Co.; 25 bales twist, C. H. B. Forbes and Co.; 50 bales twist, C. Chotalal.

Berenice s—25 bales twist, C. H. B. Forbes and Co.

For Hongkong.

Bisagno s—50 bales twist, Ramji Kanji; 25 bales twist, Maiffre Nevue and Co.

Berenice s—300 bales twist, D. Sassoon and Co.; 375 bales twist, C. Chotalal.

For Shanghai.

Bisagno s—200 bales twist, N. Maneckji: 75 bales twist, John Campbell and Co.

Berenice s—25 bales twist, D. Sassoon and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—April 11.

Stewart, Lt-Col, 1st Cavalry, H, C, on remount duty from Hingoli.

Anderson, Surgeon, Bombay, I M S, on leave, from Poona.

Capper, Lieut, Bengal, R E, on leave, from Peshawar.

April 12.

Fullam, Vety, Surgeon, Bombay, A V D, on transfer to Karachi, from Mhow.

Gowan, Lt-Col, Bengal, 4th Sikhs, on leave, from Dehra Gazikhan.

Princep, Colonel, 11th Bengal Lancers, on leave, from Nowgong.

DEPARTURES.—April 11.

Payne, Lt-Col, Bombay, Marine Battalion, on duty, to Mhow.

April 12.

Vanderzee, Colonel, 11th Madras Infantry, on duty, to Cannanore.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 13th April, 1888.

1. The prizes will be presented by the General Officer Commanding the District at the Town Hall this evening at 9 p.m. Red or white uniform to be worn.

2. The inspection of Arms by the Civil Chief Master Armourer having been fixed for the 27th inst., all rifles must be returned to Head-quarters before that date.

Bombay Light Horse.

The following order is notified:—

3. Carbines in possession of members are to be returned to Head-quarters with the least possible delay.

By order,
H. S. B. HODGKINSON, Capt. & Adjutant,
Bombay Vol. R. Corps.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS

By Major G. W. Roughton, Commandant,
Bombay Volunteer Artillery.
Bombay, 13th April, 1888.

Members are requested to return all Arms and Accoutrements to the Volunteer Head Quarters on or before the 17th inst.

By Order,
ARTHUR LESLIE, Capt.
Actg. Adjt. B. V. A.

CEYLON.

Journalistic Loyalty.—The *Times of Ceylon* of the 30th ult., has an article, headed "Misrepresentation by Sir Arthur Gordon," in which it says:—It has been brought to our attention that H. E. the Governor, in forwarding Mr. Bois's circular and other evidence, in support of a broad-gauge extension to the Haputale Pass only, to the Secretary of State has on one point deliberately misrepresented matters. This is a serious charge to make against the Queen's representative, but, in the case of Sir Arthur Gordon, unfortunately it is not made for the first time, as his record in the Southern Colonies can testify.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

Bombay, 11th April, 1888.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·779
Temperature of the Air	84·1
Wet Bulb Thermometer	76·7
Dew Point	73·8
Relative humidity of Air	·717
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10)..	0·4
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	88·7
Minimum do. do (read at 10 a.m.)	79·0
General Directions of Wind.*	NNW, NNE, NE, NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	389

* From midnight to midnight.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

Maximum Rates

Daily Prices—Beef—	Rs.	a.	p.
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb.........	0	3	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb.........	0	2	6
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0	2	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0	1	9
Beefsteak (under part), per lb.........	0	5	0
Do. (round), per lb.........	0	1	3
Meat for soup, per lb.........	0	1	3
Shins, large, each	0	4	0
Do. small, each.........	0	3	6
Tongues, fresh, each	0	3	6
Do. salt, each.........	0	7	6
Suet, 1st sort, each.........	0	5	0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0	4	0
Liver, each	0	3	6
Heart, each.........	0	1	3
Kidneys, each	0	1	0
Marrow Bones, each	0	1	0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0	2	0
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0	1	9
Oxtail, each.........	0	2	6
per Sirloin lb.........	0	3	6
Fore Ribs, each	0	3	3
Beef Salt, English	0	7	0

Mutton—	1st Sort.			2nd		
Saddle, per lb.............	0	4	0	0	3	
Leg, Loin, Shoulder, and Neck, per lb.	0	3	6	0	2	6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each ...	0	3	0	0	2	3
Do. do. 2nd sort, each...	0	2	6	0	2	0
Breast large	0	2	6	0	2	3
Do. small	0	2	3	0	2	0
Head, each	0	3	6		...	
Kidneys, each.........	0	1	0	0	1	0
Suet, per lb.........	0	3	0	0	3	0

Sugar—	Rs.	a.	p.
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer.........	0	12	0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer.........	0	10	0
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer.........	0	3	0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer.........	0	2	3
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer.........	0	1	6
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer.........	0	1	3
Do. do. brown, per seer.........	0	1	3
Do. Mauritius, per seer	0	1	6
Tea, Hill, per lb.........	0	14	0
Do. 1st sort, per lb.........	0	12	0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb.........	0	8	0
Sago, per seer.........	0	1	9

Bread—	Rs.	a.	p.
Loaves, 1st sort, 13 oz., each.........	0	1	9
Do. 2nd sort, 13 oz., each.........	0	1	6
Do. brown, each	0	2	0
Flour, Wheat, per seer.........	0	1	3
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer.........	0	1	0
Rolong, 1st, sort per seer	0	1	6
Do. 2nd sort, per seer.........	0	1	0
Biscuits, Poona, per lb.........	0	5	0
Do. Bombay, per lb.........	0	2	6
Do. Poona, Mixed, per lb.........	0	4	0
Flour, Rice, 1st sort, per seer	0	0	8
Bajri, Rice, per lb.........	0	0	6

Dry Fish—	Rs.	a.	p.
Pomfret, white, large, per each......	0	1	3
Do. small do.	0	1	0
Surmaye, large, per each.........	1	0	0
Palah, large	0	1	6
Do. small.........	0	0	9
Dhomee, large, each.........	0	0	9
Do. small, per dozen.........	0	0	6
Wagtee, large, per dozen	0	0	9
Do. small per dozen	0	0	6
Bumlows, per dozen.........	0	0	
Donugryh, each	0	1	3

The Nawab Kurshed Jah, Amir-I-Kabir, of Hyderabad, has arrived at Lucknow. The object of his visit has not yet become known, but he was to be granted an audience by the Viceroy on Tuesday afternoon.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rate.
Indian Banks.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	30,000	500	all	7 pct.	830
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	890xd
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	14 do.	745
Exchange Bank.					
Agra Bank............	10,000	£	£	6 do.	115
Hong. and Shang. B. Corporation	80,000	100	all	17½ do.	249
National Bank of India	37,820	£125 250		5 pct.	127

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	£100	—	—	£160
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent..	—	£100	—	—	£161½

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 10	1050
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,060
Indian Fire Insurance Co	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co.	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 190	2,025

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 54	1,300
Albert Ginning Co. ..	100	500	500	Rs.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	905
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	240
Bellary	690	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	250
Breul's Cawnpore P. Co., Ld	0	200	200	Rs. 16	110xd
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	125	125	Rs. 15	162½
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 600	625
Dhollera P. & G. Co. .	0	30	300	12	95
East India Press Co. .	0	,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,175
English Press & Mfg. Co., Ld.	400	250	...	..	250
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 60	1200
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	500
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	500	500	Rs. 15	400
Khamgaum Cotton Press Co.	240	450	all	Rs. 45	325
Manmar Manfg. Co ..	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	195
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 5	71½
Mofussil Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 0	402½
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,250	500	500	Rs. 60	510
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	80
Prince of W. Press ...	600	500	100	Rs. 3	280
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 10	440xd
Sind Press Co.	400	2,000	750	Rs. 50	510
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	10	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,225
Sassoon Press Co.	20	500	500	25	500
Volkart Press Co.	605	1,000	1,000	P	650

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown & Co Ld.	1,000 750	200 200	200 150	10 p ct	200 150
Badham Pile & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	157
Bapty Co., Ld.	325		185	Rs. 14	46
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld. ..		500	100	2-3p.c	100
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c	0
Bombay Saw Mills ..	800	1,000	1,000	..	100
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	...	95
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	Rs. 135	3,075
Do. (3rd Issue).....	2,000	62	375	Rs. 33½	762½
Bombay Municipal Bonds	—	—	—	5 p.c.	105
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	500	—	520
Cooper, Madon & Co. Ld.	3,000	100	100	Rs. 10	66
Geyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	41
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	9½
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		9½
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	500	256	250	...	190
Kemp & Co. Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26½	362
Marcks & Co., Ld. ...	4,000	100	100	Rs. 10	96
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.ct	80
Napier Foundry and M'f'g. Co.	1,500	100	100	..	104xd
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company ..	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	115
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	8 p. c	18
Pearse and Co., Ld. ..	1,000	100	100	Rs. 1	40
Port Canning Co.	8,000	00	1,000	R 9	335
Phillips & Co., Ld. ..	4,000	100	100	p.c	115
Soundy & Co., Ld....	1,000	100	100	9 p.c.	85
Telephone Co., Ld....	18,300	25	25	Rs. 2	6
Treacher & Co., Ld. .	2,000	500	500	Rs. 100	1,300
Thacker & Co., Ld. ..	1,000	100	100	Rs. 15	197
Western India Flour Mills	000	125	125	nil	40
M. Mody & Co	1,000	200		p	100
Berars Oil Mills Co., Ld.	1,250	100	All	..	100

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES

Ahmedabad S. & W. Co.	1,308	1,000	1,000	...	1,375
Albert Edward Mills Co., Ld.		00	500	Rs. 25	450
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	Rs. 4	100
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld...	1,000	500	500	...	335
Ahmedabad Ginning & M. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	..	—
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co .	4,800	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	..	—
Alliance Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	587½xd
Bellary S. & W. Mill, Ld.	871	500	500	Rs. 22½	520
Bombay Cotton Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	500	500	Rs. 20	350
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	855xd
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	..	150
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	500	500	Rs. 0	970xd
City of Bombay Mf'g. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 52	930
Colaba Land & Mill Co., Ld.	4,000	700	700	Rs. 30	780xd
Connaught Mills Co. Ld.	840	500	500	Rs. 25	637½
Cocrla S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	577½
David Mills Co., Ld. ..	1,600	5 0	39	Rs. 500	5.0
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1000
Empress S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,415½	50	50	Rs. 25	715
Framjee Petit S. and Mf'g. Co., Ld.	,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	605
Gordon S. & Mf'g. Co. Ld.	9,700	150	150	..	170
Goolam Baba S. & W. Co., Limited	2,000	500	500	—	300
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited		1,000	1,000	..	...
Guzerat S. & W. Co., Limited	421	1,000	1,000	...	83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	—	830
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	660
Hingunghat Mill Co., Limited.	700	575	50	Rs. 37½	720
Hyderabad Deccan S. & W. Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	625 795
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld....	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1230
Imperial Cotton Mills Co., Limited........	1,360	500	50	Rs. 25	... 550
Jamshed Mfg. Co., Limited	1,600	25	25	Rs. 15	297½
James Greaves Mill Co., Limited	1,320	500	50	Rs. 25	640
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original..	600	500	50		420
Increased ...	1,483	250	25	Rs. 14	
Jubilee Mill Co., Ld...	466	1,000	200	—	
Jewraj Balloo S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 55	1,110
Khandesh S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700
Khattow Makanjee S. & W. Co., Ld	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	710
Lukhmidas Khimjee S. & W. Co., Ld	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	915
Leopold S. Bleaching & Mfg. Co., Ld	3,500	100	100	Rs. 5	143
Madras United S. and W. Mills Co., Ld.....	500½		1,000	Rs. 12	2,125
Mahaluxmi S. & W. Co., Ld.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 30	480
Mazagon S. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 8	162½
Morarjee Goculdas S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,510
Maneckjee Petit Mfg. Co., Limited	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,285
Naigaum Cotton Cleaning and Mfg. Co., Limited	1,300	10	100		10
Nawab of Baila S. W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	2,000	250	250	...	...
New Great Eastern S. & W. Co., Ld. ...	1,500	1,0	1,000	Rs. 40	745
National S. & W. Co., of India, Limited	600	1,00	1,000	...	420
Oriental S. & W. Co., Limited	5,720		625	Rs. 25	545
People of India S. & Mfg. Co., Limited...	1,000	50	250	Rs. 6½	110
Presidency Mills Co., Limited	713	1,00	1,000	...	975
Prince of Wales S. & Mfg. Co., Limited...	2,189		125	...	72½
Queen S. & W. Co., Limited	790	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	1,015
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld ...	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	990xd
Sassoon S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	...	1,5.0
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld. ..	1,716	50	500	...	300
Sholapore S. & W. Co Ld.		1000	1,000	Rs. 55	1,180xd
Soonderdas S. & W Mill Co., Ld.	650	1,000	1,006	Rs. 30	550xd
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	...	255xd
Swadeshi Mills Co., Ld.	4,000	500	500	..	450
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 20	385
Veramgaum S. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	800	500	500	...	..
Western India S. & Mfg. Co., Ld......	1,200	1,000	1,000	—	670

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 14-9
Carolas	„ 216
Mexican Dollars	„ 222
Five-Franc Pieces	„ 280
Bar Silver, 17½ betterness	„ 106-7
Gold Leaf	„ 23-3
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch..........	„ 23-4
Australian Gold, 100 touch	„ 23-2
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch........................	„ 23-2
Pekin	„ 22-8

CALCUTTA COMMERCIAL.

CALCUTTA, Thursday, April 5, 1888.

COMMERCIAL COMPANIES' SHARES.

Stocks.	Paid Rs.	1 year's Divd.	
Agra Pressing Co.	100	......	...
Agricultural Phosphates ...	100	y 10 p.ct.	25
Alipore Coal Co....	100		105 a
Arakan Oil Co.	Rs. 9	......	Nml.
Bally Paper Mills Co. ...	£10	6 p. ct.	170
Barnagore Jute Factory ...	£10	y 5 p.ct.	92
Bengal Coal Co., ...	1000	6 p. ct.	1,560
B. Baragunda Copper (preference A shares)	£15	......	16½
Do. Deferred B Shares ...	£1	......	8½
Bengal Ice Manfg. Co.	100	nil.	83
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	£100	7½ p.ct.	1,600
Do. Silk Co., Ld. ...	100	y nil.	50
Do. Telephone Co.	100	8 p. ct.	50
Bonded Warehouse	445	Rs 11 p.sh	260
Bowreah Cotton Mills	100	3 p. ct.	65x
Budge-Budge J. Mills	80	5	87
Burrakur Coal Co.	100	15 p. ct.	170
Calcutta Central Press	100	y 15 p.ct.	105
Calcutta Hydraulic	100	nil.	99
Do. Steam Co.	100	6 p. ct.	116
Do. Tramways Co. ...	£10	1½ p. ct	9
Camperdown P. Co., Ld. ...	100	8 p.ct.	110
Canal Press Co.	100	nil.	81
Carew & Co., Ld. (Sugar) ...	100	3 p. ct.	98
Cawnpur Cotton Mills Co. ...	100	5 p. ct.	105
Do. Woollen Mills ...	50	5 p.ct.	62
Chitpur Hydraulic P.	100	nil.	80
Crown Brewery Musuri ...	100	y 8 p. ct.	110
Crystal Ice Co., Ld.	100	nil.	116
Darjeeling Himalayan Ry. Co...	100	6 p. ct.	115
Do. & K. Hotel Co. ...	100	......	50
Deoghur Ry. Co., Ld.	100	2 p. ct.	92
Do. Mining Co., Ld. ...	10	......	
Dunbar Cotton Mills	100	nil.	50
Egerton Woollen Mills Co., Ld...	100	2 p. ct.	85
Empress Ind Cotton Co., Ld. ...	500	4 p. ct.	355
Equitable Coal Co., Ld... ...	250	3 p. ct.	235
Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing.	100	nil.	56
Gobra Tannery Co., Ld... ...	100	nil.	80
Goosery Cotton Mills	200	5 p. ct.	200
Gouripore Co., Ld.	100	4 p. ct.	117
Great Eastern Hotel	100	2 p. ct.	86½
Hooghly Mills Co., Ld.... ...	75	nil.	2nd
Howrah Docking Co.	500	Rs.5 p.sh.	110
Do. Mills Co., Ld.	100	6 p. ct.	107
India G. S. N. Co., Ld.	100	3 p. ct.	91
Kamerhatty Jute Mills... ...	50	5 p. ct.	119
Kangra V. S. Co., Ld.	100	6 p.ct.	110
Kanknarrah C.	59	nil.	55
Lahore Tramway Co.	100	......	110
Landing & Shipping Co... ...	100	4 p. ct.	73
Lyell & Co., Ld., Allahabad ...	100	y 10 p. ct.	90
Morrison E. & Co., Naini Tal ...	100	......	60
Muir Mills Co., Cotton	200	7 p. ct.	286
Murree Brewery Co., Ld. ...	100	y 12 p.ct.	155
Naini Tal Brewery Co., Ld. ...	100	y 12 p.ct.	120
Nasmyth's Pat. Press	100	nil.	80
New Beerbhoom Coal	100	6 p. ct.	117
Orissa Coasting S. N.	75	nil.	50d
Planters Stores and Agency Co., Ld.	£10	4 p. ct.	£11
Rajmahal Stone Co.	100	y5 p. ct.	75
Ramkistopore Press	100	nil.	36
Raneegunge Coal Asn.	100	y5 p. ct.	60
Riverside Press Co.	100	nil.	54
R. Scott Thomson & Co... ...	500	2 p. ct.	245
Scindia Paper Mills Co... ...	£1	......	Nml.
Do. Vendors Shares... ...	£1	......	Nml.
Seebpore Jute Manfg.	100	nil.	79
Strand Bank Press Co.	100	nil.	61
Tarkessur Railway Co.	100	4 p. ct.	118
Titaghur Paper Mills	100	5 p. ct.	115
Union Jute Co., Ld.	75	16 p. ct.	175
Watson's Patent Press	100	5 p. ct.	88

TEA COMPANIES' SHARES.

Adulpore Terai (Darij.) ...	100	nil. a	20
Amicable (Assam)	100	...	Lqdn.
Amluckie...	100	8 p. ct. a	60
Arcuttipore (Cachar)	100	7 p. ct. a	45
Assam Company...	£20	5 ad.-int.	530
Baintbarrie Tea Co., Ld. ...	100	nil a	100
Balasun (Darjeeling)	100	8 p. ct.	77
Bengal (Cachar)...	100	2 p. ct. a	50
Do. contributory ...	80	2 p. ct. a	40
Bishnath (Assam)	200	13p. ct. a	185
Do. contributory	100	13p. ct. a	90
Borelli (Assam)	£10	5 p. ct.	165
Burkholah (Cachar)	100	3 p. ct.	37
Central (Cachar)	200	6 p. ct. a	26
Do. Terai (Darj.)	100	nil. a	25
Chandypore (Cachar)	100	nil. a	28
Cherra (Cachar)	£10	......	50
Chota Nagpore	100	nil. a	18
Chumta Tea Co.	100	2 p. ct. a	15
Cocheela (Cachar)	100	nil. a	19
Cuttecherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	100x
Darg. Tea & Cinchona	100	12 p. ct.	88
Dehing (Assam)	90	4 p. ct. a	43
Dehra Doon	100	4 p. ct. a	45
Dejoo (Assam)	£10	3½p. ct.	110
Dessai & Parbutia (Assam) ...	100	5ad.-int a	50
Dhunsiri	100	nil. a	95
Doom Dooma, Ordinary ...	£10	6½ p. ct.	136
Do. do. A...	£10	8 p. ct. a	156
Do. do. B	£10	6 p. ct. a	108
Durrung (Assam)	100	3ad.-int. a	46
Eastern Cachar	100	nil. a	22
East India Assam & Cachar ...	100	nil. a	40
Endogram (Cachar)	£10	......	Nml.
Gielle (Darjeeling)	100	6 p. ct.	58
Good Hope Tea Co.	100	38 p. ct.	190
Goomtee Tea	100	nil. a	93
Gowhatty (Assam)	100	......	Lqdn.
Grob (Assam)	100	nil. a	20
Gyabaree (Darjeeling)	97½	nil. a	43
Holta (Kangra)	100	5 p.ct. a	63
Hoolmaree (Assam)	100	15 p. ct.	108
Hoolungorie (Assam)	100	3 p. ct. a	38
Hopetown	100	6 p. ct. c	100
Do. contributory	100	5 p. ct. c	100
Hotewar (Chota Nagpore) ...	100	... ..	100
Hunwal (Assam)	£10	3 p. ct a	100
Indian Terai	500	7 p. ct. a	450
Iringmara (Cachar)	100	5 ad int.	100
Jetinga Val (Cachar)	100	7½p. ct. a	Inrcon.
Jhanzie Tea Assn., Ld.	£5	4ad.-int. a	92
Jinglam Darjeeling	100	nil. a	92
Jokai (Assam)	£10	5ad.-int. a	170
Kalacherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	25
Kamptie Gwallie (Assam) ...	100	5 p. ct.	par.
Khobong (Assam) A	100	10 p. ct. a	105
Do. do. B	100	4 p. ct. a	105
Kornafuli (Chittg.)	60	5 p. ct.	50
Kousanie	100	......	Nml.
Kunchunpore (Cachar)	100	nil. a	12
Kurseong & Darjeeling	250	4 p. ct. a	89
Do. contributory	200	4 p. ct. a	79
Kuttal (Cachar)	100	16 p. ct. a	198
Lakatoora (Sylhet)	100	3½p. ct. a	35
Leesh River (W. Dooars) ...	£10	4 p. ct. a	par.
Longview (Dar.)	100	3½p. ct. a	42
Loobah	100	12p. ct. a	120
Lower Assam	£7½	nil. c	5
Do. Darjeeling	100	nil. c	Nml.
Luckimpore, Assam	£10	6 p. ct.	60
Majagram (Cachar)	100	nil. a	20
Mesai Tea Co.	100	12 p. ct. a	101
Mim Tea Co.	100	12 p. ct.	3
Mohurgung Tea Co.	100	4 p. ct. a	40
Monacherra (Cachar)	100	nil. a	17
Do. contributory	90	nil. a	15
Moran, Assam	80	nil.	30d.
Mothola, Assam	100	8 p. ct.	110
Do. contributory	90	8ad. int.	100
Munjha (Darjg. Tea)	100	nil. a	50
Mungledye, Assam Tea	£10	nil. a	...
New Gola Ghat, Assam	£10	......	Lqdn.
New Mutual (Cachar)... ...	30	18 p. ct. a	100
North Western Cachar	100	nil.	32
Phœnix of (Cachar)	85	3 p. ct. c	29
Pankabaree (Darjg.)	100	nil. a	47
Pashok (Darjeeling)	100	6 p. ct. a	94
Phoolbaree Tea C., Ld. ...	100	8 p. ct.	67
Puttareah (Sylhet)	100	nil. c	40
Rajabaree (Assam)	100	7 p. ct. a	43
Ring Tong (Darjg.)	100	nil. a	40
Rungamatee (Cachar)... ...	100	4 p. ct.	25
Runglee Rungliot	100	15 p. ct.	115
Sagmootia (Assam)	100	nil. a	Nml.
Sapakati Tea Co.	100	7 p. ct. a	103
Second Mutual, Cachar ...	56	10 p. ct.	4-5d
Second Fallodhi	100	5 p. ct. a	40
Selim Tea Co., Ld.	100	nil.	30
Singbulli & Murmah	100	7 p. ct.	86
Singell (Darjeeling)	100	2p. ct. a	42
Singlo Tea Co.	100	......	100
Singtom Tea Co., Ld.	100	8 p. ct.	100
Soom (Darjeeling)	100	7 p. ct. a	63
Springside (Darjeeling) ...	100	7½ p. ct.	55
Sungoo River (Chittg.)... ...	100	nil. a	16
Teendarrea (Darjg.)	100	3 p. ct. a	32
Teesta Valley (Darjg.)	100	10ad.int.	93
Ting Ling (Darjeeling)... ...	100	5 ad. int.	106
Tingri Tea Co., Ld.	100	12 per ct.	101
Tukvar (Darjeeling)	200	5 ad. int.	155
Upper Assam	£10	nil. a	15
Washabre W. Dooars... ...	100	10 p. ct.	...

d. nt. Ad-interim divipend on crop of 1887.

a—Total dividend on crop of 1886.

c—Total dividend on crop of 1885.

d—Dividend for the year.

b—Buyer.

INSURANCES.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE LIFE AND MARINE

CAPITAL—£2,500,000.

FUNDS EXCEEDED—£1,960,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and also accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous Rates.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
4, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited,

IS the FIRST PUBLIC COMPANY established in India to provide Security against Losses arising through dishonesty of persons holding situations of trust and to obviate the inconvenience and defects of Suretyship by Private Bondsmen.

The Security of this Association is now generally adopted for European and Native Officers under Government and Public Companies.

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Moderate rates according to the nature of the Employment on the amount of security required.

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D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.,
Albert Building. Secretary.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

IS warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex, acquired or constitutional Gravel and Pains in the Back. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors.

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DRUG COMPANY,
LINCOLN, ENGLAND,

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NEWBERY and SONS, 37, Newgate-street London.
BARCLAY and SONS, 95, Farringdon-street, London.
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Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of

RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY ATTENUATION of BODY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

"We recommend your *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla*: *Medical Review.*

"The only preparation for removing what may be called the Sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of *Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your *Essence of Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* CURED me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed.—*Earl of Aldborough.*

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THOMAS WILKINSON
(Member of the Pharmaceutical Society)
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Sold in small, medium and large bottles.

CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address also Trade Mark W at the bottom of the bottle.

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BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.

AGENTS: TREACHER AND Co., KEMP AND Co. ROGERS AND Co., BOLTON AND Co., and PHILLIPS AND Co., Bombay, and all respectable Firms

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IN USE 100 YEARS.
SKIN DISEASES

Are of two kinds: firstly, those which are only skin deep (which are not now to be considered); secondly, those which are caused by a bad state of the blood, and which attack various parts of the body in different ways. Skin diseases shows itself in the HEAD sometimes in the form of Dandruff which no amount of brushing and combing will get rid of, and sometimes in the form of Scaly Eruptions. In the NECK, by an enlargement of the glands (commonly called Glandular Swellings), which if unchecked become very unsightly wounds. In the ARMPITS, and the inside of the ELBOWS by an inflamed Roughness of the Skin, which is very painful when washed. In the HANDS, by deep Cracks or Fissures which, if healed for a few days, speedily open again, or by horny looking patches. In the LEGS, by Hard, Shiny and Inflamed Swellings, or by wounds more or less deep. And on the BODY, in Red Scaly Patches, which as often as rubbed off, form again or in the discharge of a thin, watery fluid of a very disagreeable nature. In all these cases the treatment must be twofold. An Ointment is required to relieve Itching, and Medicine must be taken to change the state of the Blood, and render it pure.

Both these requirements are supplied by

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The OINTMENT called
"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"
And the
ALTERATIVE PILLS,
Called "PILULÆ ANTISCROFULÆ."

These Two Medicines have now stood the test of 100 years trial, having been introduced to the public in the latter part of the last century.

They may be obtained of all Chemists, or of the Proprietors,

BEACH & BARNICOTT, BRIDPORT, DORSET.
Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 11s, and 22s. each. *Postage extra.*

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THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff) to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa, and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5. 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 38 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Brownes is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours, Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitation.

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THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies, steam-boats and Dâk companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill-sanitaria, &c. With a new Coloured map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Postage Free published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office,

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WE are now showing the largest new Stock in Bombay of Tweeds Angolas, Coatings, Flannels, Bedford Cords, Corduroys, Oxford Shirtings, Over-coatings, and Cotton Suitings, suitable for all climes. An early inspection is invited.

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WATCH MANUFACTURERS
AND
WHOLESALE WATCH SUPPLIERS
OFFER NOW THE WHOLE STOCK OF THEIR
NON-KEYLESS WATCHES
A REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT.

N.B.—At a Meeting of the Directors of the above Company, on the 22nd March, it was resolved that the stock of their Key-winding Gold and Silver Watches should be offered to the Public at a reduction of 20 per cent. with the exception of their McCabe's Gold Watches, on which they allow 10 per cent. only.

This concession will, no doubt, induce intending Purchasers to obtain a good Watch at a very low price.

To Mofussil Constituents [illegible] shall be glad to send a few Watches to select from on being informed of the approximate value.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD

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Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind or name awarded Certificate of Merit at the Calcutta International Exhibition, 1883-4; and the only trade Mark—'PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act, 38 and 39 Vic. 91. Certified by the Registrar of Trade Marks, London.

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DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

For TWENTY-FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE, RELIABLE, PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the system dependent upon the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

It Cures Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Diseases.
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Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
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Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever Cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

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Whilst Pleasant to the Taste and Agreeable to the stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the First Day of its administration by a remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The Bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair requires strength showing the importance of its action of the Organs of Nutrition.

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Actually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element Phosphorous, "*the very Core and Centre of the Brain itself*;" and kindles afresh the Fire of Life from the Sole of the Foot to the Crown of the Head.

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Thousands of unimpeachable Testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities, prove conclusively the verdict universal that in the world of scientific research no other Phosphoric Preparation has received such exalted praise and distinguished recognition.

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Is sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d and 11s., by all Chemists and Druggists throughout the World.

Full Printed Directions for the guidance of Patients in the Self-Treatment of the above Diseases are enclosed with each Bottle.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT
DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYN
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THE ONLY WROUGHT-IRON PULLEY MADE.

Any Size up to 24 ft. diameter.

LIGHTEST, STRONGEST, SAFEST, AND BEST PULLEY IN THE WORLD.

60,000 IN USE.

The ONLY Pulley made which is absolutely Unbreakable.

SOLE MAKERS:
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RAILWAY FOUNDRY, LEEDS.

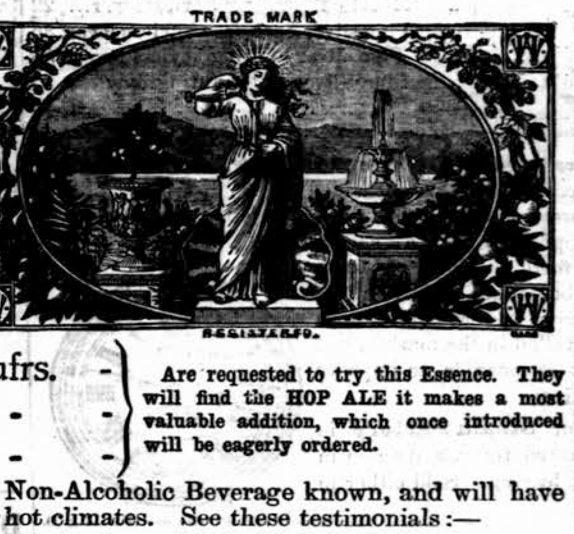
Used EXCLUSIVELY for driving the Electric Light at the Fisheries, Health, Inventions, and Colonial and Indian Exhibitions.

HAY'S HOP ALE ESSENCE

Is made from the Choicest Hops Grown.

HAY'S HOP ALE.

The New Aerated Beverage, with full flavour of the finest Hops, is a really appetizing Bitter Beer.



Aerated Water Manufrs. -
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} Are requested to try this Essence. They will find the HOP ALE it makes a most valuable addition, which once introduced will be eagerly ordered.

It is the most Appetizing Non-Alcoholic Beverage known, and will have an immense permanent sale in hot climates. See these testimonials:—

"A beautiful essence. Has a fine Hop Aroma and is quite a pharmaceutical triumph."—*The Chemist and Druggist.*

"HAY'S HOP ALE.—This is an excellent Non-Alcoholic beverage."—*The Lancet.*

"Aerated Hop Ale made from this essence is unrivalled for its peculiarly fine Hop Flavour and Aroma."

"Has the Hop Taste of Bitter Beer, and is a nearer approach to Bass' or Allsopp's Ale then any non-intoxicants preceding it."—*Eastern Morning News.*

Trade Price, 8s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. & upwards, 8s.

QUANTITY REQUIRED, Two Fluid oz. to each Gallon of SYRUP, making 106 10-oz. BOTTLES.

W. HAY, Manufacturing Chemist, Beverley Road, HULL, ENGLAND.

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HAVE A WORLD-WIDE CELEBRITY.

Hay's Soluble Essence of Jamaica Ginger.
Hay's Compound Fortified Essence of Jamaica Ginger. For 1st quality Ginger Ale.
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Hay's Ginger Champagne Essence, highly recommended.
Hay's Soluble Essence of Messina Lemons.
Hay's Lemon Flavour.
Hay's Hop Ale Essence.

Spurious imitations are made, but the difference is so marked that no manufacturer using them can compete with one using Hay's preparations. Indentors, to prevent disappointment, should specify that the goods are to be of

W. HAY'S (of Hull), Manufacture.

"MOLLISCORIUM,"

For Softening, Preserving and Waterproofing
HARNESS, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c.,
ALSO FOR OILING CARRIAGE AXLES.

HARNESS COMPOSITION.

For Nourishing the Leather and producing a Brilliant Polish.

BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

For Maintaining a Beautiful Black.

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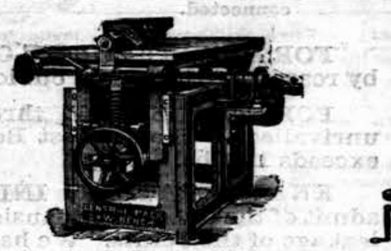

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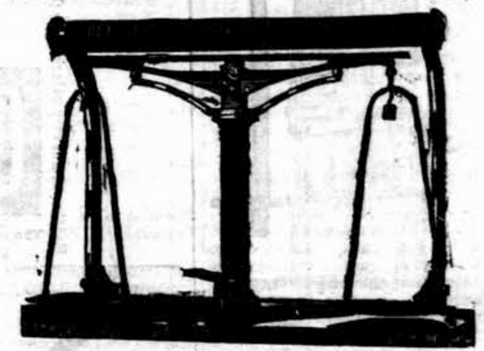
Shows EXACT Counts at a GLANCE.



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ACCURACY. PRECISION. SPEED.
MADE ALSO AS A
CHEMICAL AND DISPENSING BALANCE.

Dispenses with the small weights, which give so much trouble, yet weighs with certainty to *One-thousandth of a grain* or *One ten-thousandth of a gramme.* The Balance is so well constructed that it may be used in the *Chemical Laboratory* and *at the Dispensing Counter alike.*

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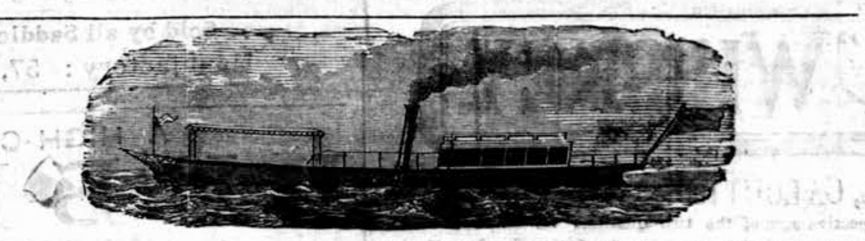

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Builders of the Stern Wheel Steamers used by the British Government for the Nile Expedition.

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Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labels thus:—

JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.
ALSO MAKERS OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

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Sion
Coorla
Ghat-Cooper
Bhandoop
Tannah[a]
Deewa
Callian Junction[a][b]
Titwalla
Khadawali
Wassind
Shapoor
Atgaum
Khurdee
Kussarah[a]
Egutpoorah
Ghotee
Bailgaum
Deolalee B. Siding
Nassick Rd[a]
Kheirwadee
Niphar
Lasulgaum
Munmar
Nandgaum[a]
Naidongree
Chalisgaum
Kujgaum
Galna
Pachora
Myjee
Mussawuda
isowlee
Bulgaum
Bhadli
Bhosawul Junction[a][c]
Sowda
Nimborah
Raver
Khanapur
Burhanpur
Chandnee
Mandwa
Dongergaum
Bagmar
Khundwa[a][b]
Jawar
Beeth
Singaji
Harsud
Kirkeam
Bheringee
Hurda[a]
Timoornee
Pagdhal
Sewnee
Dharam
Khundi
Dularia
Etarsee (for Hoshangabad
Rampur
Bagra
Semri
Sohagpore[a][d]
Paparia (for Pachmari)
Bankeri
Babai
Gadawara
Bohanee
Kureli (for Saugor)
Nursingpore
Kuruk Bail
Chindwara
Satari
Shapura
Mirganj (for Marble Rocks)
Nagpoor
Hula Gate
Budlapoor
Wangni
Nerel
Chinchowli
Kurjut[a][b]
Padesdari
Khandalla
Lanowlee[a]
Karli
Ku kulla
Tulligaum
Salaivadi
Chinchwud
Kirkee
Poona[b][d][d]
Loonee
Oorolee
Yeoat
Kheirgaum
Patus
Dhond[b]
Borebail
Decksal and Bheegwan
Kartruz
Pomulwaree
Warengaum
Nargaum
Khankeer
Mulkapoor
BiswaBridge
Nandoora
Julium[b]
Sheagaum[a]
Parus
Dapki
Akola
Boregaum
Katipurna
Moortizapo
Mohona
Koorun
Budnaira
Malker
Chandoor
Damergau
Poolgaum
Dygaum
Wurdah[b]
Pownar
Sindee
Boree
Kapri
Saigaon
Jehwoor
Keim
Barsee R
Marbeh
Unger
Mohol
Packney
Sholapur[a][c]
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Kurubgam
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Goodoor
Goolburga
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Wadi
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Yedasherry
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Parell
Dadur
Mahim
Bandora
Andaree
Goregaum
Berewlee (Dysur)
Bhynder
Bassein Road
Veraur
Sopalla
Palghur
Boisur
Wangauml
Danoo Road
Goolwood
Wewjee
Sunian
Bheelar
Damaun Rd.
Oodwara
Pardee
Bulsar
Doongree
Beeleemora
Umulsar
Nowsaree
Murolee
Sucheen
Surat[d]
Amrolee
Sion
Keem
Palonee
Unclesur
Broach[a]
Chumargaum
Pallej
Meagaum
Kurwan
Mu-dala
Dubhoe
Bahadurpore
Etola
Baroda[a]
Bajwa
Wassud
Nowley
Anand
Bhaluj
Oomret
Dakor
Thasra
Pali
Borehavi
Nariad
Mehmooda
Barairee
Ahmedabad[b]
Saburmuttee
Ambli Road
Sanund
Charolee
Jackwara
Veerumgaum
Jhond
Patree
Kharraghora
Sabli Road
Lillapore Rd
Luctoran
Wadwan

STATIONS ON THE NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY LINE.

Wady Junc[a]
Chitapore
Mulkid Gate
Jram
Nawandgi
Tandura
Dharur
Gangawaram
Gulaguda
Shankarpalli
Lingampallie
Musapetgate
Hyderabad-Secunderabad

STATIONS ON THE BHAWNAGAR-GONDAL.

Wadwan Junc. do. City
Limbd
Chuda
Rampur
Kundli
Botad
Ningala
Ujalvar
Dhola Junc.
Jalia
Dhasa
Lathi
Chital
Lunidhar
Kunkavav
Khakhari
Vavd.
Jetpur
Jetalsar
Dhoraji
[illegible]
Songad
Sihore
Varial
Ghaduchi
Bhavnagar

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[a] Refreshment Rooms.

[b] Junction or

[c] From 5 to 8 minutes for Refreshment 20 minutes for Dinner.

[d] 40 minutes for Dinner

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FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.'S CAMPAIGN WATCHES

Are now sold at the following greatly Reduced Prices :—

	Rs.
II. qly., Metal open-face keyless lever ...	16
„ Metal hunting keyless lever ...	17
„ Metal cut hunting keyless lever ..	18
„ Silver open-face keyless lever ...	28
„ Silver hunting keyless lever ...	29
„ Silver cut hunting keyless lever .	30

Guarantee One Year.

	Rs.
I. qly, Metal open-face keyless lever ...	20
„ Metal hunting keyless lever ...	21
„ Metal cut hunting keyless lever...	22
„ Fine silver open-face keyless lever.	35
„ Fine silver hunting keyless lever.	38
„ Fine Silver cut hunting keyless lever	40

Superior Works, Guarantee 3 Years.

Over 10 years have elapsed since we introduced our **Celebrated Keyless Campaign Watches,** and the unparallelled success they have obtained in India is shown by their rapidly increasing sale and by the numerous imitations which the popularity of a special and reputed article always brings forth. However, those imitations, in what number they may be found, are still all of them far inferior in every particular to our well-known CAMPAIGN WATCHES, which stand unrivalled in the market, and which we mean to improve still—if it is possible to improve what we might call already **a perfection.**

FAVRE LEUBA & Co. BOMBAY & CALCUTTA

In Open-face Case, Rs. 16 & 20.

All our Watches are made in our **Steam Factory** in Switzerland, carefully examined and tested there, and again in our Establishment at **Bombay** before leaving. Sold either in small or middle size.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.,
BOMBAY, RAMPART ROW.
ESTABLISHED 1866.

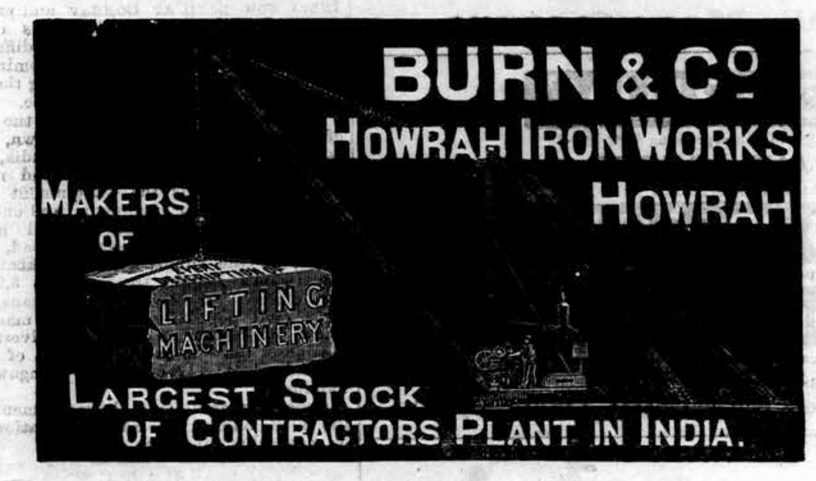
LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

Lea & Perrins

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.



BURN & Co.
HOWRAH IRON WORKS
HOWRAH

MAKERS OF
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
LIFTING MACHINERY

LARGEST STOCK
OF CONTRACTORS PLANT IN INDIA.

DINNEFORD'S

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

N.B. ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Agents—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
„ KEMP & Co., Bombay.

SODA WATER MACHINERY.

(McEWEN'S PATENT.)

THE MOST ECONOMICAL and BEST IN THE WORLD.

SAVES 30 per cent. in Materials.
50 per cent. in Power.

Occupies half the usual space, specially adapted for exportation.

McEWEN'S PATENT

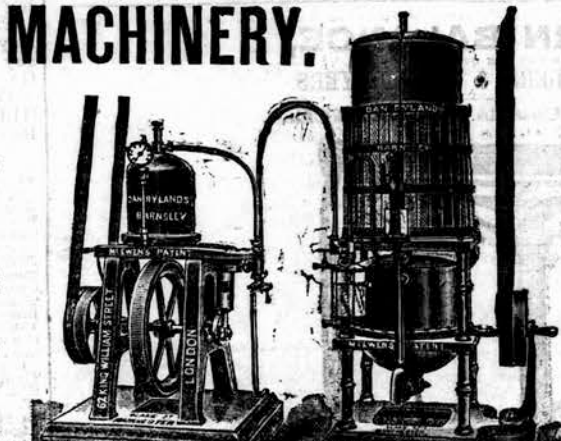
RAPID PARAGON FILLER.

Only Filler which has obtained TWO GOLD MEDALS.

OVER 2,250 ALREADY SOLD

SOLE MAKER—

DAN RYLANDS,
Barnsley, England.
CATALOGUES FREE.



ESTABLISHED 1825.

NEAVE'S FOOD

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED.

BEST AND CHEAPEST.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

CARLTON RICHD. MATHEWS & Co. TRADE MARK WHISKEY

GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

We guarantee the respective ages of the two qualities we ship as 11 and 5 years old, but owing to new regulations on the part of the London Custom House, we are now *compelled* to Label our Brand as follows :—

The oldest and best (11 Years Old)	as "AWARDED GOLD MEDAL,"	*White Capsule.*
The next best (5 Year Old)	as "OF GREAT AGE,"	*Red Capsule.*

WE HAVE NOT VARIED THE QUALITY ONE IOTA, NOR SHOULD WE HAVE, WITHOUT COMPULSION MADE ANY ALTERATION IN LABEL.

CAUTION.—Owing to the popularity of our Whiskey, fraudulent imitations of our Label are not uncommon, and these are placed on bottles containing the most objectionable liquid. So that our Friends and the Public will do well to ascertain that our TRADE MARK appears engraved on CORKS, CAPSULES, and LABELS as per sketch above.

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Shippers, London
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Agents for India.

Rs. 8-8.

THE "WATERBURY"

PERFECT TIME-KEEPER.

Rs. 8-8.

WHAT THE LEADING NEWSPAPERS OF GREAT BRITAIN SAY OF THE "WATERBURY."

The WATCHMAKER (London) says :—"Guaranteed to give a maximum of results in time-keeping at a minimum of cost."

The MANCHESTER EXAMINER says :—"A splendid time-keeper."

The MANCHESTER COURIER says :—"They are admirable time-keepers."

The BIRMINGHAM POST says :—"Keeps accurate time, and is a good-looking and handy watch."

The GLASGOW HERALD says :—"A good time-keeper."

The GLASGOW CITIZEN says :—"A good time-keeper."

The LEEDS MERCURY says :—"Keeps excellent time."

The SHEFFIELD TELEGRAPH says :—"Never has a better article been produced for the money."

The NEWCASTLE CHRONICLE says :—"A real time-keeper."

The BRISTOL TIMES AND MIRROR says :—"Handsome in appearance, and a marvel of horological mechanism."

The BRISTOL OBSERVER says :—"A surprisingly good watch."

The NORTHERN EVENING EXPRESS says :—"A marvel of cheapness, and a good time-keeper."

The HALIFAX TIMES says :—"A real watch, of good appearance, and which will keep excellent time."

Rs. 8-8.

The EDINBURGH EXPRESS says:—"It keeps time wonderfully."

The PICTORIAL WORLD says:—Our own experience is that the watch is perfectly reliable."

The FREEMAN'S JOURNAL (Dublin) says :—"Serviceable to all. Altogether a capital article."

The DUBLIN EVENING TELEGRAPH says :—"Extremely good time-keepers."

The BELFAST NEWS LETTER says :—"An excellent time-keeper."

The BELFAST NORTHERN WHIG says:—"An excellent and reliable time-keeper."

The WEEKLY TIMES (London) says :—"The famous Waterbury—a favourite all over the world for accuracy and good appearance."

THE WATERBURY WATCH

IS A
KEYLESS (Stem-Winding)
DURABLE
RELIABLE
ACCURATE
TIME-KEEPER.

It runs 28 hours with one winding.
It regulates to a minute a month.
It rarely gets out of order.
It never costs more than One Rupee to repair.
Every Watch is guaranteed for TWO YEARS.

To obtain a Waterbury call at SOUNDY & Co., LD., or at the Office of the Company, 79, Medows Street, or send order by post to WATERBURY, 'BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, or ALLAHABAD,' a Watch will be sent by return post free.

The Company will pay the next of kin of any wearer of a WATERBURY WATCH, who may be killed (while a passenger) in an accident on any Indian Railway during 1888, the sum of ONE THOUSAND RUPEES.

JOHNSON & COMPY'S
CANTERBURY PALE ALE
GOLD MEDAL
TREACHER & COMPY LTD AGENTS BOMBAY PRESIDENCY
MEDAL LONDON 1873
DIPLOMA HANOVER
CANTERBURY PALE ALE
TRADE MARK JOHNSON & Co. LTD
BREWED SPECIALLY FOR INDIA
BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY
TREACHER & COMPY
SOLE AGENTS
BOMBAY & POONA

PERAMBULATOR & INVALID CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER

To the Trade, and for Export.
A Speciality for Hot Climates.

THE PATENT RUSTIC CAR,

which combines all the latest improvements, together with the introduction of the advantages of a Wood Body Bassinette without it disadvantages. It is light in construction, elegant style, thoroughly well got up, combining strength and durability; acknowledged to be the best ever introduced to the public. A special advantage is its convenience for export purposes, being so constructed as to take in parts, and will pack in cases with the greatest economy of space, and so simple that any individual with ordinary care may easily put them together, each several part being marked so as to prevent any possible mistake, thus affording merchants the opportunity of shipping the most perfect of perambulators at a minimum cost.

PERAMBULATORS, BASSINETTES, & INVALID CARRIAGES of Modern Design and at lowest prices.

Illustrated Price List Free on Application.

PHILIP BLEE, Newcastle Works, Basford, Nottingham, England.

KNAP'S PATENT IMPROVED

ROOT STEAM BOILER

WITH

KNAP'S PATENT INDESTRUCTIBLE METALLIC JOINTS.

Advantages:

PERFECT SAFETY from disastrous explosions.

DRY STEAM produced very quickly.

HIGH PRESSURES up to 300 lbs. per square inch safely obtained.

ABSENCE of **PRIMING.**

PERFECT CIRCULATION of the Water in Tubes, preventing the Accumulation of Scale.

THE JOINTS last as long as the Boiler, and are easily made and disconnected.

Advantages:

SIMPLICITY of construction.

DURABILITY.

FACILITY of Erection and Repairs.

ECONOMY in **FUEL.** Will burn wood or any combustible rubbish.

They have a **PERFECT JOINT—NO MORE PERISHABLE PACKINGS,** with their constant leakage and frequent need of replenishment.

FOR EXPORT TO THE COLONIES they are especially serviceable by reason of the small cubical contents of packages.

FOR TRANSPORT through mountainous districts they are unrivalled. The Largest Boiler can be packed so that no package exceeds 150 lbs.

KNAP'S PATENT INDESTRUCTIBLE METALLIC JOINTS admit of the unequal expansion of the Tubes, and thereby prevent any leakage of the Joints. We have the sole use of this Patent.

PENNEY & CO., LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Not an Emulsion and consequently does not contain an equal quantity of (or any) water charged for at the price of Oil.

Has the natural very pale colour & the slight taste, a pleasant one.

PETER MÖLLER'S

REGISTERED
MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL
TRADE MARK

COD LIVER OIL.

Preserved in its pristine purity by Capsuled bottles.

The pure world renowned Oil, perfected in one operation; consequently needing no after manipulations—usually covers for imperfections.

S. & H. HARRIS'S

HARNESS COMPOSITION
(Waterproof)
IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

EBONITE BLACKING
(Waterproof)
FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

SADDLE PASTE
(Waterproof).

JET BLACK OIL
FOR HARNESS.

HARNESS LIQUID
or Self-shining Jet.

POLISHING PASTE
FOR CLEANING METALS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers,
Manufactory: 57, MANSELL STREET, LONDON, E.

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

For CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

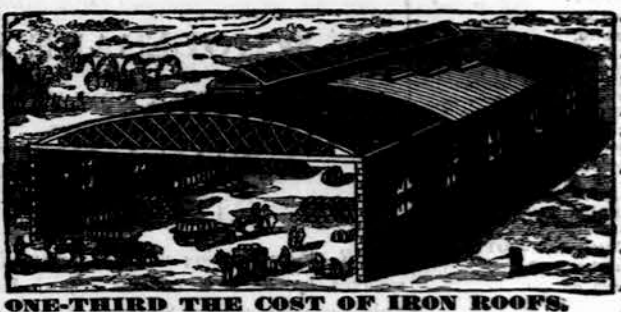
LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price Rs. 3.8 per Gallon.

PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

ENGELBERT & CO.,
BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.



ONE-THIRD THE COST OF IRON ROOFS.
MUCH COOLER. LASTS FAR LONGER.
CONSTRUCTION MOST SIMPLE.
THOROUGHLY WATER-PROOF.
THIS FELT IS A PERFECT NON-CONDUCTOR OF HEAT.

M'TEAR & Co., Limited,
Roofing Felt Manufacturers, BELFAST, GREAT BRITAIN.
Manufacturers also of Felt for Coating Boilers, Steam Pipes, &c.

FELT! FELT! FELT! for Roofing Go-downs, &c.

TILES & MOSAICS *of all description for* ENTRANCE HALLS. VERANDAHS *Ornamental & Glazed Tiles for covering Walls, Baths, &c. &c.*

THE CAMPBELL TRADE MARK TILE Co.
206, Gt. PORTLAND St. LONDON

SPECIAL DESIGNS *and Catalogues free on Application*
MANUFACTORY STOKE ON TRENT. ENGLAND

DUBLIN 1872 · VIENNA 1873 · PARIS 1878 · MELBOURNE 1880

VAUGHAN-JONES'

EXTRA **"C.I.C"** OLD

(Registered Trade Mark)

HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY

Special Blend of the Finest Campbeltown, Islay, and Blended Glenlivets.

Two Grades { Black Label, Very Old.
White „ Special Reserve, Extra Old

C. DAY & CO., SOLE AGENTS, LONDON;
ALSO FOR THE FAMOUS
"JOHN JAMESON" BOTTLED WHISKEY.

Retail of the Great Eastern Hotel Company, Calcutta, and all dealers throughout India.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE -AND- CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE. IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER, Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.

It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.

Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

46, MINORIES, LONDON, E.C.
New York Sydney &c.

SODA WATER MACHINERY AND ALL ACCESSORIES FOR THE TRADE

BOXES BOTTLES MACHINERY ESSENCES
Catalogues Circulars Testimonials Post Free

BRATBY & HINCHLIFFE
HEAD OFFICE
SANDFORD St. ANCOATS MANCHESTER

Special Representative for all India, from whom Catalogues and full particulars can be obtained—

F. T. ATKINS. ALLAHABAD.

BASS & CO.'S INDIA PALE ALE.
ORDINARY GRAVITY.

Trade ▲ Mark
Red Triangle.

This world renowned Ale, the fine flavour and other excellent qualities of which are unequalled, is so well known and highly appreciated, that no further commendation of it is necessary

BASS & CO.'S LIGHT BITTER ALE.

Trade ◆ Mark
Green Diamond.

In view of the growing demand for the lightest descriptions of Ale, MESSRS. BASS & CO. HAVE SPECIALLY BREWED THE ABOVE, which is confidently recommended as being lighter than any German Beer, while it possesses the fine flavour and hop aroma of their ▲ Pale Ale, being like it brewed from the finest malt and hops only. The label used for this Ale is the same as BASS & Co.'s well known Pale Ale label, except that the GREEN DIAMOND is substituted for the RED TRIANGLE and the words LIGHT BITTER ALE for PALE ALE.

BASS & CO.'S DOUBLE STOUT

Trade ◆ Mark
Chocolate Diamond.

This excellent Stout is rapidly growing in favour and the sales of it are increasing year by year.

The above can be obtained in bottles from all Merchants and Dealers, and in Hogsheads and Kilderkins from

MESSRS. LYON & Co.,
Bombay.

BILIOUS & LIVER COMPLAINTS, and every disorder depending on either functional derangement of the Liver, or obstruction of the hepatic or biliary ducts, such as JAUNDICE, INDIGESTION, HEARTBURN, DYSPEPSIA, PAIN IN THE RIGHT SIDE AND SHOULDER, HABITUAL COSTIVENESS, some forms of DIARRHŒA, OFFENSIVE BREATH, BLOTCHES ON THE SKIN, OPPRESSION AFTER MEALS, DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS, NERVOUS AND GENERAL DEBILITY, [illegible] WASTING, &c., &c., have their appropriate remedy in

DR. E. J. LAZARUS'S

ESSENCE OF CHIRETTA.

That it has a really beneficial influence on the Liver, has been proved beyond all doubt by the numberless cases in which it has been tried since the year 1856.

It has saved thousands of valuable lives, and has enabled very many thousands more to continue their residence in India in the enjoyment of perfect health and comfort.

In cases of General debility, especially that form of weakness, bodily and mental, arising from a prolonged residence in a warm climate, it has proved itself of the utmost value. In convalescence from long standing Malarious and other Fevers, Affections of the Spleen, Worms and loss of appetite, its benefits have been most signal.

☞ We should add that an indubitable proof of the great value of this wonderful remedy is the various imitations which are being made.

Please observe that it is prepared only by Messrs. E. J. LAZARUS & Co., at their MEDICAL HALL, BENARES, from the original receipt of E. J. LAZARUS, M.D., and is procurable from Medicine vendors all over India at Rs. 4-0, Rs. 2-8, and Rs. 1-8 a bottle. Every bottle is capsuled and bears on its labels the fac-simile of such signature, to imitate which is felony.

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